

Definitive Treaty of Peace and Amity between
Austria, Great Britain, Portugal, Prussia,
Russia and Sweden, and France,
signed at Paris, 30 May 1814

THERE is here reproduced first of all the text of the Anglo-French bipartite instrument, to which there were identical counterparts between France and the other Allied Powers simultaneously concluded. The text is taken from *British and Foreign State Papers*, vol. I, p. 151. This text has a parallel English version. It includes not only the principal Treaty but also the first four of the simultaneous Separate and Secret Articles agreed to by all the parties. It further includes the Additional Articles between France and Great Britain, Austria, Prussia and Russia respectively. The fifth and sixth Separate and Secret Articles common to all parties are appended from De Clercq, *Recueil des Traités de la France*, vol. II, p. 425. From this source there are further taken two more Additional and Secret Articles between France and Austria. Next, reproduced also from De Clercq, *op. cit.*, vol. II, p. 431, follows a description of the Franco-Swedish instrument, together with the text of the Secret Additional Article thereto. The Secret Additional Articles with Portugal are also added, taken from *British and Foreign State Papers*, vol. I, p. 1038.

It is to be noted that Spain became party to an identical Treaty with France on 20 July 1814, this being included in the present series in due order.

Austria ratified on 31 May and France on 11 June 1814. The text of the principal Treaty is printed in various collections, but the assembly of prints of all the various Additional Articles is, as may be seen from the sources used here, sometimes a matter of difficulty. For a bibliography, see Bittner, *Chronologisches Verzeichnis der Oesterreichischen Staatsvertrage*, vol. II, p. 97.

FRENCH/ENGLISH TEXTS

Au Nom de la Très Sainte et Indivisible
Trinité.

SA Majesté le Roi du Royaume Uni de la Grande Bretagne et de l'Irlande, et ses Alliés d'une part, et Sa Majesté le Roi de France et de Navarre d'autre part, étant animés d'un égal désir de mettre fin aux longues agitations de l'Europe et aux malheurs des Peuples, par une Paix solide, fondée sur une juste repartition de forces entre les Puissances, et portant dans ses Stipulations la garantie de sa durée; et Sa Majesté le Roi du Royaume Uni de la Grande Bretagne et de l'Irlande et ses Alliés, ne voulant plus exiger de la France, aujourd'hui que, s'étant replacée sous le Gouvernement paternel de ses Rois, elle offre ainsi à l'Europe un gage de sécurité, et de stabilité, les conditions et les garanties qu'ils lui avaient à regret demandées sous son dernier Gouvernement; Leurs dites Majestés ont nommé des Plénipotentiaires pour discuter, arrêter, et signer un Traité de Paix et d'Amitié; savoir,

Sa Majesté le Roi du Royaume Uni de la Grande Bretagne et de l'Irlande, le Très Honorable Robert Stewart, Vicomte Castlereagh, Conseiller de Sa dite Majesté en son Conseil Privé, Membre de son Parlement. Colonel du Rézi-

In the Name of the Most Holy and
Undivided Trinity.

His Majesty, the King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and his Allies on the one part, and His Majesty the King of France and of Navarre on the other part, animated by an equal desire to terminate the long agitations of Europe, and the sufferings of Mankind, by a permanent Peace, founded upon a just repartition of force between its States, and containing in its Stipulations the pledge of its durability; and His Britannic Majesty, together with his Allies, being unwilling to require of France, now that, replaced under the paternal Government of her Kings, she offers the assurance of security and stability to Europe, the conditions and guarantees which they had with regret demanded from her former Government, Their said Majesties have named Plenipotentiaries to discuss, settle, and sign a Treaty of Peace and Amity; namely,

His Majesty the King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Right Honourable Robert Stewart, Viscount Castlereagh, one of His said Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, Member of Parliament,

ment de Milice de Londonderry, et son Principal Secrétaire d'Etat ayant le Département des Affaires Etrangères, &c., &c., &c.; le Sieur George Gordon, Comte d'Aberdeen, Vicomte de Formartine, Lord Haddo, Methlic, Tarvis et Kellie, &c., l'un des Seize Pairs représentant la Pairie de l'Ecosse dans la Chambre Haute, Chevalier de son Très Ancien et Très Noble Ordre du Chardon, son Ambassadeur Extraordinaire et Plénipotentiaire près Sa Majesté Impériale et Royale Apostolique; le Sieur Guillaume Shaw Cathcart, Vicomte de Cathcart, Baron Cathcart et Greenock, Conseiller de Sa dite Majesté en son Conseil Privé, Chevalier de son Ordre du Chardon, et des Ordres de Russie, Général dans ses Armées, et son Ambassadeur Extraordinaire et Plénipotentiaire près Sa Majesté l'Empereur de Toutes les Russies; et l'Honorable Charles Guillaume Stewart, Chevalier de son Très Honorable Ordre du Bain, Membre de son Parlement, Lieutenant-Général dans ses Armées, Chevalier des Ordres de l'Aigle Noir et de l'Aigle Rouge de Prusse, et de plusieurs autres, et son Envoyé Extraordinaire et Ministre Plénipotentiaire près Sa Majesté le Roi de Prusse; et Sa Majesté le Roi de France et de Navarre, Monsieur Charles Maurice de Talleyrand Perigord, Prince de Bénévent, Grand Aigle de la Légion d'Honneur, Chevalier de l'Aigle Noir et de l'Aigle Rouge de Prusse, Grand Croix de l'Ordre de Léopold d'Autriche, Chevalier de

Colonel of the Londonderry Regiment of Militia, and his Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, &c., &c., &c.; the Right Honourable George Gordon, Earl of Aberdeen, Viscount Formartine, Lord Haddo, Methlic, Tarvis, and Kellie, &c., one of the Sixteen Peers representing the Peerage of Scotland in the House of Lords, Knight of His Majesty's Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, his Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to His Imperial and Royal Apostolic Majesty; the Right Honourable William Shaw Cathcart, Viscount Cathcart, Baron Cathcart and Greenock, one of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, Knight of his Order of the Thistle, and of the Orders of Russia, General in His Majesty's Army, and his Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to His Majesty the Emperor of All the Russias; and the Honourable Sir Charles William Stewart, Knight of His Majesty's Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Member of Parliament, Lieutenant-General in His Majesty's Army, Knight of the Prussian Orders of the Black and Red Eagle, and of several others, and his Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to His Majesty the King of Prussia; and His Majesty the King of France and Navarre, Charles Maurice de Talleyrand Perigord, Prince of Benevent, Great Eagle of the Legion of Honour, Knight of the Black and Red Eagle of Prussia, Grand Cross of the Order of

l'Ordre de St. André de Russie, et son Ministre et Secrétaire d'Etat des Affaires Etrangères;

Lesquels, après avoir échangé leurs Pleinspouvoirs, trouvés en bonne et due forme, sont convenus des Articles suivans :

ARR. I. Il y aura, à compter de ce jour, Paix et Amitié entre Sa Majesté le Roi du Royaume Uni de la Grande Bretagne et de l'Irlande et ses Alliés d'une part, et Sa Majesté le Roi de France et de Navarre, d'autre part, leurs Héritiers et Successeurs, leurs Etats et Sujets respectifs, à perpétuité.

Les Hautes Parties Contractantes apporteront tous leurs soins à maintenir, non seulement entr'elles, mais encore, autant qu'il dépend d'elles, entre tous les Etats de l'Europe, la bonne harmonie et intelligence si nécessaires à son repos.

II. Le Royaume de France conserve l'intégrité de ses limites, telles qu'elles existaient à l'époque du 1er Janvier, 1792. Il recevra en outre une augmentation de Territoire comprise dans la ligne de démarcation fixée par l'Article suivant :

III. Du côté de la Belgique, de l'Allemagne et de l'Italie, l'ancienne Frontière, ainsi qu'elle existait le 1er Janvier, de l'année 1792, sera rétablie en commençant de la Mer du Nord entre Dunkerque et Nieuport, jusqu'à la Méditerranée entre Cagnes et Nice, avec les rectifications suivantes :

Leopold of Austria, Knight of the Russian Order of St. Andrew, and His said Majesty's Minister and Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs;

Who, having exchanged their Full Powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following Articles :

ART. I. There shall be from this day forward perpetual Peace and Friendship between His Britannic Majesty and his Allies on the one part, and His Majesty the King of France and Navarre on the other, their Heirs and Successors, their Dominions and Subjects, respectively.

The High Contracting Parties shall devote their best attention to maintain, not only between themselves, but, inasmuch as depends upon them, between all the States of Europe, that harmony and good understanding which are so necessary for their tranquillity.

II. The Kingdom of France retains its limits entire, as they existed on the 1st of January, 1792. It shall further receive the increase of Territory comprised within the line established by the following Article :

III. On the side of Belgium, Germany, and Italy, the ancient Frontiers shall be re-established as they existed the 1st of January, 1792, extending from the North Sea, between Dunkirk and Nieuport, to the Mediterranean between Cagnes and Nice, with the following modifications :

1. Dans le Département de Jemappes, les Cantons de Dour, Merbes-le-Chateau, Beaumont, et Chimay, resteront à la France; la ligne de démarcation passera là où elle touche le Canton de Dour, entre ce Canton et ceux de Boussu et Paturage, ainsi que plus loin entre celui de Merbes-le-Chateau, et ceux de Binch et de Thuin.

2. Dans le Département de Sambre et Meuse, les Cantons de Walcourt, Florennes, Beauraing, et Gedinne appartiendront à la France; la démarcation, quand elle atteint ce Département, suivra la ligne qui sépare les Cantons précités du Département de Jemappes, et du reste de celui de Sambre et Meuse.

3. Dans le Département de la Moselle, la nouvelle démarcation, là où elle s'écarte de l'ancienne, sera formée par une ligne à tirer depuis Perle jusqu'à Fremersdorff, et par celle qui sépare le Canton de Tholey du reste du Département de la Moselle.

4. Dans le Département de la Sarre, les Cantons de Saarbruck et d'Arneval resteront à la France, ainsi que la partie de celui de Lebach qui est située au midi d'une ligne à tirer le long des confins des Villages de Herchenbach, Ueberhofen, Hilsbach, et Hall, (en laissant ces différens endroits hors de la Frontière Française,) jusqu'au point où, près de

1. In the Department of Jemappes, the Cantons of Dour, Merbes-le-Chateau, Beaumont, and Chimay, shall belong to France; where the line of demarkation comes in contact with the Canton of Dour, it shall pass between that Canton and those of Boussu and Paturage, and likewise further on it shall pass between the Canton of Merbes-le-Chateau and those of Binch and Thuin.

2. In the Department of Sambre and Meuse, the Cantons of Walcourt, Florennes, Beauraing, and Gedinne, shall belong to France; where the demarkation reaches that Department, it shall follow the line which separates the said Cantons from the Department of Jemappes, and from the remaining Cantons of the Department of Sambre and Meuse.

3. In the Department of the Moselle, the new demarkation, at the point where it diverges from the old line of Frontier, shall be formed by a line to be drawn from Perle to Fremersdorff, and by the limit which separates the Canton of Tholey from the remaining Cantons of the said Department of the Moselle.

4. In the Department of La Sarre, the Cantons of Saarbruck and Arneval shall continue to belong to France, as likewise the portion of the Canton of Lebach which is situated to the south of a line drawn along the confines of the Villages of Herchenbach, Ueberhofen, Hilsbach, and Hall, (leaving these different places out of the French Frontier,) to the

Querselle (qui appartient à la France), la ligne qui sépare les Cantons d'Arneval et d'Ottweiler atteint celle qui sépare ceux d'Arneval et de Lebach. La Frontière de ce côté sera formée par la ligne ci dessus désignée, et ensuite par celle qui sépare le Canton d'Arneval de celui de Bliescastel.

5. La Forteresse de Landau ayant formé, avant l'année 1792, un point isolé dans l'Allemagne, la France conserve, au delà des Frontières, une partie des Départemens du Mont Tonnerre et du Bas-Rhin, pour joindre la Forteresse de Landau et son rayon au reste du Royaume. La nouvelle démarcation, en partant du point où près d'Obersteinbach (qui reste hors des limites de la France) la Frontière entre le Département de la Moselle, et celui du Mont-Tonnerre, atteint le Département du Bas-Rhin, suivra la ligne qui sépare les Cantons de Weissenbourg et de Bergzabern (du côté de la France) des Cantons de Pirmasens, Dahn, et Annweiler (du côté de l'Allemagne), jusqu'au point où ces limites, près du Village de Vollmersheim, touchent l'ancien rayon de la Forteresse de Landau. De ce rayon, qui reste ainsi qu'il était en 1792, la nouvelle Frontière suivra le bras de la Rivière de la Queick, qui, en quittant ce rayon près de Queickheim (qui reste à la France) passe près des Villages de Merlenheim, Knittelsheim, et Belheim, (demeurant également

point where, in the neighbourhood of Querselle (which place belongs to France), the line which separates the Cantons of Arneval and Ottweiler reaches that which separates the Cantons of Arneval and Lebach. The Frontier on this side shall be formed by the line above described, and afterwards by that which separates the Canton of Arneval from that of Bliescastel.

5. The Fortress of Landau having, before the year 1792, formed an insulated point in Germany, France retains beyond her Frontiers a portion of the Departments of Mount Tonnerre and of the Lower Rhine, for the purpose of uniting the said Fortress and its radius to the rest of the Kingdom. The new demarkation from the point in the neighbourhood of Obersteinbach (which place is left out of the limits of France) where the Boundary between the Department of the Moselle, and that of Mount Tonnerre, reaches the Department of the Lower Rhine, shall follow the line which separates the Cantons of Weissenbourg and Bergzabern (on the side of France) from the Cantons of Pirmasens, Dahn, and Annweiler (on the side of Germany), as far as the point near the Village of Vollmersheim, where that line touches the ancient radius of the Fortress of Landau. From this radius, which remains as it was in 1792, the new Frontier shall follow the arm of the River de la Queich, which on leaving the said radius at Queickheim (that place remaining to France) flows near the Villages of

Français) jusqu'au Rhin, qui continuera ensuite à former la limite de la France et de l'Allemagne.

Quant au Rhin, le thalweg constituera la limite, de manière, cependant, que les changemens que subira par la suite le cours de ce fleuve, n'auront à l'avenir aucun effet sur la propriété des Iles qui s'y trouvent; l'état de possession de ces Iles sera rétabli tel qu'il existait à l'époque de la Signature du Traité de Lunéville.

6. Dans le Département du Doubs la Frontière sera rectifiée, de manière à ce qu'elle commence au-dessus de la Rançonnière, près de Locle, et suive la Crête du Jura entre le Cerneux-Pequignot et le Village de Fontenelles, jusqu'à une cime du Jura, située à environ 7,000 ou 8,000 pieds au Nord-Ouest du Village de la Brevine, où elle retombera dans l'ancienne limite de la France.

7. Dans le Département du Léman, les Frontières entre le Territoire Français, le Pays-de-Vaud, et les différentes portions du Territoire de la République de Genève (qui fera partie de Suisse) restent les mêmes qu'elles étaient avant l'incorporation de Genève à la France. Mais le Canton de Frangy, celui de St. Julien, (à l'exception de la partie située au Nord d'une ligne à tirer du point où la Rivière de la Laire entre près de Chaney dans le Territoire Genevois, le long des confins de Séséquin, La-

Merlenheim, Knittelsheim, and Belheim (these places also belonging to France) to the Rhine, which from thence shall continue to form the boundary of France and Germany.

The main stream (Thalweg) of the Rhine shall constitute the Frontier; provided, however, that the changes which may hereafter take place in the course of that river shall not affect the property of the Islands. The right of possession in these Islands shall be re-established as it existed at the Signature of the Treaty of Lunéville.

6. In the Department of the Doubs, the Frontier shall be so regulated as to commence above the Rançonnière near Locle, and follow the Crest of the Jura between the Cerneux-Pequignot and the Village of Fontenelles, as far as the peak of that Mountain, situated about 7,000 or 8,000 feet to the North-West of the Village of La Brevine, where it shall again fall in with the ancient Boundary of France.

7. In the Department of the Lemman, the Frontiers between the French Territory, the Pays de Vaud, and the different portions of the Territory of the Republic of Geneva (which is to form part of Switzerland) remain as they were before the incorporation of Geneva with France. But the Cantons of Frangy and of St. Julien, (with the exception of the districts situated to the North of a line drawn from the point where the River of La Laire enters the Territory of Geneva near Chaney,

conex, et Seseneuve, qui resteront hors des limites de la France,) le Canton de Reignier, (à l'exception de la portion qui se trouve à l'Est d'une ligne qui suit les confins de la Muraz, Bussy, Pers, et Cornier, qui seront hors des limites Françaises,) et le Canton de la Roche (à l'exception des endroits nommés de la Roche et Armanoy avec leurs districts) resteront à la France. La Frontière suivra les limites de ces différens Cantons, et les lignes qui séparent les portions qui demeurent à la France, de celles qu'elle ne conserve pas.

8. Dans le Département du Mont Blanc, la France acquiert la Sous-Prefecture de Chambéry, à l'exception des Cantons de l'Hôpital, de St. Pierre-d'Albigny, de la Rocette, et de Montmelian, et la Sous-Prefecture d'Annecy, à l'exception de la partie du Canton de Faverges, située à l'Est d'une ligne qui passe entre Ourechaise et Marlens du côté de la France, et Marthod et Ugine du côté opposé, et qui suit après la crête des montagnes jusqu'à la Frontière du Canton de Thones: c'est cette ligne qui, avec la limite des Cantons mentionnés, formera de ce côté la nouvelle Frontière.

Du côté des Pyrénées, les Frontières restent telles qu'elles étaient entre les 2 Royaumes de France et d'Espagne à l'époque du 1er Janvier, 1792, et il sera de suite nommé une Commission Mixte de

following the confines of Sesequin, Laconex, and Seseneuve, which shall remain out of the limits of France,) the Canton of Reignier, (with the exception of the portion to the East of a line which follows the confines of the Muraz, Bussy, Pers, and Cornier, which shall be out of the French limits,) and the Canton of La Roche (with the exception of the places called La Roche, and Armanoy with their districts) shall remain to France. The Frontier shall follow the limits of these different Cantons, and the line which separates the Districts continuing to belong to France, from those which she does not retain.

8. In the Department of Mont-Blanc, France acquires the Sub-Prefecture of Chambéry, with the exception of the Cantons of L'Hôpital, St. Pierre d'Albigny, la Rocette, and Montmelian, and the Sub-Prefecture of Annecy, with the exception of the portion of the Canton of Faverges, situated to the East of a line passing between Ourechaise and Marlens on the side of France, and Marthod and Ugine on the opposite side, and which afterwards follows the crest of the mountains as far as the Frontier of the Canton of Thones; this line, together with the limit of the Cantons before mentioned, shall on this side form the new Frontier.

On the side of the Pyrenees, the Frontiers between the 2 Kingdoms of France and Spain remain such as they were the 1st of January, 1792, and a Joint Commission shall be named on the part of the

la part des 2 Couronnes pour en fixer la démarcation finale.

La France renonce à tous droits de Souveraineté, de Suzeraineté, et de possession sur tous les Pays et Districts, Villes et endroits quelconques situés hors de la Frontière ci-dessus désignée, la Principauté de Monaco étant toutefois replacée dans les rapports où elle se trouvait avant le 1er Janvier, 1792.

Les Cours Alliées assurent à la France la possession de la Principauté d'Avignon, du Comtat Venaissin, du Comté des Montbéliard, et de toutes les Enclaves qui ont appartenu autrefois à l'Allemagne, comprises dans la Frontière ci-dessus indiquée, qu'elles aient été incorporées à la France avant ou après le 1er Janvier, 1792.

Les Puissances se réservent réciproquement la faculté entière de fortifier telle point de leurs Etats, qu'elles jugeront convenables pour leur sûreté.

Pour éviter toute lésion de propriétés particulières, et mettre à couvert, d'après les principes les plus libéraux, les biens d'Individus domiciliés sur les Frontières, il sera nommé par chacun des Etats limitrophes de la France, des Commissaires pour procéder, conjointement avec des Commissaires Français, à la délimitation des Pays respectifs.

Aussitôt que le travail des Commissaires sera terminé, il sera dressé des cartes signées par les Commissaires respectifs, et placé

2 Crowns for the purpose of finally determining the line.

France on her part renounces all rights of Sovereignty, Suzeraineté, and of possession, over all the Countries, Districts, Towns, and places situated beyond the Frontier above described, the Principality of Monaco being replaced on the same footing on which it stood before the 1st of January, 1792.

The Allied Powers assure to France the possession of the Principality of Avignon, of the Comtat Venaissin, of the Comté de Montbéliard, together with the several insulated Territories which formerly belonged to Germany, comprehended within the Frontier above described, whether they have been incorporated with France before or after the 1st of January, 1792.

The Powers reserve to themselves, reciprocally, the complete right to fortify any point in their respective States which they may judge necessary for their security.

To prevent all injury to private property, and protect, according to the most liberal principles, the property of Individuals domiciliated on the Frontiers, there shall be named, by each of the States bordering on France, Commissioners who shall proceed, conjointly with French Commissioners, to the delineation of the respective Boundaries.

As soon as the Commissioners shall have performed their task, maps shall be drawn, signed by the respective Commissioners, and

des poteaux, qui constateront les limites réciproques.

IV. Pour assurer les communications de la Ville de Genève avec d'autres parties du Territoire de la Suisse situées sur le Lac, la France consent à ce que l'usage de la route par Versoy soit commun aux 2 Pays. Les Gouvernemens respectifs s'entendront à l'amiable sur les moyens de prévenir la contrebande, et de régler le cours des postes et l'entretien de la route.

V. La navigation sur le Rhin, du point où il devient navigable jusqu'à la mer, et réciproquement, sera libre, de telle sorte qu'elle ne puisse être interdite à personne; et l'on s'occupera, au futur Congrès, des principes d'après lesquels on pourra régler les droits à lever par les Etats riverains, de la manière la plus égale et la plus favorable au commerce de toutes les Nations.

Il sera examiné et décidé de même dans le futur Congrès, de quelle manière, pour faciliter les communications entre les Peuples et les rendre toujours moins étrangers les uns aux autres, la disposition ci-dessus pourra être également étendue à tous les autres Fleuves qui, dans leur cours navigable, séparent ou traversent différens Etats.

VI. La Hollande, placée sous la Souveraineté de la Maison d'Orange, recevra un accroissement de Territoire. Le titre et l'exercice de la Souveraineté, n'y pourront dans aucun cas appar-

posts shall be placed to point out the reciprocal boundaries.

IV. To secure the communications of the Town of Geneva with other parts of the Swiss Territory situated on the Lake, France consents that the road by Versoy shall be common to the 2 Countries. The respective Governments shall amicably arrange the means for preventing smuggling, regulating the posts, and maintaining the said road.

V. The navigation of the Rhine, from the point where it becomes navigable unto the sea, and *vice versa*, shall be free, so that it can be interdicted to no one:—and at the future Congress, attention shall be paid to the establishment of the principles according to which the Duties to be raised by the States bordering on the Rhine may be regulated, in the mode the most impartial, and the most favourable to the commerce of all Nations.

The future Congress, with a view to facilitate the communication between Nations, and continually to render them less strangers to each other, shall likewise examine and determine in what manner the above provisions can be extended to other Rivers which, in their navigable course, separate or traverse different States.

VI. Holland, placed under the Sovereignty of the House of Orange, shall receive an increase of Territory. The title and exercise of that Sovereignty shall not in any case belong to a Prince

tenir à aucun Prince portant ou appelé à porter une Couronne Etrangère.

Les Etats de l'Allemagne seront indépendans, et unis par un Lien Fédératif.

La Suisse Indépendante continuera de se gouverner par elle-même.

L'Italie, hors des limites des Pays qui reviendront à l'Autriche, sera composée d'Etats Souverains.

VII. L'Île de Malte et ses Dépendances appartiendront en toute propriété et Souveraineté à Sa Majesté Britannique.

VIII. Sa Majesté Britannique, stipulant pour elle et ses Alliés, s'engage à restituer à Sa Majesté Très-Chrétienne, dans les délais qui seront ci-après fixés, les Colonies, Pêcheries, Comptoirs et Etablissemens de tout genre que la France possédait au 1er Janvier, 1792, dans les Mers et sur les Continents de l'Amérique, de l'Afrique, et de l'Asie; à l'exception toutefois des Îles de Tobago et de St. Lucie, et de l'Île de France, et de ses Dépendances, nommément Rodrigue et les Séchelles, lesquelles Sa Majesté Très-Chrétienne cède en toute propriété et Souveraineté à Sa Majesté Britannique, comme aussi de la partie de St. Domingue cédée à la France par la Paix de Bâle et que Sa Majesté Très-Chrétienne rétrocède à Sa Majesté Catholique en toute propriété et Souveraineté.

wearing or destined to wear a Foreign Crown.

The States of Germany shall be independent, and united by a Federative Bond.

Switzerland, Independent, shall continue to govern herself.

Italy, beyond the limits of the Countries which are to revert to Austria, shall be composed of Sovereign States.

VII. The Island of Malta and its Dependencies shall belong in full right and Sovereignty to His Britannic Majesty.

VIII. His Britannic Majesty, stipulating for himself and His Allies, engages to restore to His Most Christian Majesty, within the term which shall be hereafter fixed, the Colonies, Fisheries, Factories, and Establishments of every kind which were possessed by France on the 1st of January, 1792, in the Seas and on the Continents of America, Africa, and Asia; with the exception, however, of the Islands of Tobago and St. Lucie, and of the Isle of France and its Dependencies, especially Rodrigue and les Séchelles, which several Colonies and Possessions His Most Christian Majesty cedes in full right and Sovereignty to His Britannic Majesty, and also the portion of St. Domingo ceded to France by the Treaty of Basle, and which His Most Christian Majesty restores in full right and Sovereignty to His Catholic Majesty.

IX. Sa Majesté le Roi de Suède et de Norvège, en conséquence d'arrangements pris avec ses Alliés, et pour l'exécution de l'Article précédent, consent à ce que l'Île de la Guadeloupe soit restituée à Sa Majesté Très-Chrétienne, et cède tous les droits qu'il peut avoir sur cette Île.

X. Sa Majesté Très-Fidèle, en conséquence d'arrangements pris avec ses Alliés, et pour l'exécution de l'Article VIII, s'engage à restituer à Sa Majesté Très-Chrétienne, dans le délai ci-après fixé, la Guiane Française, telle qu'elle existait au 1er Janvier, 1792.

L'effet de la Stipulation ci-dessus étant de faire revivre la contestation existante à cette époque au sujet des Limites, il est convenu que cette contestation sera terminée par un arrangement amiable entre les 2 Cours, sous la médiation de Sa Majesté Britannique.

XI. Les Places et Forts existant dans les Colonies et Etablissements qui doivent être rendus à Sa Majesté Très-Chrétienne, en vertu des Articles VIII, IX, et X, seront remis dans l'état où ils se trouveront au moment de la Signature du présent Traité.

XII. Sa Majesté Britannique s'engage à faire jouir les Sujets de Sa Majesté Très Chrétienne, relativement au commerce et à la sûreté de leurs personnes et propriétés, dans les limites de la Souveraineté Britannique sur le Continent des Indes, des mêmes facilités, privilèges et protection qui

IX. His Majesty the King of Sweden and Norway, in virtue of the arrangements stipulated with the Allies, and in execution of the preceding Article, consents that the Island of Guadeloupe be restored to His Most Christian Majesty, and gives up all the rights he may have acquired over that Island.

X. Her Most Faithful Majesty, in virtue of the arrangements stipulated with her Allies, and in execution of the VIIIth Article, engages to restore French Guyana as it existed on the 1st of January, 1792, to His Most Christian Majesty, within the term hereafter fixed.

The renewal of the dispute which existed at that period on the subject of the Frontier, being the effect of this Stipulation, it is agreed that that dispute shall be terminated by a friendly arrangement between the 2 Courts, under the mediation of His Britannic Majesty.

XI. The Places and Forts in those Colonies and Settlements, which, by virtue of the VIIIth, IXth, and Xth Articles, are to be restored to His Most Christian Majesty, shall be given up in the state in which they may be at the moment of the Signature of the present Treaty.

XII. His Britannic Majesty guarantees to the Subjects of His Most Christian Majesty the same facilities, privileges, and protection, with respect to commerce, and the security of their persons and property within the limits of the British Sovereignty on the Continent of India, as are now, or

sont à présent ou seront accordés aux Nations les plus favorisées.

De son côté Sa Majesté Très-Chrétienne n'ayant rien plus à cœur que la perpétuité de la Paix entre les 2 Couronnes de France et d'Angleterre, et voulant contribuer, autant qu'il est en elle, à écarter dès-à-présent, des rapports des 2 Peuples, ce qui pourrait un jour altérer la bonne intelligence mutuelle, s'engage à ne faire aucun ouvrage de Fortification dans les établissemens qui lui doivent être restitués, et qui sont situés dans les limites de la Souveraineté Britannique sur le Continent des Indes, et à ne mettre dans ces établissemens que le nombre de Troupes nécessaire pour le maintien de la Police.

XIII. Quant au droit de Pêche des Français sur le Grand Banc de Terreneuve, sur les Côtes de l'Île de ce nom, et des Îles adjacentes, dans le Golfe de St. Laurent, tout sera remis sur le même pied qu'en 1792.

XIV. Les Colonies, Comptoirs, et Etablissements qui doivent être restitués à Sa Majesté Très-Chrétienne par Sa Majesté Britannique ou ses Alliés, seront remis, savoir, ceux qui sont dans les Mers du Nord ou dans les Mers et sur les Continents de l'Amérique, et de l'Afrique, dans les 3 mois, et ceux qui sont au delà du Cap de Bonne Espérance, dans les 6 mois qui suivront la Ratification du présent Traité.

XV. Les Hautes Parties Contractantes s'étant réservé par l'Article IV de la Convention du 23 Avril dernier, de régler, dans le pré-

shall be granted to the most favoured Nations.

His Most Christian Majesty, on his part, having nothing more at heart than the perpetual duration of Peace between the 2 Crowns of England and of France, and wishing to do his utmost to avoid anything which might affect their mutual good understanding, engages not to erect any Fortifications in the establishments which are to be restored to him within the limits of the British Sovereignty upon the Continent of India, and only to place in those establishments the number of Troops necessary for the maintenance of the Police.

XIII. The French right of Fishery upon the Great Bank of Newfoundland, upon the Coasts of the Island of that name, and of the adjacent Islands in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, shall be replaced upon the footing on which it stood in 1792.

XIV. Those Colonies, Factories, and Establishments, which are to be restored to His Most Christian Majesty by His Britannic Majesty or his Allies in the Northern Seas, or in the Seas on the Continents of America and Africa, shall be given up within the 3 months, and those which are beyond the Cape of Good Hope within the 6 months which follow the Ratification of the present Treaty.

XV. The High Contracting Parties having, by the IVth Article of the Convention of the 23rd of April last, reserved to themselves

sent *Traité de Paix Définitif*, le sort des Arsenaux et des Vaisseaux de Guerre, armés et non armés, qui se trouvent dans les Places Maritimes remises par la France, en exécution de l'Article II de la dite Convention, il est convenu que les dits Vaisseaux et Bâtimens de Guerre, armés et non armés, comme aussi l'Artillerie Navale et les Munitions Navales, et tous les matériaux de construction et d'armemens, seront partagés entre la France et le Pays où les Places sont situées, dans la proportion de 2-tiers pour la France, et de 1-tiers pour les Puissances auxquelles les dites Places appartiendront. Seront considérés comme matériaux, et partagés comme tels, dans la proportion ci-dessus énoncée, après avoir été démolis, les Vaisseaux et Bâtimens en construction, qui ne seraient pas en état d'être mis en mer 6 semaines après la Signature du présent *Traité*.

Des Commissaires seront nommés de part et d'autre pour arrêter le partage, et en dresser l'état, et des Passeports ou Sauf-Conduits seront donnés par les Puissances Alliées pour assurer le retour en France des Ouvriers, Gens de Mer, et Employés Français.

Ne sont compris dans les Stipulations ci-dessus les Vaisseaux et Arsenaux existans dans les Places Maritimes qui seraient tombées au pouvoir des Alliés antérieurement au 23 Avril, ni les Vaisseaux et Arsenaux qui appartaient à la Hollande, et nommément la Flotte du Texel.

the right of disposing, in the present Definitive Treaty of Peace, of the Arsenals and Ships of War, armed and unarmed, which may be found in the Maritime Places restored by the IInd Article of the said Convention, it is agreed, that the said Vessels and Ships of War, armed and unarmed, together with the Naval Ordnance and Naval Stores, and all materials for building and equipment shall be divided between France and the Countries where the said Places are situated, in the proportion of 2-thirds for France, and 1-third for the Power to whom the said Places shall belong. The Ships and Vessels on the stocks, which shall not be launched within 6 weeks after the Signature of the present Treaty, shall be considered as materials, and after being broken up shall be, as such, divided in the same proportions.

Commissioners shall be named on both sides, to settle the division, and draw up a statement of the same, and Passports or Safe Conducts shall be granted by the Allied Powers for the purpose of securing the return into France of the Workmen, Seamen, and others, in the employment of France.

The Vessels and Arsenals existing in the Maritime Places which were already in the power of the Allies before the 23rd April, and the Vessels and Arsenals which belonged to Holland, and especially the Fleet in the Texel, are not comprised in the above Stipulations.

Le Gouvernement de France s'oblige à retirer ou à faire vendre tout ce qui lui appartiendra par les Stipulations ci-dessus énoncées, dans le délai de 3 mois après le partage effectué.

Dorénavant le Port d'Anvers sera uniquement un Port de Commerce.

XVI. Les Hautes Parties Contractantes voulant mettre et faire mettre dans un entier oubli les divisions qui ont agité l'Europe, déclarent et promettent que, dans les Pays restitués et cédés par le présent *Traité*, aucun Individu de quelque classe et condition qu'il soit ne pourra être poursuivi, inquiété, ou troublé, dans sa personne ou dans sa propriété, sous aucun prétexte, ou à cause de sa conduite ou opinion politique, ou de son attachement soit à aucune des Parties Contractantes, soit à des Gouvernemens qui ont cessé d'exister, ou pour toute autre raison, si ce n'est pour les dettes contractées envers des Individus, ou pour des actes postérieurs au présent *Traité*.

XVII. Dans tous les Pays qui doivent ou devront changer de Maîtres, tant en vertu du présent *Traité* que des arrangements qui doivent être faits en conséquence, il sera accordé aux Habitans naturels et Etrangers, de quelque condition et Nation qu'ils soient, un espace de 6 ans, à compter de l'échange des Ratifications, pour disposer, s'ils le jugent convenable, de leurs propriétés acquises, soit avant soit depuis la Guerre actuelle, et se retirer dans tel Pays qu'il leur plaira de choisir.

The French Government engages to withdraw, or to cause to be sold everything which shall belong to it by the above Stipulations, within the space of 3 months after the division shall have been carried into effect.

Antwerp shall for the future be solely a Commercial Port.

XVI. The High Contracting Parties, desirous to bury in entire oblivion the dissensions which have agitated Europe, declare and promise that no Individual, of whatever rank or condition he may be, in the Countries restored and ceded by the present Treaty, shall be prosecuted, disturbed, or molested, in his person or property, under any pretext whatsoever, either on account of his conduct or political opinions, his attachment either to any of the Contracting Parties, or to any Government which has ceased to exist, or for any other reason, except for debts contracted towards Individuals, or acts posterior to the date of the present Treaty.

XVII. The native Inhabitants and Aliens, of whatever Nation and condition they may be, in those Countries which are to change Sovereigns, as well in virtue of the present Treaty as of the subsequent arrangements to which it may give rise, shall be allowed a period of 6 years, reckoning from the exchange of the Ratifications, for the purpose of disposing of their property, if they think fit, whether it be acquired before or during the present War, and retiring to whatever Country they may choose.

XVIII. Les Puissances Alliées voulant donner à Sa Majesté Très-Chrétienne un nouveau témoignage de leur désir de faire disparaître, autant qu'il est en elles, les conséquences de l'époque de malheur, si heureusement terminée par la présente Paix, renoncent à la totalité des sommes que les Gouvernements ont à réclamer de la France, à raison de contrats, de fournitures, ou d'avances quelconques faites au Gouvernement Français dans les différentes Guerres qui ont eu lieu depuis 1792.

De son côté, Sa Majesté Très-Chrétienne renonce à toute réclamation qu'elle pourrait former contre les Puissances Alliées aux mêmes titres. En exécution de cet Article, les Hautes Parties Contractantes s'engagent à se remettre mutuellement tous les titres, obligations et documens, qui ont rapport aux Créances auxquelles elles ont réciproquement renoncé.

XIX. Le Gouvernement Français s'engage à faire liquider et payer les Sommes qu'il se trouverait devoir d'ailleurs dans des Pays hors de son Territoire, en vertu de contrats ou d'autres engagements formels, passés entre des Individus ou des Etablissements particuliers et les Autorités Françaises, tant pour fournitures qu'à raison d'obligations légales.

XX. Les Hautes Parties Contractantes nommeront, immédiatement après l'échange des Ratifications du présent Traité, des Commissaires pour régler et tenir la main à l'exécution de l'ensem-

XVIII. The Allied Powers, desiring to offer His Most Christian Majesty a new proof of their anxiety to arrest, as far as in them lies, the bad consequences of the disastrous epoch fortunately terminated by the present Peace, renounce all the sums which their Governments claim from France, whether on account of contracts, supplies, or any other advances whatsoever to the French Government, during the different Wars which have taken place since 1792.

His Most Christian Majesty, on his part, renounces every claim which he might bring forward against the Allied Powers on the same grounds. In execution of this Article, the High Contracting Parties engage reciprocally to deliver up all titles, obligations, and documens, which relate to the Debts they may have mutually cancelled.

XIX. The French Government engages to liquidate and pay all Debts it may be found to owe in Countries beyond its own Territory, on account of contracts, or other formal engagements between Individuals, or private Establishments, and the French Authorities, as well for supplies, as in satisfaction of legal engagements.

XX. The High Contracting Parties, immediately after the exchange of the Ratifications of the present Treaty, shall name Commissioners to direct and superintend the execution of the

ble des dispositions renfermées dans les Articles XVIII et XIX. Ces Commissaires s'occuperont de l'examen des réclamations dont il est parlé dans l'Article précédent, de la liquidation des sommes réclamées, et du mode dont le Gouvernement Français proposera de s'en acquitter. Ils seront chargés de même de la remise des titres, obligations, et documens relatifs aux Créances auxquelles les Hautes Parties Contractantes renoncent mutuellement, de manière que la ratification du résultat de leur travail complètera cette renonciation réciproque.

XXI. Les Dettes spécialement hypothéquées dans leur origine sur les Pays qui cessent d'appartenir à la France, ou contractées pour leur administration intérieure, resteront à la charge de ces mêmes Pays. Il sera tenu compte en conséquence au Gouvernement Français, à partir du 22 Décembre, 1813, de celles de ces Dettes qui ont été converties en Inscriptions au Grand Livre de la Dette Publique de France.

Les Titres de toutes celles qui ont été préparées pour l'inscription, et n'ont pas encore été inscrites, seront remis aux Gouvernements des Pays respectifs. Les Etats de toutes ces Dettes seront dressés et arrêtés par une Commission Mixte.

XXII. Le Gouvernement Français restera chargé de son côté du remboursement de toutes les Sommes versées par les Sujets

whole of the Stipulations contained in the XVIIIth and XIXth Articles. These Commissioners shall undertake the examination of the claims referred to in the preceding Article, the liquidation of the sums claimed, and the consideration of the manner in which the French Government may propose to pay them. They shall also be charged with the delivery of the titles, bonds, and the documents relating to the Debts which the High Contracting Parties mutually cancel, so that the approval of the result of their labours shall complete that reciprocal renunciation.

XXI. The Debts which in their origin were specially mortgaged upon the Countries no longer belonging to France, or were contracted for the support of their internal administration, shall remain at the charge of the said Countries. Such of those Debts as have been converted into Inscriptions in the Great Book of the Public Debt of France, shall accordingly be accounted for with the French Government after the 22nd of December, 1813.

The Deeds of all those Debts which have been prepared for inscription, and have not yet been entered, shall be delivered to the Governments of the respective Countries. The statement of all these Debts shall be drawn up and settled by a Joint Commission.

XXII. The French Government shall remain charged with the reimbursement of all Sums paid by the Subjects of the said

des Pays ci-dessus mentionnés dans les Caisses Françaises, soit à titre de Cautionnement, de Dépôts, ou de Consignation.

De même les Sujets Français, Serviteurs des dits Pays, qui ont versé des sommes à titre de Cautionnement, Dépôts, ou Consignations dans leurs Trésors respectifs, seront fidèlement remboursés.

XXIII. Les Titulaires de places assujetties à Cautionnement, qui n'ont pas de manquement de deniers, seront remboursés, avec les intérêts jusqu'à parfait paiement à Paris, par cinquième et par année, à partir de la date du présent Traité.

A l'égard de ceux qui sont comptables, ce remboursement commencera au plus tard 6 mois après la présentation de leurs Comptes, le seul cas de malversation excepté. Une Copie du dernier Compte sera remise au Gouvernement de leur Pays, pour lui servir de renseignement et de point de départ.

XXIV. Les Dépôts Judiciaires et Consignations faits dans la Caisse d'Amortissement, en exécution de la Loi du 28 Nivose, an. 13, (18 Janvier, 1805,) et qui appartiennent à des Habitans des Pays que la France cesse de posséder, seront remis dans le terme de 1 année, à compter de l'échange des Ratifications du présent Traité, entre les mains des Autorités des dits Pays, à l'exception de ceux de ces Dépôts et Consignations qui intéressent des Sujets Français, dans lequel cas ils resteront dans la Caisse d'A-

Countries into the French Coffers, whether under the denomination of Surety, Deposit, or Consignment.

In like manner all French Subjects, employed in the Service of the said Countries, who have paid sums under the denomination of Surety, Deposit, or Consignment, into their respective Territories, shall be faithfully reimbursed.

XXIII. The Functionaries holding situations requiring Securities, who are not charged with the expenditure of public money, shall be reimbursed at Paris, with the interest, by fifths and by the year, dating from the Signature of the present Treaty.

With respect to those who are accountable, this reimbursement shall commence, at the latest, 6 months after the presentation of their Accounts, except only in cases of malversation. A Copy of the last Account shall be transmitted to the Government of their Countries, to serve for their information and guidance.

XXIV. The Judicial Deposits and Consignments upon the "*Caisse d'Amortissement*," in the execution of the Law of 28 Nivose, year 13, (18 January, 1805,) and which belong to the Inhabitants of the Countries France ceases to possess, shall, within the space of 1 year from the exchange of the Ratifications of the present Treaty, be placed in the hands of the Authorities of the said Countries, with the exception of those Deposits and Consignments interesting French Subjects, which last will remain in the

mortissement pour n'être remis que sur les justifications résultantes des décisions des Autorités compétentes.

XXV. Les Fonds déposés par les Communes et Etablissements Publics dans la Caisse de Service et dans la Caisse d'Amortissement, ou dans toute autre Caisse du Gouvernement, leur seront remboursés par cinquième, d'année en année, à partir de la date du présent Traité, sous la déduction des avances qui leur auraient été faites, et sauf des oppositions régulières faites sur ces Fonds par des Créanciers des dites Communes et des dits Etablissements Publics.

XXVI. A dater du 1er Janvier, 1814, le Gouvernement Français cesse d'être chargé du paiement de toute Pension, Civile, Militaire, et Ecclésiastique, solde de retraite et traitement de réforme, à tout Individu qui se trouve n'être plus Sujet Français.

XXVII. Les Domaines Nationaux acquis à titre onéreux par des Sujets Français dans les ci-devant Départemens de la Belgique, de la rive gauche du Rhin et des Alpes, hors des anciennes limites de la France, sont et demeurent garantis aux acquéreurs.

XXVIII. L'abolition des Droits d'Aubaine, de Détraction, et autres de la même nature, dans les Pays qui l'ont réciproquement stipulée avec la France, ou qui lui avoient

"*Caisse d'Amortissement*," and will only be given up on the production of the vouchers resulting from the decisions of competent Authorities.

XXV. The Funds deposited by the Corporations and Public Establishments in the "*Caisse de Service*" and in the "*Caisse d'Amortissement*," or other "*Caisses*," of the French Government, shall be reimbursed by fifths, payable from year to year, to commence from the date of the present Treaty; deducting the advances which have taken place, and subject to such regular charges as may have been brought forward against these Funds by the Creditors of the said Corporations, and the said Public Establishments.

XXVI. From the 1st day of January, 1814, the French Government shall cease to be charged with the payment of Pensions, Civil, Military and Ecclesiastical, pensions for retirement, and allowances for reduction, to any Individual who shall cease to be a French Subject.

XXVII. National Domains acquired for valuable considerations by French Subjects in the late Departments of Belgium, and of the left bank of the Rhine and the Alps, beyond the ancient limits of France, and which now cease to belong to her, shall be guaranteed to the purchasers.

XXVIII. The abolition of the "*Droits d'Aubaine*," de "*Détraction*," and other duties of the same nature, in the Countries which have been formerly incor-

précédemment été réunis, est expressément maintenue.

XXIX. Le Gouvernement Français s'engage à faire restituer les Obligations et autres Titres qui auraient été saisis dans les Provinces occupées par les Armées ou Administrations Françaises; et dans le cas où la restitution ne pourrait en être effectuée, ces Obligations et Titres sont et demeurent anéantis.

XXX. Les Sommes qui seront dues pour tous les Travaux d'utilité publique non encore terminés, ou terminés postérieurement au 31 Décembre, 1812, sur le Rhin et dans les Départemens détachés de la France par le présent Traité, passeront à la charge des futurs Possesseurs du Territoire, et seront liquidées par la Commission chargée de la liquidation des Dettes des Pays.

XXXI. Les Archives, Cartes, Plans et Documents quelconques, appartenant aux Pays cédés, ou concernant leur administration, seront fidèlement rendus en même tems que le Pays, ou, si cela était impossible, dans un délai qui ne pourra être de plus de 6 mois, après la remise des Pays mêmes.

Cette Stipulation est applicable aux Archives, Cartes, et Planches, qui pourraient avoir été enlevées dans les Pays momentanément occupés par les différentes Armées.

XXXII. Dans le délai de 2 mois, toutes les Puissances qui ont été engagées de part et d'autre dans la présente Guerre, enverront

porated, or which have reciprocally made that stipulation with France, shall be expressly maintained.

XXIX. The French Government engages to restore all Bonds, and other Deeds which may have been seized in the Provinces occupied by the French Armies or Administrations; and in cases where such restitution cannot be effected, these Bonds and Deeds become and continue void.

XXX. The Sums which shall be due for all Works of public utility not yet finished, or finished after the 31st of December, 1812, whether on the Rhine or in the Departments detached from France by the present Treaty, shall be placed to the account of the future Possessors of the Territory, and shall be paid by the Commission charged with the liquidation of the Debts of that Country.

XXXI. All Archives, Maps, Plans and Documents whatever, belonging to the ceded Countries, or respecting their administration, shall be faithfully given up at the same time with the said Countries: or if that should be impossible, within a period not exceeding 6 months after the cession of the Countries themselves.

This Stipulation applies to the Archives, Maps and Plates, which may have been carried away from the Countries during their temporary occupation by the different Armies.

XXXII. All the Powers engaged on either side in the present War, shall, within the space of 2 months, send Plenipoten-

des Plénipotentiaires à Vienne pour régler, dans un Congrès Général, les arrangemens qui doivent compléter les dispositions du présent Traité.

XXXIII. Le présent Traité sera ratifié, et les Ratifications en seront échangées dans le délai de 15 jours, ou plutôt si faire se peut.

En foi de quoi, les Plénipotentiaires respectifs l'ont signé, et y ont apposé le Cachet de leurs Armes.

Fait à Paris, le 30 Mai, l'an de Grâce, 1814.

(L.S.) CASTLEREAGH.

(L.S.) ABERDEEN.

(L.S.) CATHCART.

(L.S.) CHARLES STEWART,
Lieut.-Géné.

(L.S.) LE PRINCE DE BE-
NEVENT.

Separate and Secret Articles between France and Great Britain, Austria, Prussia, and Russia.—Paris, 30th May, 1814.

(Extract.)

ART. I. La disposition à faire des Territoires auxquels Sa Majesté Très-Chrétienne renonce, par l'Article III du Traité Patent, et les rapports desquels doit résulter un système d'équilibre réel et durable en Europe, seront réglés au Congrès sur les bases arrêtées par les Puissances Alliées entre elles, et d'après les dispositions générales contenues dans les Articles suivans.

II. Les Possessions de Sa Majesté Impériale et Royale Apostolique en Italie, seront limitées par le Pô, et le Tessin, et le Lac Majeur. Le Roi de

tiaries to Vienna, for the purpose of regulating, in General Congress, the arrangements which are to complete the provisions of the present Treaty.

XXXIII. The present Treaty shall be ratified, and the Ratifications shall be exchanged within the period of 15 days, or sooner if possible.

In witness whereof, the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed and affixed to it the Seals of their Arms.

Done at Paris, the 30th of May, in the year of our Lord, 1814.

(L.S.) CASTLEREAGH.

(L.S.) ABERDEEN.

(L.S.) CATHCART.

(L.S.) CHARLES STEWART,
Lieut.-Genl.

(L.S.) LE PRINCE DE BE-
NEVENT.

ART. I. The disposal of the Territories given up by His Most Christian Majesty, under the IIIrd Article of the Public Treaty, and the relations from whence a system of real and permanent balance of power in Europe is to be derived, shall be regulated at the Congress upon the principles determined upon by the Allied Powers among themselves, and according to the general provisions contained in the following Articles.

II. The Possessions of His Imperial and Royal Apostolic Majesty in Italy, shall be bounded by the Po, the Tessino, and the Lago Maggiore. The King of

Sardaigne rentrera en possession des ses anciens Etats, à l'exception de la partie de la Savoie assurée à la France par l'Article III du présent Traité. Il recevra un accroissement de Territoire par l'Etat de Gènes. Le Port de Gènes restera Port Libre; les Puissances se réservant de prendre à ce sujet des arrangemens avec le Roi de Sardaigne.

La France reconnoitra et garantira, conjointement avec les Puissances Alliées, et comme elles, l'organisation politique que la Suisse se donne sous les auspices des dites Puissances Alliées, et d'après les bases arrêtées avec elles.

III. L'établissement d'un juste équilibre en Europe exigeant que la Hollande soit constituée dans des proportions qui la mettent à même de soutenir son indépendance par ses propres moyens, les Pays compris entre la Mer, les Frontières de la France, telles qu'elles se trouvent réglées par le présent Traité, et la Meuse, seront remis à toute perpétuité à la Hollande.

Les Frontières sur la rive droite de la Meuse seront réglées selon les convenances militaires de la Hollande, et de ses voisins.

La liberté de navigation sur l'Escaut sera établie, sur le même principe qui a réglé la navigation du Rhin, dans l'Article V du présent Traité.

Sardinia shall return to the possession of his ancient Dominions, with the exception of that part of Savoy secured to France by the IIIrd Article of the present Treaty. His Majesty shall receive an increase of Territory from the State of Genoa. The Port of Genoa shall continue to be a Free Port; the Powers reserving to themselves the right of making arrangements upon this point with the King of Sardinia.

France shall acknowledge and guarantee, jointly with the Allied Powers, and on the same footing, the political organization which Switzerland shall adopt under the auspices of the said Allied Powers, and according to the basis already agreed upon with them.

III. The establishment of a just balance of power in Europe requiring that Holland should be so constituted as to be enabled to support her independence through her own resources, the Countries comprised between the Sea, the the Frontiers of France, such as they are defined by the present Treaty, and the Meuse, shall be given up for ever to Holland.

The Frontiers upon the right bank of the Meuse shall be regulated according to the military convenience of Holland, and her neighbours.

The freedom of the navigation of the Scheldt shall be established upon the same principle which has regulated the navigation of the Rhine, in the Vth Article of the present Treaty.

IV. Les Pays Allemands sur la rive gauche du Rhin, qui avaient été réunis à la France depuis 1792, serviront à l'agrandissement de la Hollande, et à des compensations pour la Prusse et autres Etats Allemands.

* * * *
Les présens Articles Séparés et Secrets auront la même force et valeur que s'ils étaient insérés mot à mot au Traité Patent de ce jour.

Ils seront ratifiés et les Ratifications en seront échangées en même tems.

En foi de quoi, les Plénipotentiaires respectifs les ont signés, et y ont apposé le Cachet de leurs Armes.

Fait à Paris le 30 Mai, l'an de Grâce, 1814.

(L.S.) CASTLEREAGH.
(L.S.) ABERDEEN.
(L.S.) CATHCART.
(L.S.) CHARLES STEWART,
Lieut.-Géné.
(L.S.) LE PRINCE DE BE-
NEVENT.

*Additional Articles between France and Great Britain.—Paris,
30th May, 1814.*

ART. I. Sa Majesté Très-Chrétienne, partageant sans réserve tous les sentimens de Sa Majesté Britannique, relativement à un genre de commerce que repoussent et les principes de la justice naturelle et les lumières des temps où nous vivons, s'engage à unir au futur Congrès tous ses efforts à ceux de Sa Majesté Britannique, pour faire prononcer par toutes les Puis-

IV. The German Territories upon the left bank of the Rhine, which have been united to France since 1792, shall contribute to the aggrandizement of Holland, and shall be further applied to compensate Prussia, and other German States.

* * * *
The present Separate and Secret Articles shall have the same force and validity as if they were inserted, word for word, in the Treaty Patent of this day.

They shall be ratified and the Ratifications shall be exchanged at the same time.

In witness whereof, the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed and affixed to them the Seals of their Arms.

Done at Paris, the 30th day of May, in the year of our Lord, 1814.

(L.S.) CASTLEREAGH.
(L.S.) ABERDEEN.
(L.S.) CATHCART.
(L.S.) CHARLES STEWART,
Lieut.-Géné.
(L.S.) LE PRINCE DE BE-
NEVENT.

ART. I. His Most Christian Majesty, concurring without reserve in the sentiments of His Britannic Majesty, with respect to a description of traffic repugnant to the principles of natural justice and of the enlightened age in which we live, engages to unite all his efforts to those of His Britannic Majesty, at the approaching Congress, to induce all the

sances de la Chrétienté l'abolition de la Traite des Noirs, de telle sorte que la dite Traite cesse universellement, comme elle cessera définitivement, et dans tous les cas, de la part de la France, dans un délai de 5 années; et qu'en outre, pendant la durée de ce délai, aucun Trafiquant d'Esclaves n'en puisse importer ni vendre ailleurs que dans les Colonies de l'Etat dont il est Sujet.

II. Le Gouvernement Britannique et le Gouvernement Français, nommeront incessamment des Commissaires pour liquider leurs dépenses respectives pour l'entretien des Prisonniers de Guerre, afin de s'arranger sur la manière d'acquitter l'excédant qui se trouverait en faveur de l'une ou de l'autre des 2 Puissances.

III. Les Prisonniers de Guerre respectifs seront tenus d'acquitter, avant leur départ du lieu de leur détention, les dettes particulières qu'ils pourraient y avoir contractées, ou de donner au moins caution satisfaisante.

IV. Il sera accordé de part et d'autre, aussitôt après la Ratification du présent Traité de Paix, main levée du séquestre qui aurait été mis depuis l'an 1792, sur les fonds, revenus, créances, et autres effets quelconques des Hautes Parties Contractantes ou de leurs Sujets.

Les mêmes Commissaires dont il est fait mention à l'Article II s'occuperont de l'examen et de la liquidation des réclamations des Sujets de Sa Majesté Britannique envers le Gouvernement Français, pour la valeur des biens, meubles

Powers of Christendom to decree the abolition of the Slave Trade, so that the said Trade shall cease universally, as it shall cease definitively, under any circumstances, on the part of the French Government, in the course of 5 years; and that, during the said period, no Slave Merchant shall import or sell Slaves, except in the Colonies of the State of which he is a Subject.

II. The British and French Governments shall name, without delay, Commissioners to liquidate the accounts of their respective expenses for the maintenance of Prisoners of War, in order to determine the manner of paying the balance which shall appear in favour of the one or the other of the 2 Powers.

III. The respective Prisoners of War, before their departure from the place of their detention, shall be obliged to discharge the private debts they may have contracted, or shall at least give sufficient security for the amount.

IV. Immediately after the Ratification of the present Treaty of Peace, the sequesters, which since the year 1792 may have been laid on the funds, revenues, debts, or any other effects of the High Contracting Parties or their Subjects, shall be taken off.

The Commissioners mentioned in the II^d Article shall undertake the examination of the claims of His Britannic Majesty's Subjects upon the French Government, for the value of the property, moveable or immoveable,

ou immeubles, indûment confisqués par les Autorités Françaises, ainsi que pour la perte totale ou partielle de leurs créances ou autres propriétés indûment retenues sous le séquestre depuis l'année 1792.

La France s'engage à traiter à cet égard les Sujets Anglais avec la même justice que les Sujets Français ont éprouvé en Angleterre; et le Gouvernement Anglais, désirant concourir pour sa part au nouveau témoignage que les Puissances Alliées ont voulu donner à Sa Majesté Très-Chrétienne, de leur désir de faire disparaître les conséquences de l'époque de malheur si heureusement terminée par la présente Paix, s'engage de son côté, à renoncer, dès que justice complète sera rendue à ses Sujets, à la totalité de l'excédant qui se trouverait en sa faveur relativement à l'entretien des Prisonniers de Guerre; de manière que la Ratification du résultat du travail des Commissaires susmentionnés, et l'acquit des sommes, ainsi que la restitution des effets qui seront jugés appartenir aux Sujets de Sa Majesté Britannique compléteront sa renonciation.

V. Les 2 Hautes Parties Contractantes, désirant d'établir les relations les plus amicales entre leurs Sujets respectifs, se réservent et promettent de s'entendre, et de s'arranger le plutôt que faire se pourra sur leurs intérêts commerciaux, dans l'intention d'encourager et d'augmenter la prospérité de leurs États respectifs.

illegally confiscated by the French Authorities, as also for the total or partial loss of their debts or other property, illegally detained under sequester since the year 1792.

France engages to act towards British Subjects in this respect, in the same spirit of justice which the French Subjects have experienced in Great Britain; and His Britannic Majesty, desiring to concur in the new pledge which the Allied Powers have given to His Most Christian Majesty, of their desire to obliterate every trace of that disastrous epoch so happily terminated by the present Peace, engages on his part, when complete justice shall be rendered to his Subjects, to renounce the whole amount of the balance which shall appear in his favour for support of the Prisoners of War, so that the Ratification of the Report of the above Commissioners, and the discharge of the sums due to British Subjects, as well as the restitution of the effects which shall be proved to belong to them, shall complete the renunciation.

V. The 2 High Contracting Parties, desiring to establish the most friendly relations between their respective Subjects, reserve to themselves, and promise to come to a mutual understanding and arrangement, as soon as possible, upon their commercial interests, with the view of encouraging and increasing the prosperity of their respective States.

Les présens Articles Additionnels auront la même force et valeur que s'ils étaient insérés mot à mot au Traité de ce jour. Ils seront ratifiés, et les Ratifications en seront échangées en même tems.

En foi de quoi, les Plénipotentiaires respectifs les ont signés, et y ont apposé le Cachet de leurs Armes.

Fait à Paris, le 30 Mai, l'an de Grâce, 1814.

(L.S.) CASTLEREAGH.

(L.S.) ABERDEEN.

(L.S.) CATHCART.

(L.S.) CHARLES STEWART,
Lieut.-Géné.

(L.S.) LE PRINCE DE BENEVENT.

The present Additional Articles shall have the same force and validity as if they were inserted word for word in the Treaty Patent of this day. They shall be ratified, and the Ratifications shall be exchanged at the same time.

In witness whereof, the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed and affixed to them the Seals of their Arms.

Done at Paris, the 30th day of May, in the year of our Lord, 1814.

(L.S.) CASTLEREAGH.

(L.S.) ABERDEEN.

(L.S.) CATHCART.

(L.S.) CHARLES STEWART,
Lieut.-Gent.

(L.S.) LE PRINCE DE BENEVENT.

*Additional Article between France and Austria.—Paris,
30th May, 1814.*

LES Hautes Parties Contractantes, voulant effacer toutes les traces des événemens malheureux qui ont pesé sur leurs Peuples, sont convenues d'annuler explicitement les effets des Traités de 1805 et 1809, en autant qu'ils ne sont déjà annulés de fait par le présent Traité. En conséquence de cette détermination, Sa Majesté Très-Chrétienne promet que les Décrets portés contre des Sujets Français ou réputés Français, étant ou ayant été au service de Sa Majesté Impériale et Royale Apostolique, demeureront sans effet, ainsi que les jugemens qui ont pu être rendus en exécution de ces Décrets.

Le présent Article Additionnel aura la même force et valeur que s'il était inséré mot à mot au Traité Patent de ce jour. Il sera ratifié, et les Ratifications en seront échangées en même tems. En foi de quoi, les Plénipotentiaires respectifs l'ont signé, et y ont apposé le Cachet de leurs Armes.

Fait à Paris, le 30 Mai, l'an de Grâce, 1814.

(L.S.) LE PRINCE DE BENEVENT.

(L.S.) LE PRINCE DE METTERNICH.

(L.S.) COMTE DE STADION.

*Additional Article between France and Prussia.—Paris,
30th May, 1814.*

QUOIQU'EN le Traité de Paix conclu à Bâle, le 5 Avril, 1795*, celui de Tilsit du 9 Juillet, 1807*, la Convention de Paris du 20 Septembre, 1808, ainsi que toutes les Conventions et Actes quelconques conclus depuis la Paix de Bâle entre la Prusse et la France, soient déjà annulés de fait par le présent Traité, les Hautes Parties Contractantes ont jugé néanmoins à propos de déclarer encore expressément, que lesdits Traités cessent d'être obligatoires pour tous leurs Articles tant Patents que Secrets, et qu'elles renouent mutuellement à tout droit et se dégagent de toute obligation qui pourraient en découler.

Sa Majesté Très Chrétienne promet que les Décrets portés contre des Sujets Français, ou réputés Français, étant ou ayant été au service de Sa Majesté Prussienne, demeureront sans effet, ainsi que les jugemens qui ont pu être rendus en exécution de ces Décrets.

Le présent Article Additionnel aura la même force et valeur que s'il était inséré mot à mot au Traité Patent de ce jour. Il sera ratifié, et les Ratifications en seront échangées en même tems. En foi de quoi, les Plénipotentiaires respectifs l'ont signé, et y ont apposé le Cachet de leurs Armes.

Fait à Paris, le 30 Mai, de l'an de Grâce, 1814.

(L.S.) LE PRINCE DE BENEVENT.

(L.S.) CHARLES-AUGUSTE, BARON DE HARDENBERG.

(L.S.) CHARLES-GUILLAUME, BARON DE HUMBOLDT.

*Additional Article between France and Russia.—Paris,
30th May, 1814.*

LE Duché de Varsovie étant sous l'administration d'un Conseil Provisoire établi par la Russie, depuis que ce Pays a été occupé par ses Armes, les 2 Hautes Parties Contractantes sont convenues de nommer immédiatement une Commission Spéciale composée, de part et d'autre, d'un nombre égal de Commissaires, qui seront chargés de l'examen, de la liquidation, et de tous les arrangemens relatifs aux prétentions réciproques.

Le présent Article Additionnel aura la même force et valeur que s'il était inséré mot à mot au Traité Patent de ce jour. Il sera ratifié, et les Ratifications en seront échangées en même tems. En foi de quoi, les Plénipotentiaires respectifs l'ont signé, et y ont apposé le Cachet de leurs Armes.

Fait à Paris, le 30 Mai, l'an de Grâce, 1814.

(L.S.) LE PRINCE DE BENEVENT.

(L.S.) ANDRE, COMTE RASOUMOFFSKY.

(L.S.) CHARLES ROBERT, COMTE DE NESSELRODE.

FRENCH TEXTS

ART. 5. La renonciation du Gouvernement Français, contenue dans l'article 18, s'étend nommément à toutes les réclamations qu'il pourrait former contre les Puissances Alliées à titre de dotations, de donations, de revenus de la Légion d'honneur, de sénatoreries, de pensions et autres charges de cette nature.

ART. 6. Le Gouvernement Français, ayant offert, par l'article secret de la convention du 23 avril, de faire rechercher et d'employer tous ses efforts pour retrouver les fonds de la banque de Hambourg, promet d'ordonner les perquisitions les plus sévères pour découvrir lesdits fonds et de poursuivre tous ceux qui pourraient en être détenteurs.

Les présents articles séparés et secrets auront la même force et valeur que s'ils étaient insérés mot à mot au Traité patent de ce jour. Ils seront ratifiés, et les ratifications en seront échangées en même temps. En foi de quoi, les Plénipotentiaires respectifs les ont signés et y ont apposé le cachet de leurs armes.

Fait à Paris le 30 Mai de l'an de grâce 1814.

Prince de BÉNÉVENT. Prince de METTERNICH. Comte de STADION

ARTICLES ADDITIONNELS ET SECRETS.

ART. 1^{er}. A dater de la signature du présent Traité, le paiement de la rente dite de Lorraine continuera à avoir lieu, comme jusqu'en 1791.

ART. 2. La Cour de France s'engage à faire remettre aux commissaires, qui seront nommés à cet effet par la Cour de Vienne, tous les actes qui ont rapport à l'ancien Empire Germanique, à la Belgique et à d'autres provinces qui ont fait partie de la Monarchie Autrichienne, et qui ont été enlevés des archives de Vienne.

Les présents articles additionnels et secrets auront la même force et valeur que s'ils étaient insérés mot à mot au Traité patent de ce

jour. Ils seront ratifiés, et les ratifications en seront échangées en même temps. En foi de quoi, les Plénipotentiaires respectifs les ont signés et y ont apposé le cachet de leurs armes.

Fait à Paris le 30 Mai de l'an de grâce 1814.

Prince de BÉNÉVENT. Prince de METTERNICH. Comte de STADION.

Au nom de la très-sainte et indivisible Trinité.

S. M. le Roi de France et de Navarre d'une part, et S. M. le Roi de Suède et de Norvège et ses Alliés d'autre part, étant animés d'un égal désir de mettre fin aux longues agitations de l'Europe et aux malheurs des Peuples, par une paix solide, fondée sur une juste répartition de forces entre les Puissances et portant dans ses stipulations la garantie de sa durée, et S. M. le Roi de Suède et de Norvège et ses Alliés, ne voulant plus exiger de la France, aujourd'hui que, replacée sous le Gouvernement paternel de ses Rois, elle offre ainsi à l'Europe un gage de sécurité et de stabilité, des conditions et des garanties qu'ils lui avaient à regret demandées sous son dernier Gouvernement, leurs dites Majestés ont nommé des Plénipotentiaires pour discuter, arrêter et signer un Traité de paix et d'amitié, savoir :

S. M. le Roi de France et de Navarre, M. Charles-Maurice Talleyrand-Périgord, Prince de Bénévnt, etc., et S. M. le Roi de Suède et de Norvège, M. Louis-Bogislas Curt, Comte de Stedingk, etc., et M. Gustave, Baron de Wetterstedt, etc.; lesquels, après avoir échangé leurs pleins-pouvoirs, trouvés en bonne et due forme, sont convenus des articles suivants :

ART. 1 à 32. Sont littéralement conformes aux articles figurant sous les mêmes numéros dans le Traité général conclu le 30 mai 1814 entre la France et les Puissances Alliées.

ART. 33. Le présent Traité sera ratifié et les ratifications en seront échangées dans le délai de huit semaines ou plus tôt si faire se peut.

En foi de quoi, les Plénipotentiaires respectifs l'ont signé et y ont apposé le cachet de leurs armes.

Fait à Paris le 30 mai de l'an de grâce 1814.

Le Prince de BÉNÉVENT. C. STEDINGK. G. Baron de WETTERSTEDT.

Après ces signatures vient l'article additionnel pour l'abrogation des Traités de 1805 et 1809, ainsi que les articles séparés secrets qui figurent en termes identiques à la fin du Traité Austro-Français du même jour tels qu'ils se trouvent rapportés ci-dessus, p. 424.

L'article secret, spécial au Traité Franco-Suédois, est ainsi libellé.

ARTICLE ADDITIONNEL SECRET.

S. M. T. C. reconnaît la réunion du Royaume de Norvège au Royaume de Suède en conséquence de la cession qui en a été faite à S. M. Suédoise par le Traité de Kiel.

Le présent article additionnel aura la même force et valeur que s'il était inséré mot à mot au Traité patent de ce jour. Il sera ratifié et les ratifications en seront échangées en même temps.

En foi de quoi, les Plénipotentiaires respectifs l'ont signé et ont apposé le cachet de leurs armes.

Fait à Paris le 30 Mai 1814.

Prince de BÉNÉVENT. C. Stedingk. G. Baron de WETTERSTEDT.

ACTE d'Accession de la part du Portugal à la Convention pour la Suspension d'Hostilités, entre la France et les Puissances Alliées, du 23 Avril, 1814 — Signé à Paris, le 8 Mai, 1814.

Son Excellence M. le Comte de Funchal, et Son Altesse Sérénissime le Prince de Bénévent, étant munis de Pleins pouvoirs de leurs Cours respectives pour convenir d'une Suspension d'Hostilités entre le Portugal et la France, sont convenus de ce qui suit.

Son Altesse Royale le Prince Régent de Portugal et des Algarves, adhère pleinement et sans réserve à la Convention conclue le 23 Avril dernier entre la France et les Puissances Alliées, pour faire cesser immédiatement de part et d'autre les hostilités, tant sur terre que sur mer, et en conséquence toutes hostilités cesseront entre les 2 Gouvernemens et leurs Sujets respectifs dans les termes fixés par la dite Convention.

En foi de quoi, les Plénipotentiaires respectifs ont signé le présent Acte d'Adhésion, et y ont apposé le Cachet de leurs Armes.

Fait à Paris, le 8 Mai, 1814.

(L.S.) LE COMTE DE FUNCHAL.

(L.S.) LE PRINCE DE BENEVENT.

ARTICLES entre le Portugal et la France, additionnels au Traité Définitif de Paix entre la France et les Puissances Alliées, du 30 Mai, 1814 — Signés à Paris, le 30 Mai, 1814.

(1.) Quoique les Traités, Conventions, et Actes, conclus entre les 2 Puissances antérieurement à la Guerre, soient annulés de fait par

l'état de Guerre, les Hautes Parties Contractantes ont jugé néanmoins à propos de déclarer, encore expressément, que les dits Traités, Conventions, et Actes, notamment les Traités signés à Badajoz et à Madrid en 1801*, et la Convention signée à Lisbonne en 1804, sont nuls et comme non venus, en tant qu'ils concernent le Portugal et la France; et que les 2 Couronnes renoncent mutuellement à tout droit, et se dégagent de toute obligation qui pourraient en résulter.

Fait à Paris, le 30 Mai, 1814.

(L.S.) LE COMTE DE FUNCHAL.

(L.S.) LE PRINCE DE BENEVENT.

(2.) Par rapport aux réclamations, que les Sujets de l'une des Hautes Parties Contractantes auraient à faire à la charge de l'autre, il sera usé d'une parfaite réciprocité, de manière que pour chaque nature de réclamation, ce que l'un des 2 Gouvernemens aura fait deviendra la règle de l'autre.

Fait à Paris, le 30 Mai, 1814.

(L.S.) LE COMTE DE FUNCHAL.

(L.S.) LE PRINCE DE BENEVENT.

(3.) Son Altesse Royale le Prince Régent de Portugal et des Algarves, s'engage et s'oblige à ce que celles des Clauses de la Capitulation de la Guyane Française qui n'auraient pas été exécutées, reçoivent lors de la restitution de cette Colonie à la France leur plein et entier accomplissement.

Fait à Paris, le 30 Mai, 1814.

(L.S.) LE COMTE DE FUNCHAL.

(L.S.) LE PRINCE DE BENEVENT.

Act between Austria, Great Britain,
Prussia and Russia,
signed at Paris, 31 May 1814

THIS arrangement between representatives of the Allied Powers regarding the military occupation of the territories ceded by France by the Treaty of 30 May 1814 is reproduced from Martens, *Nouveau Recueil des Traités*, vol. III, p. 309, being printed also by Neumann, *Recueil des Traités et Conventions conclus par l'Autriche*, vol. II, p. 476, and in *Martens' Russian Treaties*, vol. III, p. 168.



General Assembly Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

A/38/132
S/15675
8 April 1983

ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: ARABIC/ENGLISH/
FRENCH/SPANISH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Thirty-eighth session

Items 10, 12, 14, 18, 23, 25, 28, 29, 30,
31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 41, 44,
45, 50, 56, 59, 62, 63, 65, 72, 76, 78,
125 and 135 of the preliminary list*

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON THE WORK OF
THE ORGANIZATION

REPORT OF THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL

REPORT OF THE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE GRANTING
OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES
THE SITUATION IN KAMPUCHEA

QUESTION OF THE FALKLAND ISLANDS (MALVINAS)

ARMED ISRAELI AGGRESSION AGAINST THE IRAQI NUCLEAR
INSTALLATIONS AND ITS GRAVE CONSEQUENCES FOR THE
ESTABLISHED INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM CONCERNING THE
PEACEFUL USES OF NUCLEAR ENERGY, THE
NON-PROLIFERATION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS AND
INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY

THE SITUATION IN AFGHANISTAN AND ITS IMPLICATIONS FOR
INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY

QUESTION OF THE COMORIAN ISLAND OF MAYOTTE

THIRD UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCE ON THE LAW OF THE SEA
POLICIES OF APARTHEID OF THE GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH AFRICA

QUESTION OF PALESTINE

THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCE FOR THE PROMOTION OF
INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATION IN THE PEACEFUL USES OF
NUCLEAR ENERGY

QUESTION OF NAMIBIA

QUESTION OF PEACE, STABILITY AND CO-OPERATION IN
SOUTH-EAST ASIA

LAUNCHING OF GLOBAL NEGOTIATIONS ON INTERNATIONAL
ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION FOR DEVELOPMENT

QUESTION OF CYPRUS

SECURITY COUNCIL

Thirty-eighth year

* A/38/50.

CESSATION OF ALL TEST EXPLOSIONS ON NUCLEAR WEAPONS
URGENT NEED FOR A COMPREHENSIVE NUCLEAR-TEST-BAN TREATY
REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE RECOMMENDATIONS AND
DECISIONS ADOPTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT ITS TENTH
SPECIAL SESSION
RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN DISARMAMENT AND DEVELOPMENT
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION OF THE INDIAN OCEAN AS
A ZONE OF PEACE
GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT
REVIEW AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CONCLUDING DOCUMENT OF
THE TWELFTH SPECIAL SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
STRENGTHENING OF SECURITY AND CO-OPERATION IN THE
MEDITERRANEAN REGION
QUESTIONS RELATING TO INFORMATION
QUESTION OF THE MALAGASY ISLANDS OF GLORIEUSES,
JUAN DE NOVA, EUROPA AND BASSAS DA INDIA
DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION
PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES BETWEEN STATES
REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON THE CHARTER OF THE
UNITED NATIONS AND ON THE STRENGTHENING OF THE ROLE
OF THE ORGANIZATION

Letter dated 30 March 1983 from the Permanent Representative of
India to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to request you to have circulated among Member States the final documents of the Seventh Conference of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries, held at New Delhi, India, from 7 to 12 March 1983, as an official document of the General Assembly, under items 10, 12, 14, 18, 23, 25, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 41, 44, 45, 50, 56, 59, 62, 63, 65, 72, 76, 78, 125 and 135 of the preliminary list, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) N. KRISHNAN
Ambassador
Permanent Representative
of India to the United Nations

ANNEX

Final documents of the Seventh Conference of Heads of State
or Government of Non-Aligned Countries, held at New Delhi
from 7 to 12 March 1983

CONTENTS

| | <u>Page</u> |
|---|-------------|
| I. POLITICAL DECLARATION | 5 |
| Statement by the Chairman on the Iran-Iraq Conflict | 53 |
| Decision regarding the Composition of the Co-ordinating Bureau | 54 |
| II. THE NEW DELHI MESSAGE | 55 |
| III. ECONOMIC DECLARATION | 59 |
| Declaration on Collective Action for Global Prosperity | 113 |
| Declaration on Collective Self-Reliance among Non-Aligned and Other Developing Countries | 115 |
| Action Programme for Economic Co-operation | 117 |
| Recommendation on the Harmonization and Co-ordination of the Non-Aligned Action Programme and Caracas Programme of Action | 136 |

APPENDICES

| | |
|--|-----|
| I. Agenda for the Seventh Conference of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries | 140 |
| II. Keynote Address by Shrimati Indira Gandhi, Prime Minister of India | 143 |
| III. Closing Address by Shrimati Indira Gandhi, Prime Minister of India | 150 |
| IV. Message of Support for and Solidarity with National Liberation Movements | 153 |
| V. Message of Solidarity with the Palestinian People | 154 |

CONTENTS (continued)

| | <u>Page</u> |
|---|-------------|
| VI. Report of the Rapporteur General | 155 |
| VII. Report of the Political Committee | 161 |
| VIII. Report of the Economic Committee | 164 |
| IX. Report of the Conference of Foreign Ministers of Non-Aligned Countries | 166 |
| X. Resolution of Thanks to the Government and People of India | 171 |
| XI. Participation at the Conference* | 172 |

* The full List of Participants has been distributed separately
(NAC/CONF.7/Doc.8/Rev.1).

I. POLITICAL DECLARATION

INDEX

| | <u>Paragraphs</u> |
|--|-------------------|
| I. INTRODUCTION | 1 - 7 |
| II. ROLE OF NON-ALIGNMENT | 8 - 27 |
| III. DISARMAMENT, SURVIVAL AND CO-EXISTENCE IN THE AGE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS | 28 - 38 |
| IV. SITUATION IN SOUTHERN AFRICA | 39 - 68 |
| V. WESTERN SAHARA | 69 - 71 |
| VI. MAYOTTE | 72 |
| VII. MALAGASY ISLANDS | 73 |
| VIII. THE INDIAN OCEAN AS A ZONE OF PEACE | 74 - 80 |
| IX. MAURITIAN SOVEREIGNTY OVER CHAGOS ARCHIPELAGO, INCLUDING DIEGO GARCIA | 81 |
| X. QUESTION OF PALESTINE | 82 - 98 |
| XI. QUESTION OF LEBANON | 99 |
| XII. SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST | 100 - 107 |
| XIII. ISRAELI AGRESSION AGAINST THE IRAQI NUCLEAR INSTALLATIONS | 108 - 111 |
| XIV. SOUTH-EAST ASIA | 112 - 113 |
| XV. SOUTH-WEST ASIA | 114 - 115 |
| XVI. KOREA | 116 - 117 |
| XVII. IRAN-IRAQ CONFLICT | 118 |
| XVIII. EUROPE | 119 - 121 |
| XIX. MEDITERRANEAN | 122 - 127 |
| XX. CYPRUS | 128 - 131 |
| XXI. LATIN AMERICAN AND CARIBBEAN ISSUES | 132 - 165 |
| XXII. PEACEFUL USES OF NUCLEAR ENERGY | 166 - 168 |
| XXIII. PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES | 169 - 171 |
| XXIV. NON-INTERVENTION AND NON-INTERFERENCE | 172 |
| XXV. NEW WORLD INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION ORDER | 173 |
| XXVI. THE UNITED NATIONS | 174 - 179 |
| XXVII. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS | 180 - 195 |

I. INTRODUCTION

1. The Seventh Conference of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries was held in New Delhi, India, from 7 to 12 March 1983.

2. The Conference was preceded by a Conference of Foreign Ministers of Non-Aligned Countries from 3 to 5 March 1983.

3. The representatives of the following countries and organizations which are members of the Movement participated in the Seventh Conference:

Afghanistan Democratic Republic of, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Burundi, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Djibouti, Ecuador, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Grenada, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ivory Coast, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Palestine Liberation Organization, Panama, Peru, Qatar, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, South West Africa People's Organization, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Syrian Arab Republic, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Cameroon, United Republic of Tanzania, Upper Volta, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen Arab Republic, Yemen, People's Democratic Republic of, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe.

4. The representatives of the following countries and organizations as well as national liberation movements attended the Conference as observers:

Brazil, El Salvador, Mexico, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Uruguay, Venezuela, African National Congress, Afro-Asian People's Solidarity Organization, League of Arab States, Organization of African Unity, Organization of the Islamic Conference, Pan-Africanist Congress of Azania, Socialist Party of Puerto Rico, United Nations.

5. Guest delegations were present at the Conference from the following countries and organizations:

Austria, Dominican Republic, Finland, Portugal, Romania, San Marino, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, the Holy See, Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific, Food and Agriculture Organization, International Committee of the Red Cross, International Conference on the Question of Palestine, United Nations Ad Hoc Committee on the Indian Ocean, United Nations Commissioner for Namibia, United Nations Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People, United Nations Council for Namibia, United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, United Nations Development Programme, United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organization, United Nations Industrial Development Organization, United Nations Special Committee against Apartheid, United Nations Special Committee on Decolonization, World Food Council, World Health Organization.

IX. MAURITIAN SOVEREIGNTY OVER THE CHAGOS ARCHIPELAGO, INCLUDING DIEGO GARCIA

81. The Heads of State or Government expressed, in particular, their full support for Mauritian sovereignty over the Chagos archipelago, including Diego Garcia, which was detached from the territory of Mauritius by the former colonial power in 1965 in contravention of United Nations General Assembly resolutions 1514(XV) and 2066(XX). The establishment and strengthening of the military base at Diego Garcia has endangered the sovereignty, territorial integrity and peaceful development of Mauritius and other States. They called for the early return of Diego Garcia to Mauritius.



General Assembly Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

A/40/854
S/17610
7 November 1985

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Fortieth session

Agenda items 18, 21, 22, 23, 27, 28, 29,

30, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39,

40, 41, 44, 45, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52,

53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61,

62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70,

71, 72, 74, 75, 76, 78, 79, 82, 84,

88, 89, 90, 92, 93, 94, 95, 102,

104, 109, 110 and 111

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON
THE GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO

COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES

THE SITUATION IN CENTRAL AMERICA;

THREATS TO INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND
SECURITY AND PEACE INITIATIVES

THE SITUATION IN KAMPUCHEA

QUESTION OF THE FALKLAND ISLANDS (MALVINAS)

INTERNATIONAL YEAR OF PEACE

THE SITUATION IN AFGHANISTAN AND ITS
IMPLICATIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACE
AND SECURITY

ARMED ISRAELI AGGRESSION AGAINST THE
IRAQI NUCLEAR INSTALLATIONS AND ITS
GRAVE CONSEQUENCES FOR THE ESTABLISHED
INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM CONCERNING THE
PEACEFUL USES OF NUCLEAR ENERGY, THE
NON-PROLIFERATION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS
AND INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY

CRITICAL ECONOMIC SITUATION IN AFRICA

QUESTION OF THE COMORIAN ISLAND OF
MAYOTTE

QUESTION OF PALESTINE

QUESTION OF NAMIBIA

POLICIES OF APARTHEID OF THE
GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH AFRICA

SECURITY COUNCIL
Fortieth year

LAW OF THE SEA
UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCE FOR THE
PROMOTION OF INTERNATIONAL
CO-OPERATION IN THE PEACEFUL USES
OF NUCLEAR ENERGY
THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST
COMMEMORATION OF THE FORTIETH ANNIVERSARY
OF THE UNITED NATIONS
QUESTION OF PEACE, STABILITY AND
CO-OPERATION IN SOUTH-EAST ASIA
LAUNCHING OF GLOBAL NEGOTIATIONS ON
INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION
FOR DEVELOPMENT
QUESTION OF CYPRUS
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE RESOLUTIONS OF
THE UNITED NATIONS
ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL CONSEQUENCES OF THE
ARMAMENTS RACE AND ITS EXTREMELY
HARMFUL EFFECTS ON WORLD PEACE
AND SECURITY
IMPLEMENTATION OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY
RESOLUTION 39/51 CONCERNING THE
SIGNATURE AND RATIFICATION OF
ADDITIONAL PROTOCOL I OF THE TREATY
FOR THE PROHIBITION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS
IN LATIN AMERICA (TREATY OF TLA TELLOCO)
CESSATION OF ALL TEST EXPLOSIONS OF
NUCLEAR WEAPONS
URGENT NEED FOR A COMPREHENSIVE
NUCLEAR-TEST-BAN TREATY
ESTABLISHMENT OF A NUCLEAR-WEAPON-FREE ZONE
IN THE REGION OF THE MIDDLE EAST
ESTABLISHMENT OF A NUCLEAR-WEAPON-FREE ZONE
IN SOUTH ASIA
CONVENTION ON PROHIBITIONS OR RESTRICTIONS
ON THE USE OF CERTAIN CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS
WHICH MAY BE DEEMED TO BE EXCESSIVELY
INJURIOUS OR TO HAVE INDISCRIMINATE EFFECTS
CONCLUSION OF AN INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION ON
THE STRENGTHENING OF THE SECURITY OF
NON-NUCLEAR-WEAPON STATES AGAINST THE USE
OR THREAT OF USE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS
CONCLUSION OF EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL
ARRANGEMENTS TO ASSURE NON-NUCLEAR-WEAPON
STATES AGAINST THE USE OR THREAT OF USE
OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS
PREVENTION OF AN ARMS RACE IN OUTER SPACE
IMPLEMENTATION OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY
RESOLUTION 39/60 ON THE IMMEDIATE
CESSATION AND PROHIBITION OF
NUCLEAR-WEAPON TESTS

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON
THE DENUCLEARIZATION OF AFRICA
PROHIBITION OF THE DEVELOPMENT AND
MANUFACTURE OF NEW TYPES OF WEAPONS OF
MASS DESTRUCTION AND NEW SYSTEMS OF
SUCH WEAPONS
REVIEW AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
CONCLUDING DOCUMENT OF THE TWELFTH
SPECIAL SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
REDUCTION OF MILITARY BUDGETS
CHEMICAL AND BACTERIOLOGICAL (BIOLOGICAL)
WEAPONS
ISRAELI NUCLEAR ARMAMENT
REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
RECOMMENDATIONS AND DECISIONS ADOPTED BY
THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT ITS TENTH
SPECIAL SESSION
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION OF THE
INDIAN OCEAN AS A ZONE OF PEACE
WORLD DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE
GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT
RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN DISARMAMENT
AND DEVELOPMENT
QUESTION OF ANTARCTICA
STRENGTHENING OF SECURITY AND CO-OPERATION
IN THE MEDITERRANEAN REGION
REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
DECLARATION ON THE STRENGTHENING OF
INTERNATIONAL SECURITY
EFFECTS OF ATOMIC RADIATION
REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE TO
INVESTIGATE ISRAELI PRACTICES AFFECTING
THE HUMAN RIGHTS OF THE POPULATION OF
THE OCCUPIED TERRITORIES
INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATION IN THE
PEACEFUL USES OF OUTER SPACE
QUESTIONS RELATING TO INFORMATION
UNITED NATIONS RELIEF AND WORKS AGENCY
FOR PALESTINE REFUGEES IN THE NEAR EAST
QUESTION OF THE MALAGASY ISLANDS OF
GLORIEUSES, JUAN DE NOVA, EUROPA
AND BASSAS DA INDIA
DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL
ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROGRAMME OF
ACTION FOR THE SECOND DECADE TO COMBAT
RACISM AND RACIAL DISCRIMINATION
INTERNATIONAL YOUTH YEAR: PARTICIPATION,
DEVELOPMENT, PEACE
WORLD SOCIAL SITUATION
UNITED NATIONS DECADE FOR WOMEN:
EQUALITY, DEVELOPMENT AND PEACE

A/30/854
S/17610
English
Page 4

IMPORTANCE OF THE UNIVERSAL REALIZATION
OF THE RIGHT OF PEOPLES TO
SELF-DETERMINATION AND OF THE SPEEDY
GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL
COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES FOR THE EFFECTIVE
GUARANTEE AND OBSERVANCE OF HUMAN RIGHTS
ELIMINATION OF ALL FORMS OF RACIAL
DISCRIMINATION
POLICIES AND PROGRAMMES RELATING TO YOUTH
HUMAN RIGHTS AND SCIENTIFIC AND
TECHNOLOGICAL DEVELOPMENTS
INTERNATIONAL COVENANTS ON HUMAN RIGHTS
INFORMATION FROM NON-SELF-GOVERNING
TERRITORIES TRANSMITTED UNDER
ARTICLE 73 e OF THE CHARTER OF
THE UNITED NATIONS
ACTIVITIES OF FOREIGN ECONOMIC AND
OTHER INTERESTS WHICH ARE IMPEDING THE
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE
GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL
COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES IN NAMIBIA AND IN
ALL OTHER TERRITORIES UNDER COLONIAL
DOMINATION AND EFFORTS TO ELIMINATE
COLONIALISM, APARTHEID AND RACIAL
DISCRIMINATION IN SOUTHERN AFRICA
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE
GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL
COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES BY THE
SPECIALIZED AGENCIES AND THE
INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTIONS ASSOCIATED
WITH THE UNITED NATIONS

Letter dated 5 November 1985 from the Permanent Representative of
Angola to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to forward a copy of the Final Political Declaration (annex I) and Economic Declaration (annex II) adopted by the Conference of Foreign Ministers of the Non-Aligned Countries held at Luanda from 4 to 7 September 1985, with the request that it be circulated among Member States as an official document of the General Assembly under agenda items 18, 21, 22, 23, 27, 28, 29, 30, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 44, 45, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 74, 75, 76, 78, 79, 82, 84, 88, 89, 90, 92, 93, 94, 95, 102, 104, 109, 110 and 111, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Elisio de FIGUEIREDO
Ambassador
Permanent Representative

/...

ANNEX I

Final Political Declaration

CONTENTS

| | <u>Paragraphs</u> | <u>Page</u> |
|--|-------------------|-------------|
| I. INTRODUCTION | 1 - 12 | 7 |
| II. ROLE OF NON-ALIGNMENT | 13 - 21 | 8 |
| III. ASSESSMENT OF THE CURRENT INTERNATIONAL SITUATION | 22 - 30 | 10 |
| IV. DISARMAMENT AND INTERNATIONAL SECURITY | 31 - 57 | 12 |
| V. ANTARCTICA | 58 - 60 | 18 |
| VI. INDIAN OCEAN AS A ZONE OF PEACE | 61 - 64 | 19 |
| VII. PEACEFUL USES OF NUCLEAR ENERGY | 65 - 70 | 19 |
| VIII. SOUTHERN AFRICA | 71 - 121 | 20 |
| IX. NUCLEAR COLLABORATION WITH SOUTH AFRICA AND ISRAEL | 122 | 27 |
| X. WESTERN SAHARA | 123 - 128 | 28 |
| XI. MAYOTTE | 129 | 28 |
| XII. MALAGASY ISLANDS | 130 | 29 |
| XIII. MAURITIAN SOVEREIGNTY OVER CHAGOS ARCHIPELAGO, INCLUDING DIEGO GARCIA | 131 | 29 |
| XIV. CHAD | 132 - 134 | 29 |
| XV. SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST | 135 - 150 | 29 |
| XVI. QUESTION OF PALESTINE | 151 - 171 | 32 |
| XVII. LEBANON | 172 - 178 | 35 |
| XVIII. THE ISRAELI AGGRESSION AGAINST THE IRAQI NUCLEAR INSTALLATIONS | 179 | 35 |
| XIX. CYPRUS | 180 - 186 | 36 |
| XX. EUROPE | 187 - 191 | 37 |

CONTENTS (continued)

| | <u>Paragraphs</u> | <u>Page</u> |
|---|-------------------|-------------|
| XXI. THE MEDITERRANEAN | 192 - 195 | 37 |
| XXII. SOUTH-EAST ASIA | 196 - 197 | 38 |
| XXIII. SOUTH-WEST ASIA | 198 - 199 | 39 |
| XXIV. KOREA | 200 - 202 | 39 |
| XXV. LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN | 203 - 243 | 40 |
| XXVI. NON-INTERVENTION AND NON-INTERFERENCE | 244 - 245 | 46 |
| XXVII. PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES AND CONFLICTS | 246 - 249 | 47 |
| XXVIII. FORTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF THE UNITED NATIONS | 250 - 272 | 48 |
| XXIX. UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION | 273 - 281 | 51 |
| XXX. INTERNATIONAL YOUTH YEAR (1985) | 282 | 52 |
| XXXI. UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCE ON WOMEN AND DEVELOPMENT | 283 | 52 |
| XXXII. THIRTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF THE AFRO-ASIAN CONFERENCE | 284 - 285 | 52 |
| XXXIII. TWENTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE DECLARATION ON THE GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES | 286 - 294 | 53 |
| XXXIV. NEW INTERNATIONAL INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION ORDER .. | 295 - 309 | 54 |
| XXXV. TWENTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE MOVEMENT OF NON-ALIGNED COUNTRIES | 310 | 57 |
| XXXVI. THE EIGHTH SUMMIT | 311 - 312 | 57 |
| LUANDA SPECIAL COMMUNIQUE ON SOUTH AFRICA | | 58 |
| <u>Appendix</u> . STATEMENT OF THE CHAIRMAN OF THE POLITICAL COMMITTEE | | 60 |

I. INTRODUCTION

1. The Conference of Foreign Ministers of Non-Aligned Countries was held at Luanda, People's Republic of Angola, from 4 to 7 September 1985.
2. The Conference was preceded by a meeting of senior officials on 2 and 3 September 1985.
3. Representatives of the following countries and organizations which are members of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries participated in the Conference: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Cyprus, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ivory Coast, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Palestine Liberation Organization, Pakistan, Panama, Peru, Qatar, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, South West Africa People's Organization, Syrian Arab Republic, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe.
4. Representatives of the following countries, organizations and national liberation movements attended the Conference as observers: Brazil, Philippines, Mexico, UNC, OAU, ANC, PAC, Dominican Republic, Uruguay, Venezuela.
5. Guest delegations were present at the Conference from the following countries and organizations: Austria, United Nations Council for Namibia, Organization of the Islamic Conference, ICRC, Finland, Arab States League, UNIDO, UNDP, Portugal, Romania, Spain, Holy See, Sweden, Switzerland, UNESCO, AAPSO.
6. At its inaugural session, the Conference was honoured to hear an inspiring and important address by His Excellency, José Eduardo dos Santos, President of the People's Republic of Angola. The statement was acclaimed as a significant contribution and a fitting keynote to the Conference and was adopted as an official document thereof.
7. The Conference was privileged also to receive a message from His Excellency Mr. Rajiv Gandhi, Prime Minister of India and Chairman of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries.

The Conference also was privileged to receive a message from His Excellency Monsieur Abdou Diouf, current Chairman of the Organization of African Unity.

8. The Conference paid tribute to the late Shrimati Indira Gandhi, Prime Minister of India and Chairperson of the Non-Aligned Movement, an indefatigable champion of non-alignment who brought her dynamism and vitality to bear on the leadership of the Movement and left a lasting impression upon it.

XIII. MAURITIAN SOVEREIGNTY OVER THE CHAGOS ARCHIPELAGO,
INCLUDING DIEGO GARCIA

131. The Ministers expressed, in particular, their full support for Mauritian sovereignty over the Chagos archipelago, including Diego Garcia, which was detached from the territory of Mauritius by the former colonial power in 1965 in contravention of General Assembly resolutions 1514 (XV) and 2066 (XX). The establishment and strengthening of the military base at Diego Garcia has endangered the sovereignty, territorial integrity and peaceful development of Mauritius and other States. They called for the early return of Diego Garcia to Mauritius.



General Assembly Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

A/41/341 ✓
S/18065
28 May 1986

ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: ARABIC/ENGLISH/
FRENCH/SPANISH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Forty-first session

Items 19, 21, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 31,
32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 39, 40, 43, 45,
49, 50, 53, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60,
61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 68, 69, 70,
71, 75, 80, 82, 86, 91, 92, 96, 107,
and 108 of the preliminary list*

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON
THE GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO
COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES

INTERNATIONAL YEAR OF PEACE

ARMED ISRAELI AGGRESSION AGAINST THE
IRAQI NUCLEAR INSTALLATIONS AND ITS
GRAVE CONSEQUENCES FOR THE
ESTABLISHED INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM
CONCERNING THE PEACEFUL USES OF
NUCLEAR ENERGY, THE
NON-PROLIFERATION OF NUCLEAR
WEAPONS AND INTERNATIONAL PEACE
AND SECURITY

THE SITUATION IN KAMPUCHEA

THE SITUATION IN AFGHANISTAN AND ITS
IMPLICATIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL
PEACE AND SECURITY

QUESTION OF THE FALKLAND ISLANDS
(MALVINAS)

CRITICAL ECONOMIC SITUATION IN
AFRICA

QUESTION OF THE COMORIAN ISLAND
OF MAYOTTE

LAW OF THE SEA

POLICIES OF APARTHEID OF THE
GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH AFRICA

SECURITY COUNCIL

Forty-first year

* A/41/50/Rev.1.

QUESTION OF PALESTINE

QUESTION OF NAMIBIA

THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST
QUESTION OF PEACE, STABILITY AND
CO-OPERATION IN SOUTH-EAST ASIA

LAUNCHING OF GLOBAL NEGOTIATIONS
ON INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC
CO-OPERATION FOR DEVELOPMENT

THE SITUATION IN CENTRAL AMERICA;
THREATS TO INTERNATIONAL PEACE
AND SECURITY AND PEACE
INITIATIVES

QUESTION OF CYPRUS

CESSATION OF ALL NUCLEAR-TEST
EXPLOSIONS

URGENT NEED FOR A COMPREHENSIVE
NUCLEAR-TEST-BAN TREATY

CONVENTION ON PROHIBITIONS OR
RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF
CERTAIN CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS
WHICH MAY BE DEEMED TO BE
EXCESSIVELY INJURIOUS OR TO
HAVE INDISCRIMINATE EFFECTS

CONCLUSION OF EFFECTIVE
INTERNATIONAL ARRANGEMENTS
TO ASSURE NON-NUCLEAR-WEAPON
STATES AGAINST THE USE OR
THREAT OF USE OF NUCLEAR
WEAPONS

PREVENTION OF AN ARMS RACE
IN OUTER SPACE

IMPLEMENTATION OF GENERAL
ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION 40/88
ON THE IMMEDIATE CESSATION
AND PROHIBITION OF NUCLEAR-
WEAPON TESTS

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
DECLARATION ON THE
DENUCLEARIZATION OF AFRICA
PROHIBITION OF THE DEVELOPMENT
AND MANUFACTURE OF NEW
TYPES OF WEAPONS OF MASS
DESTRUCTION AND NEW SYSTEMS
OF SUCH WEAPONS

REDUCTION OF MILITARY BUDGETS
CHEMICAL AND BACTERIOLOGICAL
(BIOLOGICAL) WEAPONS

GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT
REVIEW AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
CONCLUDING DOCUMENT OF THE
TWELFTH SPECIAL SESSION OF THE
GENERAL ASSEMBLY

REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF
THE RECOMMENDATIONS AND
DECISIONS ADOPTED BY THE
GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT ITS TENTH
SPECIAL SESSION

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
DECLARATION OF THE INDIAN
OCEAN AS A ZONE OF PEACE

WORLD DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE

QUESTION OF ANTARCTICA

STRENGTHENING OF SECURITY AND
CO-OPERATION IN THE
MEDITERRANEAN REGION

REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION
OF THE DECLARATION ON THE
STRENGTHENING OF INTERNATIONAL
SECURITY

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE COLLECTIVE
SECURITY PROVISIONS OF THE
CHARTER OF THE UNITED NATIONS
FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF
INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND
SECURITY

COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW OF THE WHOLE
QUESTION OF PEACE-KEEPING
OPERATIONS IN ALL THEIR ASPECTS

QUESTION OF THE COMPOSITION OF THE
RELEVANT ORGANS OF THE UNITED
NATIONS

OPERATIONAL ACTIVITIES FOR
DEVELOPMENT

ADVERSE CONSEQUENCES FOR THE
ENJOYMENT OF HUMAN RIGHTS OF
POLITICAL, MILITARY, ECONOMIC
AND OTHER FORMS OF ASSISTANCE
GIVEN TO THE RACIST AND
COLONIALIST REGIME OF SOUTH
AFRICA

ELIMINATION OF ALL FORMS OF
RACIAL DISCRIMINATION

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE WORLD
PROGRAMME OF ACTION CONCERNING
DISABLED PERSONS AND THE UNITED
NATIONS DECADE OF DISABLED
PERSONS

ELIMINATION OF ALL FORMS OF
RELIGIOUS INTOLERANCE

ACTIVITIES OF FOREIGN ECONOMIC
AND OTHER INTERESTS WHICH ARE
IMPEDING THE IMPLEMENTATION OF
THE DECLARATION ON THE GRANTING
OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL
COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES IN NAMIBIA
AND IN ALL OTHER TERRITORIES
UNDER COLONIAL DOMINATION AND
EFFORTS TO ELIMINATE COLONIALISM,
APARTHEID AND RACIAL
DISCRIMINATION IN SOUTHERN AFRICA
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION
ON THE GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE
TO COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES
BY THE SPECIALIZED AGENCIES AND
THE INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTIONS
ASSOCIATED WITH THE UNITED
NATIONS

Letter dated 15 May 1986 from the Permanent Representative of India
to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to request you to have circulated among Member States the final documents of the Ministerial Meeting of the Co-ordinating Bureau of Non-Aligned Countries held at New Delhi from 16 to 19 April 1986 as an official document of the General Assembly, under items 19, 21, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 39, 40, 43, 45, 49, 50, 53, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 68, 69, 70, 71, 75, 80, 82, 86, 91, 92, 96, 107 and 108 of the preliminary list, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) N. KRISHNAN
Ambassador
Permanent Representative of
India to the United Nations

Annex I

I. POLITICAL DECLARATION

CONTENTS

| | <u>Paragraphs</u> | <u>Page</u> |
|--|-------------------|-------------|
| I. INTRODUCTION | 1 - 10 | 7 |
| II. ROLE OF NON-ALIGNMENT | 11 - 17 | 9 |
| III. ASSESSMENT OF THE CURRENT INTERNATIONAL SITUATION . | 18 - 26 | 13 |
| IV. DISARMAMENT, INTERNATIONAL SECURITY AND SURVIVAL IN THE AGE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS | 27 - 54 | 17 |
| V. PEACEFUL USES OF NUCLEAR ENERGY | 55 - 61 | 28 |
| VI. THE SITUATION IN SOUTHERN AFRICA | 62 - 113 | 30 |
| VII. WESTERN SAHARA | 114 - 119 | 45 |
| VIII. MAYOTTE | 120 | 47 |
| IX. MALAGASY ISLANDS | 121 | 47 |
| X. MAURITIAN SOVEREIGNTY OVER THE CHAGOS ARCHIPELAGO, INCLUDING DIEGO GARCIA | 122 | 48 |
| XI. CHAD | 123 | 48 |
| XII. SOUTH-EAST ASIA | 124 - 125 | 48 |
| XIII. KOREA | 126 - 128 | 49 |
| XIV. SOUTH-WEST ASIA | 129 - 130 | 50 |
| XV. IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES . | 131 - 137 | 51 |
| XVI. NEW CALEDONIA | 138 - 140 | 53 |
| XVII. SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST | 141 - 159 | 53 |
| XVIII. ISRAELI AGGRESSION AGAINST IRAQI NUCLEAR INSTALLATIONS | 160 | 59 |

/...

CONTENTS (continued)

| | <u>Paragraphs</u> | <u>Page</u> |
|---|-------------------|-------------|
| XIX. QUESTION OF PALESTINE | 161 - 176 | 60 |
| XX. LEBANON | 177 - 178 | 65 |
| XXI. INDIAN OCEAN AS A ZONE OF PEACE | 179 - 183 | 65 |
| XXII. ANTARCTICA | 184 - 188 | 67 |
| XXIII. CYPRUS | 189 - 193 | 68 |
| XXIV. THE MEDITERRANEAN | 194 - 201 | 70 |
| XXV. EUROPE | 202 - 204 | 73 |
| XXVI. LATIN AMERICAN AND CARIBBEAN ISSUES | 205 - 247 | 74 |
| XXVII. INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM | 248 - 251 | 88 |
| XXVIII. PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES | 252 - 253 | 89 |
| XXIX. UNESCO | 254 - 256 | 90 |
| XXX. RIGHT TO DEVELOPMENT | 257 | 91 |
| XXXI. NEW INTERNATIONAL INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION ORDER | 258 - 271 | 91 |
| XXXII. TWENTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE MOVEMENT OF NON-ALIGNED COUNTRIES | 272 | 95 |
| XXXIII. PREPARATIONS FOR THE EIGHTH CONFERENCE OF HEADS OF STATE OR GOVERNMENT IN HARARE | 273 - 277 | 95 |

I. INTRODUCTION

1. The Co-ordinating Bureau of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries met at the level of foreign ministers in New Delhi, India, from 16 to 19 April 1986.
2. The meeting was preceded by a meeting of senior officials on 14 and 15 April 1986.
3. The following members of the Co-ordinating Bureau participated: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Democratic Yemen, Ecuador, Egypt, Ethiopia, Ghana, Guinea, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Palestine Liberation Organization, Panama, Peru, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, South West Africa People's Organization, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Syrian Arab Republic, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe.
4. The following members of the Movement also participated: Argentina, Botswana, Chad, Colombia, Comoros, Côte d'Ivoire, Gabon, Gambia, Guinea-Bissau, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Malawi, Maldives, Mauritius, Niger, Qatar, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, Vanuatu.

**X. MAURITIAN SOVEREIGNTY OVER THE CHAGOS ARCHIPELAGO,
INCLUDING DIEGO GARCIA**

122. The Ministers expressed their full support for Mauritian sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, which was detached from the territory of Mauritius by the former colonial power in 1965 in violation of United Nations General Assembly resolutions 1514(XV) and 2066(XX). The establishment and strengthening of the military base at Diego Garcia has endangered the sovereignty, territorial integrity and peaceful development of Mauritius and other States. They called for the early return of Diego Garcia to Mauritius.



General Assembly Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

A/41/697 ✓
S/18392
14 October 1986
ENGLISH

ORIGINAL: ARABIC/ENGLISH/
FRENCH/SPANISH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Forty-first session

Agenda items 19, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29,
31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 40,
43, 45, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53,
54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62,
65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 74, 75,
79, 81, 107 and 108

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION
ON THE GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE
TO COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND
PEOPLES

ARMED ISRAELI AGGRESSION AGAINST THE
IRAQI NUCLEAR INSTALLATIONS AND
ITS GRAVE CONSEQUENCES FOR THE
ESTABLISHED INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM
CONCERNING THE PEACEFUL USES OF
NUCLEAR ENERGY, THE
NON-PROLIFERATION OF NUCLEAR
WEAPONS AND INTERNATIONAL PEACE
AND SECURITY

THE SITUATION IN KAMPUCHEA
THE SITUATION IN AFGHANISTAN AND
ITS IMPLICATIONS FOR
INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY

QUESTION OF THE FALKLAND ISLANDS
(MALVINAS)

CRITICAL ECONOMIC SITUATION IN
AFRICA

QUESTION OF THE COMORIAN ISLAND OF
MAYOTTE

LAW OF THE SEA

POLICIES OF APARTHEID OF THE
GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH AFRICA

UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCE FOR THE
PROMOTION OF INTERNATIONAL
CO-OPERATION IN THE PEACEFUL USES
OF NUCLEAR ENERGY

QUESTION OF PALESTINE

QUESTION OF NAMIBIA

SECURITY COUNCIL
Forty-first year

THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST
REVIEW OF THE EFFICIENCY OF THE
ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL
FUNCTIONING OF THE UNITED NATIONS
LAUNCHING OF GLOBAL NEGOTIATIONS ON
INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC
CO-OPERATION FOR DEVELOPMENT
QUESTION OF CYPRUS
CONSEQUENCES OF THE PROLONGATION
OF THE ARMED CONFLICT BETWEEN
IRAN AND IRAQ
CESSATION OF ALL NUCLEAR-TEST
EXPLOSIONS
URGENT NEED FOR A COMPREHENSIVE
NUCLEAR-TEST-BAN TREATY
ESTABLISHMENT OF A
NUCLEAR-WEAPON-FREE ZONE IN THE
REGION OF THE MIDDLE EAST
ESTABLISHMENT OF A
NUCLEAR-WEAPON-FREE ZONE IN
SOUTH ASIA
CONVENTION ON PROHIBITIONS OR
RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF
CERTAIN CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS
WHICH MAY BE DEEMED TO BE
EXCESSIVELY INJURIOUS OR TO HAVE
INDISCRIMINATE EFFECTS
CONCLUSION OF EFFECTIVE
INTERNATIONAL ARRANGEMENTS ON THE
STRENGTHENING OF THE SECURITY OF
NON-NUCLEAR-WEAPON STATES AGAINST
THE USE OR THREAT OF USE OF
NUCLEAR WEAPONS
CONCLUSION OF EFFECTIVE
INTERNATIONAL ARRANGEMENTS TO
ASSURE NON-NUCLEAR-WEAPON STATES
AGAINST THE USE OR THREAT OF USE
OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS
PREVENTION OF AN ARMS RACE IN OUTER
SPACE
IMPLEMENTATION OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY
RESOLUTION 40/88 ON THE IMMEDIATE
CESSATION AND PROHIBITION OF
NUCLEAR-WEAPON TESTS
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION
ON THE DENUCLEARIZATION OF AFRICA
PROHIBITION OF THE DEVELOPMENT AND
MANUFACTURE OF NEW TYPES OF
WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION AND
NEW SYSTEMS OF SUCH WEAPONS

REDUCTION OF MILITARY BUDGETS
CHEMICAL AND BACTERIOLOGICAL
(BIOLOGICAL) WEAPONS
GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT
REVIEW AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
CONCLUDING DOCUMENT OF THE
TWELFTH SPECIAL SESSION OF THE
GENERAL ASSEMBLY
REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
RECOMMENDATIONS AND DECISIONS
ADOPTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
AT ITS TENTH SPECIAL SESSION
RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN DISARMAMENT
AND DEVELOPMENT
QUESTION OF ANTARCTICA
STRENGTHENING OF SECURITY AND
CO-OPERATION IN THE MEDITERRANEAN
REGION
REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF
THE DECLARATION ON THE
STRENGTHENING OF INTERNATIONAL
SECURITY
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE COLLECTIVE
SECURITY PROVISIONS OF THE
CHARTER OF THE UNITED NATIONS FOR
THE MAINTENANCE OF INTERNATIONAL
PEACE AND SECURITY
EFFECTS OF ATOMIC RADIATION
REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE TO
INVESTIGATE ISRAELI PRACTICES
AFFECTING THE HUMAN RIGHTS OF THE
POPULATION OF THE OCCUPIED
TERRITORIES
QUESTIONS RELATING TO INFORMATION
UNITED NATIONS RELIEF AND WORKS
AGENCY FOR PALESTINE REFUGEES IN
THE NEAR EAST
DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL
ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION
TRAINING AND RESEARCH
UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL AND
TRAINING PROGRAMME FOR SOUTHERN
AFRICA
OFFERS BY MEMBER STATES OF STUDY
AND TRAINING FACILITIES FOR
INHABITANTS OF NON-SELF-GOVERNING
TERRITORIES

Letter dated 30 September 1986 from the Permanent
Representative of Zimbabwe to the United Nations
addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to forward a copy of the final documents adopted by the Eighth Summit Conference of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Harare, Zimbabwe, from 1 to 6 September 1986, with the request that it may be circulated among Member States as an official document of the General Assembly, under agenda items 19, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 40, 43, 45, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 74, 75, 79, 81, 107 and 108, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) I. S. G. MUDENGE
Ambassador
Permanent Representative

ANNEX

Final documents of the Eighth Conference of Heads of State or
Government of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Harare, Zimbabwe,
from 1 to 6 September 1986

CONTENTS

Page

| | |
|---|-----|
| I. POLITICAL DECLARATION | 7 |
| Special Declaration on southern Africa | 143 |
| Action for Resisting Invasion, Colonialism and <u>Apartheid</u> Fund | 152 |
| Special appeal by the Eighth Summit Conference of the Non-Aligned Movement for the immediate independence of Namibia | 154 |
| Harare appeal on disarmament | 157 |
| Harare Declaration on the Strengthening of Collective Action | 160 |
| II. ECONOMIC DECLARATION | 163 |
| Action Programme for Economic Co-operation | 262 |

Appendices

| | |
|--|-----|
| I. Agenda for the Eighth Conference of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries | 298 |
| II. Keynote address by the Honourable Robert Gabriel Mugabe, Prime Minister of the Republic of Zimbabwe | 304 |
| III. Report of the Rapporteur-General | 322 |
| IV. Report of the Conference of Foreign Ministers of Non-Aligned Countries | 337 |
| V. Report of the meeting of the Preparatory Committee at the level of senior officials and ambassadors | 349 |
| VI. Report of the Political Committee | 362 |
| VII. Report of the Economic Committee | 364 |
| VIII. Closing address by the Honourable Robert Gabriel Mugabe, Prime Minister of the Republic of Zimbabwe | 366 |

CONTENTS (continued)

| | <u>Page</u> |
|---|-------------|
| IX. Resolution of thanks to the Government and people of Zimbabwe | 373 |
| X. Participation at the Conference* | 375 |

* The full list of participants has been distributed separately (NAC/CONF.8/Doc.23).

I. POLITICAL DECLARATION

CONTENTS

| | <u>Page</u> |
|---|-------------|
| I. INTRODUCTION | 10 |
| II. ROLE OF NON-ALIGNMENT | 13 |
| III. ASSESSMENT OF THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION | 18 |
| IV. DISARMAMENT AND INTERNATIONAL SECURITY | 23 |
| V. PEACEFUL USES OF NUCLEAR ENERGY | 40 |
| VI. SITUATION IN SOUTHERN AFRICA | 42 |
| VII. WESTERN SAHARA | 67 |
| VIII. MAYOTTE | 69 |
| IX. MALAGASY ISLANDS | 70 |
| X. MAURITIAN SOVEREIGNTY OVER THE CHAGOS ARCHIPELAGO, INCLUDING DIEGO GARCIA | 70 |
| XI. CHAD | 71 |
| XII. SOUTH-EAST ASIA | 71 |
| XIII. KOREA | 72 |
| XIV. SOUTH-WEST ASIA | 73 |
| XV. IRAN-IRAQ CONFLICT | 74 |
| XVI. NEW CALEDONIA | 75 |
| XVII. SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST | 76 |
| XVIII. ISRAELI AGGRESSION AGAINST IRAQI NUCLEAR INSTALLATIONS | 84 |
| XIX. QUESTION OF PALESTINE | 85 |
| XX. LEBANON | 91 |
| XXI. INDIAN OCEAN AS A ZONE OF PEACE | 92 |
| XXII. ANTARCTICA | 94 |
| XXIII. CYPRUS | 95 |
| XXIV. THE MEDITERRANEAN | 97 |

CONTENTS (continued)

| | <u>Page</u> |
|--|-------------|
| XXV. THE UNITED STATES AGGRESSION AGA'NST LIBYA | 99 |
| XXVI. EUROPE | 101 |
| XXVII. LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN | 102 |
| XXVIII. IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES | 121 |
| XXIX. RIGHT TO DEVELOPMENT | 123 |
| XXX. INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM | 123 |
| XXXI. NON-AGGRESSION AND NON-THREAT OR USE OF FORCE IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS | 125 |
| XXXII. PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES | 126 |
| XXXIII. NON-INTERVENTION AND NON-INTERFERENCE | 128 |
| XXXIV. UNESCO | 128 |
| XXXV. RIGHT OF NATIONS TO PRESERVE THEIR CULTURE AND NATIONAL HERITAGE ... | 129 |
| XXXVI. NEW INTERNATIONAL INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION ORDER | 130 |
| XXXVII. INTERNATIONAL YEAR OF PEACE | 135 |
| XXXVIII. THE UNITED NATIONS | 136 |
| XXXIX. STRENGTHENING OF COLLECTIVE ACTION | 140 |
| XL. FURTHER GATHERINGS OF NON-ALIGNED COUNTRIES | 141 |
| XLI. COMPOSITION OF THE CO-ORDINATING BUREAU | 142 |
| SPECIAL DECLARATION ON SOUTHERN AFRICA | 143 |
| ACTION FOR RESISTING INVASION, COLONIALISM AND <u>APARTHEID</u> FUND | 152 |
| SPECIAL APPEAL BY THE EIGHTH SUMMIT CONFERENCE OF THE NON-ALIGNED MOVEMENT FOR THE IMMEDIATE INDEPENDENCE OF NAMIBIA | 154 |
| HARARE APPEAL ON DISARMAMENT | 157 |
| HARARE DECLARATION ON THE STRENGTHENING OF COLLECTIVE ACTION | 160 |

/...

I. INTRODUCTION

1. The Eighth Summit Conference of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries was held in Harare, Zimbabwe, from 1 to 6 September 1986.
2. The Conference was preceded by a Conference of Foreign Ministers of Non-Aligned Countries from 28 to 29 August 1986.
3. The representatives of the following countries and organizations which are members of the Movement participated in the Eighth Conference: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Côte D'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Ecuador, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Palestine Liberation Organization, Panama, Peru, Qatar, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, South West Africa People's Organization, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Syrian Arab Republic, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen Arab Republic, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia and Zimbabwe.

/...

4. The representatives of the following countries and organizations, as well as national liberation movements, attended the Conference as Observers: Brazil, Mexico, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Uruguay, Venezuela, African National Congress, Afro-Asian People's Solidarity Organization, Front de Libération Nationale Kanak et Socialiste, League of Arab States, Organization of the Islamic Conference, Organization of African Unity, Pan Africanist Congress of Azania, Socialist Party of Puerto Rico, United Nations.

5. Guest delegations were present at the Conference from the following countries and organizations: Australia, Austria, Dominican Republic, Finland, Greece, Holy See, Mongolia, Portugal, Romania, San Marino, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Commonwealth secretariat, Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, International Committee of the Red Cross, International Conference on the Question of Palestine, International Fund for Agricultural Development, Latin American Economic System, Preferential Trade Area, Southern African Development Co-ordination Conference, United Nations Ad Hoc Committee on the Indian Ocean, United Nations Commissioner for Namibia, United Nations Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People, United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund, United Nations Council for Namibia, United Nations Development Programme, United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, United Nations Special Committee against Apartheid, United

Nations Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples, World Food Programme and World Health Organization.

* See appendix II.

**X. MAURITIAN SOVEREIGNTY OVER THE CHAGOS ARCHIPELAGO,
INCLUDING DIEGO GARCIA**

137. The Heads of State or Government fully supported Mauritian sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, which was detached from the territory of Mauritius by the former colonial power in 1965 in violation of United Nations General Assembly resolutions 1514 (XV) and 2066 (XX). The establishment and strengthening of the military base at Diego Garcia has endangered the sovereignty, territorial integrity and peaceful development of Mauritius and other States. They called for the early return of Diego Garcia to Mauritius.



General Assembly

Distr.
GENERAL

A/42/681
27 October 1987

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Forty-second session

Agenda items 18, 20, 21, 24, 26, 27, 28,
29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38,
39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 46, 47, 48, 49,
50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59,
60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69,
70, 71, 72, 73, 75, 76, 78, 79, 80, 82,
85, 87, 91, 92, 103, 104, 108, 109,
110, 117, 126, 128, 129, 131, 134, 137
and 138

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE
TO COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES

RETURN OR RESTITUTION OF CULTURAL PROPERTY TO THE COUNTRIES
OF ORIGIN

CRITICAL ECONOMIC SITUATION IN AFRICA: UNITED NATIONS PROGRAMME
OF ACTION FOR AFRICAN ECONOMIC RECOVERY AND DEVELOPMENT 1986-1990

THE SITUATION IN KAMPUCHEA

INTERNATIONAL YEAR OF PEACE

ZONE OF PEACE AND CO-OPERATION OF THE SOUTH ATLANTIC

ARMED ISRAELI AGGRESSION AGAINST THE IRAQI NUCLEAR INSTALLATIONS
AND ITS GRAVE CONSEQUENCES FOR THE ESTABLISHED INTERNATIONAL
SYSTEM CONCERNING THE PEACEFUL USES OF NUCLEAR ENERGY, THE
NON-PROLIFERATION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS AND INTERNATIONAL PEACE
AND SECURITY

QUESTION OF THE COMORIAN ISLAND OF MAYOTTE

JUDGMENT OF THE INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE OF 27 JUNE 1986
CONCERNING MILITARY AND PARAMILITARY ACTIVITIES IN AND AGAINST
NICARAGUA: NEED FOR IMMEDIATE COMPLIANCE

THE SITUATION IN AFGHANISTAN AND ITS IMPLICATIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL
PEACE AND SECURITY

LAW OF THE SEA

POLICIES OF APARTHEID OF THE GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH AFRICA

THE SITUATION IN CENTRAL AMERICA: THREATS TO INTERNATIONAL PEACE
AND SECURITY AND PEACE INITIATIVES

DECLARATION OF THE ASSEMBLY OF HEADS OF STATE AND GOVERNMENT
OF THE ORGANIZATION OF AFRICAN UNITY ON THE AERIAL AND NAVAL
MILITARY ATTACK AGAINST THE SOCIALIST PEOPLE'S LIBYAN ARAB
JAMAHIRIYA BY THE PRESENT UNITED STATES ADMINISTRATION IN
APRIL 1986

QUESTION OF NAMIBIA

QUESTION OF THE FALKLAND ISLANDS (MALVINAS)

QUESTION OF PALESTINE

THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCE FOR THE PROMOTION OF INTERNATIONAL
CO-OPERATION IN THE PEACEFUL USES OF NUCLEAR ENERGY

REVIEW OF THE EFFICIENCY OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL
FUNCTIONING OF THE UNITED NATIONS

QUESTION OF PEACE, STABILITY AND CO-OPERATION IN SOUTH-EAST ASIA

CURRENT FINANCIAL CRISIS OF THE UNITED NATIONS

LAUNCHING OF GLOBAL NEGOTIATIONS ON INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC
CO-OPERATION FOR DEVELOPMENT

QUESTION OF CYPRUS

CONSEQUENCES OF THE PROLONGATION OF THE ARMED CONFLICT BETWEEN
IRAN AND IRAQ

IMPLEMENTATION OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION 41/45 CONCERNING
THE SIGNATURE AND RATIFICATION OF ADDITIONAL PROTOCOL I OF THE
TREATY FOR THE PROHIBITION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS IN LATIN AMERICA
(TREATY OF TLAHELCO)

CESSATION OF ALL NUCLEAR-TEST EXPLOSIONS

URGENT NEED FOR A COMPREHENSIVE NUCLEAR-TEST-BAN TREATY

ESTABLISHMENT OF A NUCLEAR-WEAPON-FREE ZONE IN THE REGION
OF THE MIDDLE EAST

ESTABLISHMENT OF A NUCLEAR-WEAPON-FREE ZONE IN SOUTH ASIA

CONVENTION ON PROHIBITIONS OR RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF CERTAIN
CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS WHICH MAY BE DEEMED TO BE EXCESSIVELY
INJURIOUS OR TO HAVE INDISCRIMINATE EFFECTS

CONCLUSION OF EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL ARRANGEMENTS ON THE
STRENGTHENING OF THE SECURITY OF NON-NUCLEAR-WEAPON STATES
AGAINST THE USE OR THREAT OF USE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS

CONCLUSION OF EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL ARRANGEMENTS TO ASSURE
NON-NUCLEAR-WEAPON STATES AGAINST THE USE OR THREAT OF USE
OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS

PREVENTION OF AN ARMS RACE IN OUTER SPACE

IMPLEMENTATION OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION 41/54 ON THE IMMEDIATE
CESSATION AND PROHIBITION OF NUCLEAR-WEAPON TESTS

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE DENUCLEARIZATION OF AFRICA

PROHIBITION OF THE DEVELOPMENT AND MANUFACTURE OF NEW TYPES OF
WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION AND NEW SYSTEMS OF SUCH WEAPONS

REDUCTION OF MILITARY BUDGETS

CHEMICAL AND BACTERIOLOGICAL (BIOLOGICAL) WEAPONS

GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT

REVIEW AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CONCLUDING DOCUMENT OF THE TWELFTH
SPECIAL SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

THIRD SPECIAL SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY DEVOTED TO DISARMAMENT

WORLD DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE

REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE RECOMMENDATIONS AND DECISIONS
ADOPTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT ITS TENTH SPECIAL SESSION

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION OF THE INDIAN OCEAN
AS A ZONE OF PEACE

ISRAELI NUCLEAR ARMAMENT

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN DISARMAMENT AND DEVELOPMENT

QUESTION OF ANTARCTICA

STRENGTHENING OF SECURITY AND CO-OPERATION IN THE
MEDITERRANEAN REGION

REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE
STRENGTHENING OF INTERNATIONAL SECURITY

COMPREHENSIVE SYSTEM OF INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY

REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE ISRAELI PRACTICES
AFFECTING THE HUMAN RIGHTS OF THE POPULATION OF THE OCCUPIED
TERRITORIES

INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATION IN THE PEACEFUL USES OF OUTER SPACE

QUESTIONS RELATING TO INFORMATION

UNITED NATIONS RELIEF AND WORKS AGENCY FOR PALESTINE REFUGEES
IN THE NEAR EAST

QUESTION OF THE MALAGASY ISLANDS OF GLORIEUSES, JUAN DE NOVA,
EUROPA AND BASSAS DA INDIA

DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION

EXTERNAL DEBT CRISIS AND DEVELOPMENT

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROGRAMME OF ACTION FOR THE SECOND DECADE
TO COMBAT RACISM AND RACIAL DISCRIMINATION

IMPORTANCE OF THE UNIVERSAL REALIZATION OF THE RIGHT OF PEOPLES
TO SELF-DETERMINATION AND OF THE SPEEDY GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE
TO COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES FOR THE EFFECTIVE GUARANTEE
AND OBSERVANCE OF HUMAN RIGHTS

ELIMINATION OF ALL FORMS OF RACIAL DISCRIMINATION

OFFICE OF THE UNITED NATIONS HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR REFUGEES

INTERNATIONAL CAMPAIGN AGAINST TRAFFIC IN DRUGS

INFORMATION FROM NON-SELF-GOVERNING TERRITORIES TRANSMITTED
UNDER ARTICLE 73 e OF THE CHARTER OF THE UNITED NATIONS

ACTIVITIES OF FOREIGN ECONOMIC AND OTHER INTERESTS WHICH ARE
IMPEDING THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE
GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES
IN NAMIBIA AND IN ALL OTHER TERRITORIES UNDER COLONIAL
DOMINATION AND EFFORTS TO ELIMINATE COLONIALISM, APARTHEID
AND RACIAL DISCRIMINATION IN SOUTHERN AFRICA

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE
TO COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES BY THE SPECIALIZED AGENCIES AND
THE INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE UNITED NATIONS

FINANCIAL EMERGENCY OF THE UNITED NATIONS

MEASURES TO PREVENT INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM WHICH ENDANGERS OR TAKES
INNOCENT HUMAN LIVES OR JEOPARDIZES FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS AND STUDY
OF THE UNDERLYING CAUSES OF THOSE FORMS OF TERRORISM AND ACTS OF
VIOLENCE WHICH LIE IN MISERY, FRUSTRATION, GRIEVANCE AND DESPAIR AND
WHICH CAUSE SOME PEOPLE TO SACRIFICE HUMAN LIVES, INCLUDING THEIR
OWN, IN AN ATTEMPT TO EFFECT RADICAL CHANGES

PROGRESSIVE DEVELOPMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES AND NORMS OF INTERNATIONAL
LAW RELATING TO THE NEW INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC ORDER

PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES BETWEEN STATES

REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON ENHANCING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF
THE PRINCIPLE OF NON-USE OF FORCE IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

REPORT OF THE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON THE DRAFTING OF AN INTERNATIONAL
CONVENTION AGAINST THE RECRUITMENT, USE, FINANCING AND TRAINING OF
MERCENARIES

REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON THE CHARTER OF THE UNITED NATIONS
AND ON THE STRENGTHENING OF THE ROLE OF THE ORGANIZATION

DEVELOPMENT AND STRENGTHENING OF GOOD-NEIGHBOURLINESS BETWEEN STATES

Letter dated 23 October 1987 from the Permanent Representative of
Zimbabwe to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit herewith a copy of the final communiqué of the Meeting of Ministers for Foreign Affairs and Heads of Delegation of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries to the forty-second session of the United Nations General Assembly, held in New York from 5 to 7 October 1987, with the request that it be circulated among Member States as an official document of the General Assembly under agenda items 18, 20, 21, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 75, 76, 78, 79, 80, 82, 85, 87, 91, 92, 103, 104, 108, 109, 110, 117, 126, 128, 129, 131, 134, 137 and 138.

(Signed) I. S. G. MUDENGE
Ambassador
Permanent Representative

/...

ANNEX

Final communiqué of the Meeting of Ministers for Foreign Affairs
and Heads of Delegation of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries
to the forty-second session of the United Nations General Assembly
held in New York from 5 to 7 October 1987

XI. MAURITIAN SOVEREIGNTY OVER THE CHAGOS ARCHIPELAGO,
INCLUDING DIEGO GARCIA

55. The Ministers and heads of delegation reaffirmed their support for Mauritian sovereignty over the Chagos archipelago, including Diego Garcia, which was detached from the territory of Mauritius by the former colonial power in 1965 in violation of United Nations General Assembly resolutions 1514 (XV) and 2066 (XX) of 14 December 1960 and 16 December 1965, respectively. The establishment and strengthening of the military base at Diego Garcia has endangered the sovereignty, territorial integrity and peaceful development of Mauritius and other States. They called for the early return of Diego Garcia to Mauritius.



General Assembly Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

A/43/667
S/20212
4 October 1988

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Forty-third session

Agenda items 18, 22, 23, 29, 30, 31, 32,
33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 42, 43,
44, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54,
55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64,
65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 75,
76, 77, 79, 80, 82, 83, 87, 88, 91, 95,
96, 102, 103, 108, 109, 110, 116, 128,
129, 133, 135, 136, 137, 139, 143 and
146

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON
THE GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO
COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES

THE SITUATION IN CENTRAL AMERICA:
THREATS TO INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND
SECURITY AND PEACE INITIATIVES

THE SITUATION IN KAMPUCHEA

QUESTION OF NAMIBIA

THE SITUATION IN AFGHANISTAN AND ITS
IMPLICATIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACE
AND SECURITY

ZONE OF PEACE AND CO-OPERATION OF THE
SOUTH ATLANTIC

QUESTION OF THE COMORIAN ISLAND OF
MAYOTTE

JUDGMENT OF THE INTERNATIONAL COURT OF
JUSTICE OF 27 JUNE 1986 CONCERNING
MILITARY AND PARAMILITARY ACTIVITIES
IN AND AGAINST NICARAGUA: NEED FOR
IMMEDIATE COMPLIANCE

QUESTION OF THE FALKLAND ISLANDS
(MALVINAS)

LAW OF THE SEA

SECURITY COUNCIL
Forty-third year

POLICIES OF APARTHEID OF THE
GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH AFRICA
QUESTION OF PALESTINE
FORTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF THE UNIVERSAL
DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS
CRITICAL ECONOMIC SITUATION IN
AFRICA: UNITED NATIONS PROGRAMME OF
ACTION FOR AFRICAN ECONOMIC RECOVERY
AND DEVELOPMENT 1986-1990
THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST
QUESTION OF PEACE, STABILITY AND
CO-OPERATION IN SOUTH-EAST ASIA
DECLARATION OF THE ASSEMBLY OF HEADS
OF STATE AND GOVERNMENT OF THE
ORGANIZATION OF AFRICAN UNITY ON THE
AERIAL AND NAVAL MILITARY ATTACK
AGAINST THE SOCIALIST PEOPLE'S
LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA BY THE
PRESENT UNITED STATES ADMINISTRATION
IN APRIL 1986
LAUNCHING OF GLOBAL NEGOTIATIONS ON
INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION
FOR DEVELOPMENT
ARMED ISRAELI AGGRESSION AGAINST THE
IRAQI NUCLEAR INSTALLATIONS AND ITS
GRAVE CONSEQUENCES FOR THE
ESTABLISHED INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM
CONCERNING THE PEACEFUL USES OF
NUCLEAR ENERGY, THE
NON-PROLIFERATION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS
AND INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY
QUESTION OF CYPRUS
CONSEQUENCES OF THE PROLONGATION OF
THE ARMED CONFLICT BETWEEN IRAN AND
IRAQ
REVIEW OF THE EFFICIENCY OF THE
ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL
FUNCTIONING OF THE UNITED NATIONS
CURRENT FINANCIAL CRISIS OF THE UNITED
NATIONS
IMPLEMENTATION OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY
RESOLUTION 42/25 CONCERNING THE
SIGNATURE AND RATIFICATION OF
ADDITIONAL PROTOCOL I OF THE TREATY
FOR THE PROHIBITION OF NUCLEAR
WEAPONS IN LATIN AMERICA (TREATY OF
TILATELOLCO)
CESSATION OF ALL NUCLEAR-TEST
EXPLOSIONS

URGENT NEED FOR A COMPREHENSIVE
NUCLEAR-TEST-BAN TREATY
ESTABLISHMENT OF A NUCLEAR-WEAPON-FREE
ZONE IN THE REGION OF THE MIDDLE EAST
ESTABLISHMENT OF A NUCLEAR-WEAPON-FREE
ZONE IN SOUTH ASIA
CONVENTION ON PROHIBITIONS OR
RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF CERTAIN
CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS WHICH MAY BE
DEEMED TO BE EXCESSIVELY INJURIOUS
OR TO HAVE INDISCRIMINATE EFFECTS
CONCLUSION OF EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL
ARRANGEMENTS ON THE STRENGTHENING OF
THE SECURITY OF NON-NUCLEAR-WEAPON
STATES AGAINST THE USE OR THREAT OF
USE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS
CONCLUSION OF EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL
ARRANGEMENTS TO ASSURE
NON-NUCLEAR-WEAPON STATES AGAINST
THE USE OR THREAT OF USE OF NUCLEAR
WEAPONS
PREVENTION OF AN ARMS RACE IN OUTER
SPACE
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON
THE DENUCLEARIZATION OF AFRICA
PROHIBITION OF THE DEVELOPMENT AND
MANUFACTURE OF NEW TYPES OF WEAPONS
OF MASS DESTRUCTION AND NEW SYSTEMS
OF SUCH WEAPONS; REPORT OF THE
CONFERENCE ON DISARMAMENT
REDUCTION OF MILITARY BUDGETS
CHEMICAL AND BACTERIOLOGICAL
(BIOLOGICAL) WEAPONS
GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT
REVIEW AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
CONCLUDING DOCUMENT OF THE TWELFTH
SPECIAL SESSION OF THE GENERAL
ASSEMBLY
REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
RECOMMENDATIONS AND DECISIONS
ADOPTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT
ITS FIFTEENTH SPECIAL SESSION
REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
RECOMMENDATIONS AND DECISIONS
ADOPTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT
ITS TENTH SPECIAL SESSION
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION OF
THE INDIAN OCEAN AS A ZONE OF PEACE
ISRAELI NUCLEAR ARMAMENT
QUESTION OF ANTARCTICA

STRENGTHENING OF SECURITY AND
CO-OPERATION IN THE MEDITERRANEAN
REGION
REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
DECLARATION ON THE STRENGTHENING OF
INTERNATIONAL SECURITY
COMPREHENSIVE SYSTEM OF INTERNATIONAL
PEACE AND SECURITY
INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATION IN THE
PEACEFUL USES OF OUTER SPACE
UNITED NATIONS RELIEF AND WORKS AGENCY
FOR PALESTINE REFUGEES IN THE NEAR
EAST
REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE TO
INVESTIGATE ISRAELI PRACTICES
AFFECTING THE HUMAN RIGHTS OF THE
POPULATION OF THE OCCUPIED
TERRITORIES
QUESTIONS RELATING TO INFORMATION
QUESTION OF THE MALAGASY ISLANDS OF
GLORIEUSES, JUAN DE NOVA, EUROPA
AND BASSAS DA INDIA
DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC
CO-OPERATION
EXTERNAL DEBT CRISIS AND DEVELOPMENT
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROGRAMME OF
ACTION FOR THE SECOND DECADE TO
COMBAT RACISM AND RACIAL
DISCRIMINATION
ADVERSE CONSEQUENCES FOR THE ENJOYMENT
OF HUMAN RIGHTS OF POLITICAL,
MILITARY, ECONOMIC AND OTHER FORMS
OF ASSISTANCE GIVEN TO THE RACIST
AND COLONIALIST REGIME OF SOUTH
AFRICA
ELIMINATION OF ALL FORMS OF RACIAL
DISCRIMINATION
FORWARD-LOOKING STRATEGIES FOR THE
ADVANCEMENT OF WOMEN TO THE YEAR 2000
IMPORTANCE OF THE UNIVERSAL
REALIZATION OF THE RIGHT OF PEOPLES
TO SELF-DETERMINATION AND OF THE
SPEEDY GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO
COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES FOR
THE EFFECTIVE GUARANTEE AND
OBSERVANCE OF HUMAN RIGHTS
OFFICE OF THE UNITED NATIONS HIGH
COMMISSIONER FOR REFUGEES
INTERNATIONAL CAMPAIGN AGAINST TRAFFIC
IN DRUGS

INFORMATION FROM NON-SELF-GOVERNING
TERRITORIES TRANSMITTED UNDER
ARTICLE 73 a OF THE CHARTER OF THE
UNITED NATIONS

ACTIVITIES OF FOREIGN ECONOMIC AND
OTHER INTERESTS WHICH ARE IMPEDING
THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
DECLARATION ON THE GRANTING OF
INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL COUNTRIES
AND PEOPLES IN NAMIBIA AND IN ALL
OTHER TERRITORIES UNDER COLONIAL
DOMINATION AND EFFORTS TO ELIMINATE
COLONIALISM, APARTHEID AND RACIAL
DISCRIMINATION IN SOUTHERN AFRICA

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON
THE GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO
COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES BY
THE SPECIALIZED AGENCIES AND THE
INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

ASSOCIATED WITH THE UNITED NATIONS
FINANCIAL EMERGENCY OF THE UNITED
NATIONS

PROGRESSIVE DEVELOPMENT OF THE
PRINCIPLES AND NORMS OF
INTERNATIONAL LAW RELATING TO
THE NEW INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC
ORDER

PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES
BETWEEN STATES

REPORT OF THE AD_HOC COMMITTEE ON
THE DRAFTING OF AN INTERNATIONAL
CONVENTION AGAINST THE RECRUITMENT,
USE, FINANCING AND TRAINING OF
MERCENARIES

REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON THE
CHARTER OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND ON
THE STRENGTHENING OF THE ROLE OF THE
ORGANIZATION

DEVELOPMENT AND STRENGTHENING OF
GOOD-NEIGHBOURLINESS BETWEEN STATES

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON RELATIONS
WITH THE HOST COUNTRY

VERIFICATION IN ALL ITS ASPECTS

RESPONSIBILITY OF STATES FOR THE
PROTECTION OF THE ENVIRONMENT AND
PREVENTION OF ENVIRONMENTAL
POLLUTION AS A RESULT OF THE
ACCUMULATION OF TOXIC AND
RADIOACTIVE WASTES, AND
STRENGTHENING OF INTERNATIONAL
CO-OPERATION FOR THE PURPOSE OF
RESOLVING THE PROBLEM
PROMOTION OF PEACE, RECONCILIATION AND
DIALOGUE IN THE KOREAN PENINSULA

Letter dated 29 September 1988 from the Permanent Representative of
Cyprus to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to forward a copy of the final documents adopted by the Conference of Foreign Ministers of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries held at Nicosia from 5 to 10 September 1988, with the request that the present letter and its annex be circulated among Member States as an official document of the General Assembly, under agenda items 18, 22, 23, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 75, 76, 77, 79, 80, 82, 83, 87, 88, 91, 95, 96, 102, 103, 108, 109, 110, 116, 128, 129, 133, 135, 136, 137, 139, 143 and 146, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Constantine MOUSHOUTAS
Ambassador
Permanent Representative
of Cyprus to the
United Nations

ANNEX

Final documents of the Conference of Foreign Ministers
of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries, held at
Nicosia from 5 to 10 September 1988

CONTENTS

- I. POLITICAL PART
- II. ECONOMIC PART
- III. NICOSIA DECLARATION
- IV. DECISIONS
 - A. VENUE OF THE NINTH SUMMIT
 - B. ESTABLISHMENT OF A MINISTERIAL COMMITTEE
 - C. SPECIAL MINISTERIAL CONFERENCE OF THE
MOVEMENT OF NON-ALIGNED COUNTRIES ON
PEACE AND INTERNATIONAL LAW
 - D. ESTABLISHMENT OF A COMMITTEE ON KAMPUCHEA

APPENDICES

- A. AGENDA OF THE MINISTERIAL MEETING
- B. ADDRESS BY THE PRESIDENT OF CYPRUS
- C. MESSAGE FROM THE CHAIRMAN OF THE MOVEMENT
- D. REPORT OF THE RAPPORTEUR GENERAL
- E. REPORT OF THE MEETING OF AMBASSADORS AND
SENIOR OFFICIALS
- F. REPORT OF THE CO-ORDINATING BUREAU
- G. RESOLUTION ON APPRECIATION

I. POLITICAL PART

I. INTRODUCTION

1. The Conference of Foreign Ministers of Non-Aligned Countries was held in Nicosia, Cyprus, from 7 to 10 September 1988.

2. The Conference was preceded by a Meeting of Senior Officials on 5 and 6 September 1988.

3. The representatives of the following countries and organizations which are members of the Movement participated in the Conference: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, the Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Chad, Colombia, the Comoros, the Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Ecuador, Egypt, Ethiopia, Gabon, the Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iran (the Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, the Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Mal*, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, the Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Palestine Liberation Organization, Panama, Peru, Qatar, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, the South West Africa People's Organization, Sri Lanka, the Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, the Syrian Arab Republic, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, the United Arab Emirates, the United Republic of Tanzania, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, the Yemen Arab Republic, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia and Zimbabwe.

4. The representatives of the following countries and organizations, as well as national liberation movements, attended the Conference as observers: Brazil, Mexico, Mongolia, Papua New Guinea, the Philippines, Uruguay, Venezuela, the African National Congress, the Afro-Asian People's Solidarity Organization, the League of Arab States, the Pan-Africanist Congress of Azania, the Socialist Party of Puerto Rico and the United Nations.

5. Guest delegations were present at the Conference from the following countries and organizations: Australia, Austria, Finland, Greece, the Holy See, Portugal, Romania, San Marino, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, the Commonwealth Secretariat, the International Committee of the Red Cross, the International Fund for Agricultural Development, the Latin-American Economic System (SELA), the United Nations Ad Hoc Committee on the Indian Ocean, the United Nations Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People, the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD), the United Nations Council for Namibia, the United Nations Development Programme,

**VIII. MAURITIAN SOVEREIGNTY OVER THE CHAGOS ARCHIPELAGO,
INCLUDING DIEGO GARCIA**

110. The Ministers reiterated their full support for Mauritian sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, which was detached from the territory of Mauritius by the former colonial power in 1965, in violation of United Nations General Assembly Resolutions 1514 (XV) and 2066 (XX).

111. They also expressed their concern over the strengthening of the military base at Diego Garcia, whose establishment has endangered the sovereignty, territorial integrity and peaceful development of Mauritius and other States. They called once again for the early return of Diego Garcia to Mauritius.



General Assembly Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

A/44/409 ✓

S/20743

26 July 1989

ENGLISH

ORIGINAL: ARABIC/ENGLISH/
FRENCH/SPANISH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Forty-fourth session

Items 18, 20, 21, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31,
32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42,
43, 44, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54,
55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65,
66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76,
77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87,
89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 95, 96, 97, 99, 101, 104,
105, 106, 108, 110, 111, 112, 116, 117, 118,
119, 120, 121, 127, 135, 136, 137, 138, 140,
141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148 and
149 of the provisional agenda*

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE
GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL
COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES

RETURN OR RESTITUTION OF CULTURAL PROPERTY
TO THE COUNTRIES OF ORIGIN

ACHIEVEMENTS OF THE INTERNATIONAL YEAR OF PEACE
SHORT-TERM, MEDIUM-TERM AND LONG-TERM SOLUTIONS
TO THE PROBLEMS OF NATURAL DISASTERS IN
BANGLADESH

JUDGMENT OF THE INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE
OF 27 JUNE 1986 CONCERNING MILITARY AND
PARAMILITARY ACTIVITIES IN AND AGAINST
NICARAGUA: NEED FOR IMMEDIATE COMPLIANCE

POLICIES OF APARTHEID OF THE GOVERNMENT OF
SOUTH AFRICA

QUESTION OF THE COMORIAN ISLAND OF MAYOTTE
LAW OF THE SEA

SECURITY COUNCIL

Forty-fourth year

* A/44/150.

A/44/409
S/20743
English
Page 2

THE SITUATION IN KAMPUCHEA
THE SITUATION IN AFGHANISTAN AND ITS
IMPLICATIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACE
AND SECURITY
ZONE OF PEACE AND CO-OPERATION OF THE
SOUTH ATLANTIC
THE SITUATION IN CENTRAL AMERICA: THREATS
TO INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY
AND PEACE INITIATIVES
QUESTION OF THE FALKLAND ISLANDS (MALVINAS)
QUESTION OF NAMIBIA
THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST
REVIEW OF THE EFFICIENCY OF THE
ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL FUNCTIONING
OF THE UNITED NATIONS
QUESTION OF PALESTINE
CURRENT FINANCIAL CRISIS OF THE UNITED
NATIONS
QUESTION OF PEACE, STABILITY AND
CO-OPERATION IN SOUTH-EAST ASIA
DECLARATION OF THE ASSEMBLY OF HEADS OF
STATE AND GOVERNMENT OF THE ORGANIZATION
OF AFRICAN UNITY ON THE AERIAL AND NAVAL
MILITARY ATTACK AGAINST THE SOCIALIST
PEOPLE'S LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA BY THE
PRESENT UNITED STATES ADMINISTRATION IN
APRIL 1986
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE RESOLUTIONS OF THE
UNITED NATIONS
LAUNCHING OF GLOBAL NEGOTIATIONS ON
INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION FOR
DEVELOPMENT
ARMED ISRAELI AGGRESSION AGAINST THE
IRAQI NUCLEAR INSTALLATIONS AND ITS GRAVE
CONSEQUENCES FOR THE ESTABLISHED
INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM CONCERNING THE
PEACEFUL USES OF NUCLEAR ENERGY, THE
NON-PROLIFERATION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS AND
INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY
QUESTION OF CYPRUS
CONSEQUENCES OF THE PROLONGATION OF THE
ARMED CONFLICT BETWEEN IRAN AND IRAQ
IMPLEMENTATION OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY
RESOLUTION 43/62 CONCERNING THE SIGNATURE
AND RATIFICATION OF ADDITIONAL PROTOCOL I
OF THE TREATY FOR THE PROHIBITION OF
NUCLEAR WEAPONS IN LATIN AMERICA (TREATY
OF TLAHELCOG)
CESSATION OF ALL NUCLEAR TEST EXPLOSIONS

AMENDMENT OF THE TREATY BANNING NUCLEAR
WEAPON TESTS IN THE ATMOSPHERE, IN OUTER
SPACE AND UNDER WATER
URGENT NEED FOR A COMPREHENSIVE
NUCLEAR-TEST-BAN TREATY: REPORT OF
THE CONFERENCE ON DISARMAMENT
ESTABLISHMENT OF A NUCLEAR-WEAPON-FREE
ZONE IN THE REGION OF THE MIDDLE EAST
ESTABLISHMENT OF A NUCLEAR-WEAPON-FREE
ZONE IN SOUTH ASIA
CONVENTION ON PROHIBITIONS OR
RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF CERTAIN
CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS WHICH MAY BE DEEMED
TO BE EXCESSIVELY INJURIOUS OR TO HAVE
INDISCRIMINATE EFFECTS
CONCLUSION OF EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL
ARRANGEMENTS ON THE STRENGTHENING OF THE
SECURITY OF NON-NUCLEAR-WEAPON STATES
AGAINST THE USE OR THREAT OF USE OF
NUCLEAR WEAPONS
CONCLUSION OF EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL
ARRANGEMENTS TO ASSURE NON-NUCLEAR-WEAPON
STATES AGAINST THE USE OR THREAT OF USE
OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS
PREVENTION OF AN ARMS RACE IN OUTER SPACE
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE
DENUCLEARIZATION OF AFRICA
PROHIBITION OF THE DEVELOPMENT AND
MANUFACTURE OF NEW TYPES OF WEAPONS OF
MASS DESTRUCTION AND NEW SYSTEMS OF SUCH
WEAPONS: REPORT OF THE CONFERENCE ON
DISARMAMENT
REDUCTION OF MILITARY BUDGETS
CHEMICAL AND BACTERIOLOGICAL (BIOLOGICAL)
WEAPONS
GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT
REVIEW AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
CONCLUDING DOCUMENT OF THE TWELFTH
SPECIAL SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNOLOGICAL DEVELOPMENTS
AND THEIR IMPACT ON INTERNATIONAL SECURITY
REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
RECOMMENDATIONS AND DECISIONS ADOPTED BY
THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT ITS TENTH SPECIAL
SESSION
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION OF THE
INDIAN OCEAN AS A ZONE OF PEACE
ISRAELI NUCLEAR ARMAMENT
COMPLIANCE WITH ARMS LIMITATION AND
DISARMAMENT AGREEMENTS

A/44/409
S/20743
English
Page 4

QUESTION OF ANTARCTICA
STRENGTHENING OF SECURITY AND
CO-OPERATION IN THE MEDITERRANEAN REGION
REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
DECLARATION ON THE STRENGTHENING OF
INTERNATIONAL SECURITY
COMPREHENSIVE APPROACH TO STRENGTHENING
INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY IN
ACCORDANCE WITH THE CHARTER OF THE
UNITED NATIONS
LIABILITY FOR THE ILLEGAL TRANSFER AND/OR
USE OF PROHIBITED WEAPONS AND WEAPONS OR
SUBSTANCES WHICH CAUSE UNNECESSARY HUMAN
SUFFERING
EFFECTS OF ATOMIC RADIATION
INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATION IN THE
PEACEFUL USES OF OUTER SPACE
UNITED NATIONS RELIEF AND WORKS AGENCY
FOR PALESTINE REFUGEES IN THE NEAR EAST
REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE TO
INVESTIGATE ISRAELI PRACTICES AFFECTING
THE HUMAN RIGHTS OF THE POPULATION OF
THE OCCUPIED TERRITORIES
COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW OF THE WHOLE
QUESTION OF PEACE-KEEPING OPERATIONS IN
ALL THEIR ASPECTS
QUESTIONS RELATING TO INFORMATION
QUESTION OF THE MALAGASY ISLANDS OF
GLORIEUSES, JUAN DE NOVA, EUROPA AND
BASSAS DA INDIA
QUESTION OF THE COMPOSITION OF THE
RELEVANT ORGANS OF THE UNITED NATIONS
DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC
CO-OPERATION
PREPARATIONS FOR THE SPECIAL SESSION OF
THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY IN 1990
EXTERNAL DEBT CRISIS AND DEVELOPMENT
PROTECTION OF GLOBAL CLIMATE FOR PRESENT
AND FUTURE GENERATIONS OF MANKIND
OPERATIONAL ACTIVITIES FOR DEVELOPMENT
SPECIAL ECONOMIC AND DISASTER RELIEF
ASSISTANCE
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROGRAMME OF ACTION
FOR THE SECOND DECADE TO COMBAT RACISM
AND RACIAL DISCRIMINATION
WORLD SOCIAL SITUATION
TWENTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF THE PROCLAMATION
OF THE DECLARATION ON SOCIAL PROGRESS AND
DEVELOPMENT

/...

NATIONAL EXPERIENCE IN ACHIEVING
FAR-REACHING SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHANGES
FOR THE PURPOSE OF SOCIAL PROGRESS
INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH AND TRAINING
INSTITUTE FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF WOMEN
PREPARATION AND ORGANIZATION OF
INTERNATIONAL LITERACY YEAR
ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES AND WAYS AND MEANS
WITHIN THE UNITED NATIONS SYSTEM FOR
IMPROVING THE EFFECTIVE ENJOYMENT OF
HUMAN RIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS
INTERNATIONAL COVENANTS ON HUMAN RIGHTS
ELIMINATION OF ALL FORMS OF RACIAL
DISCRIMINATION
ELIMINATION OF ALL FORMS OF
DISCRIMINATION AGAINST WOMEN
FORWARD-LOOKING STRATEGIES FOR THE
ADVANCEMENT OF WOMEN TO THE YEAR 2000
IMPORTANCE OF THE UNIVERSAL REALIZATION
OF THE RIGHT OF PEOPLES TO
SELF-DETERMINATION AND OF THE SPEEDY
GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL
COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES FOR THE EFFECTIVE
GUARANTEE AND OBSERVANCE OF HUMAN RIGHTS
HUMAN RIGHTS AND SCIENTIFIC AND
TECHNOLOGICAL DEVELOPMENTS
EFFECTIVE IMPLEMENTATION OF INTERNATIONAL
INSTRUMENTS ON HUMAN RIGHTS, INCLUDING
REPORTING OBLIGATIONS UNDER INTERNATIONAL
INSTRUMENTS ON HUMAN RIGHTS
OFFICE OF THE UNITED NATIONS HIGH
COMMISSIONER FOR REFUGEES
INTERNATIONAL CAMPAIGN AGAINST TRAFFIC
IN DRUGS
PREPARATION OF AN INSTRUMENT ON HUMAN
RIGHTS BASED ON SOLIDARITY
INFORMATION FROM NON-SELF-GOVERNING
TERRITORIES TRANSMITTED UNDER
ARTICLE 73 g OF THE CHARTER OF THE
UNITED NATIONS
ACTIVITIES OF FOREIGN ECONOMIC AND OTHER
INTERESTS WHICH ARE IMPEDING THE
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE
GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL
COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES IN NAMIBIA AND IN
ALL OTHER TERRITORIES UNDER COLONIAL
DOMINATION AND EFFORTS TO ELIMINATE
COLONIALISM, APARTHEID AND RACIAL
DISCRIMINATION IN SOUTHERN AFRICA

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES BY THE SPECIALIZED AGENCIES AND THE INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE UNITED NATIONS

UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL AND TRAINING PROGRAMME FOR SOUTHERN AFRICA

OFFERS BY MEMBER STATES OF STUDY AND TRAINING FACILITIES FOR INHABITANTS OF NON-SELF-GOVERNING TERRITORIES

FINANCIAL EMERGENCY OF THE UNITED NATIONS

FINANCING OF THE UNITED NATIONS PEACE-KEEPING FORCES IN THE MIDDLE EAST

FINANCING OF THE UNITED NATIONS IRAN-IRAQ MILITARY OBSERVER GROUP

FINANCING OF THE UNITED NATIONS ANGOLA VERIFICATION MISSION

FINANCING OF THE UNITED NATIONS TRANSITION ASSISTANCE GROUP

UNITED NATIONS PROGRAMME OF ASSISTANCE IN THE TEACHING, STUDY, DISSEMINATION AND WIDER APPRECIATION OF INTERNATIONAL LAW

MEASURES TO PREVENT INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM WHICH ENDANGERS OR TAKES INNOCENT HUMAN LIVES OR JEOPARDIZES FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS AND STUDY OF THE UNDERLYING CAUSES OF THOSE FORMS OF TERRORISM AND ACTS OF VIOLENCE WHICH LIE IN MISERY, FRUSTRATION, GRIEVANCE AND DESPAIR AND WHICH CAUSE SOME PEOPLE TO SACRIFICE HUMAN LIVES, INCLUDING THEIR OWN, IN AN ATTEMPT TO EFFECT RADICAL CHANGES

PROGRESSIVE DEVELOPMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES AND NORMS OF INTERNATIONAL LAW RELATING TO THE NEW INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC ORDER

PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES BETWEEN STATES

DRAFT CODE OF CRIMES AGAINST THE PEACE AND SECURITY OF MANKIND

REPORT OF THE UNITED NATIONS COMMISSION ON INTERNATIONAL TRADE LAW ON THE WORK OF ITS TWENTY-SECOND SESSION

REPORT OF THE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON THE DRAFTING OF AN INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION AGAINST THE RECRUITMENT, USE, FINANCING AND TRAINING OF MERCENARIES

REPORT OF THE INTERNATIONAL LAW COMMISSION ON THE WORK OF ITS FORTY-FIRST SESSION

REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON THE
CHARTER OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND ON
THE STRENGTHENING OF THE ROLE OF THE
ORGANIZATION
REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON RELATIONS WITH
THE HOST COUNTRY

Letter dated 19 July 1989 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the
Permanent Mission of Zimbabwe to the United Nations addressed to
the Secretary-General

I have the honour to forward the enclosed final documents of the Ministerial Meeting of the Co-ordinating Bureau of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Harare, from 17 to 19 May 1989, with the request that they be circulated as an official document of the General Assembly under items 18, 20, 21, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 95, 96, 97, 99, 101, 104, 105, 106, 108, 110, 111, 112, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 127, 135, 136, 137, 138, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148 and 149 of the provisional agenda, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) C. J. TSOKODAYI
Chargé d'affaires a.i.

ANNEX

Final documents of the Ministerial Meeting of the Co-ordinating
Bureau of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Harare
from 17 to 19 May 1989

Contents

- I. POLITICAL DECLARATION
- II. ECONOMIC DECLARATION
- III. SPECIAL DECLARATION ON NAMIBIA
- IV. REPORT OF THE CHAIRMAN OF THE CO-ORDINATING BUREAU OF THE
MOVEMENT OF NON-ALIGNED COUNTRIES ON ACTIVITIES OF THE MOVEMENT
DURING THE PERIOD OCTOBER 1988 TO MAY 1989
- V. REPORT OF THE RAPPORTEUR GENERAL

I. Political Declaration

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | Paragraphs |
|---|------------|
| I. Introduction | 1- 5 |
| II. Role of Non-Alignment | 6- 11 |
| III. Assessment of the international situation | 12- 17 |
| IV. Disarmament and international security | 18- 45 |
| V. Situation in Southern Africa | 46- 49 |
| A. Destabilization | 50- 63 |
| B. Namibia | 64- 79 |
| C. South Africa | 80- 98 |
| VI. Western Sahara | 99-102 |
| VII. Mayotte | 103-105 |
| VIII. Malagasy Islands | 106 |
| IX. Mauritian sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia | 107-108 |
| X. Chad | 109 |
| XI. South-East Asia | 110-113 |
| XII. Korea | 114-116 |
| XIII. South-West Asia | 117-121 |
| XIV. Iran-Iraq conflict | 122-125 |
| XV. The United States downing of an Iranian civil aircraft | 126 |
| XVI. New Caledonia | 127-130 |
| XVII. Situation in the Middle East | 131-149 |

| | | |
|---------|---|---------|
| XVIII. | Israeli aggression against Iraqi nuclear installations | 150 |
| XIX. | The question of Palestine | 151-172 |
| XX. | Lebanon | 173-176 |
| XXI. | Indian Ocean as a zone of peace | 177-183 |
| XXII. | Antarctica | 184-187 |
| XXIII. | Cyprus | 188-190 |
| XXIV. | The Mediterranean | 195-201 |
| XXV. | The United States aggression against the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya | 202 |
| XXVI. | Europe | 203-206 |
| XXVII. | Latin America and the Caribbean | 207-243 |
| XXVIII. | The zone of peace and co-operation of the South Atlantic | 244 |
| XXIX. | Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples | 245-250 |
| XXX. | Right to development | 251-253 |
| XXXI. | Peaceful use of nuclear energy | 254-257 |
| XXXII. | International terrorism | 258-261 |
| XXXIII. | Non-aggression and non-threat or use of force in international relations | 262-264 |
| XXXIV. | Peaceful settlement of disputes | 265-270 |
| XXXV. | Non-intervention and non- interference | 271-273 |
| XXXVI. | UNESCO | 274-276 |

| | | |
|----------|--|---------|
| XXXVII. | Right of nations to preserve their culture and national heritage | 277-279 |
| XXXVIII. | New International Information and Communication Order | 280-295 |
| XXXIX. | The United Nations | 296-305 |
| XL. | Strengthening of collective action | 306-310 |

I. INTRODUCTION

1. The Ministerial Meeting of the Co-ordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Countries was held in Harare, Zimbabwe, from 17 to 19 May 1989.
2. The Conference was preceded by a Meeting of Senior Officials on 15 and 16 May 1989.
3. The representatives of the following countries and organizations which are members of the Movement participated in the Conference: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bolivia, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Capu Verde, Chad, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Cote d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Democratic Yemen, Ecuador, Egypt, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriyah, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Palestine, Panama, Peru, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, South West Africa People's Organization, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Syrian Arab Republic, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Viet Nam, Yemen Arab Republic, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia and Zimbabwe.
4. The following countries, organizations and national liberation movements attended the Ministerial Meeting as Observers: Brazil, Mexico, Mongolia, Philippines, Venezuela, African National Congress, Afro-Asian People's Solidarity Organization, Organization of the Islamic Conference, Organization of African Unity, Socialist Party of Puerto Rico and the United Nations.
5. Guest delegations were present at the Conference from the following countries and organizations: Australia, Austria, Finland, Greece, Holy See, Portugal, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, Group of 77, International Fund for Agricultural Development, United Nations Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People, Southern African Development Co-ordination Conference, South Commission, United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD), United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, United Nations Special Committee against Apartheid, United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO), Special Committee on the Situation with regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples and International Committee of the Red Cross.

**IX. MAURITIAN SOVEREIGNTY OVER THE CHAGOS ARCHIPELAGO,
INCLUDING DIEGO GARCIA**

107. The Ministers reiterated their full support for Mauritian sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, which was detached from the territory of Mauritius by the former colonial power in 1965, in violation of United Nations General Assembly resolutions 1514 (XV) and 2066 (XX).

108. The Ministers also expressed their concern over the strengthening of the military base at Diego Garcia, whose establishment has endangered the sovereignty, territorial integrity and peaceful development of Mauritius and other States. They called once again for the early return of Diego Garcia to Mauritius.


General Assembly Security Council

 Distr.
GENERAL

 A/44/551
 S/20870
 29 September 1989
 ENGLISH
 ORIGINAL: ARABIC/ENGLISH/
 FRENCH/SPANISH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Forty-fourth session

 Agenda items 18, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34,
 35, 36, 37, 39, 41, 42, 44, 47, 49, 50,
 51, 52, 53, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62,
 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 70, 71, 72, 73,
 77, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 86, 88, 89,
 90, 96, 98, 100, 103, 104, 105, 107,
 109, 110, 111, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119,
 120, 139, 140, 141 and 149

 IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE
 GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL
 COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES

 POLICIES OF APARTHEID OF THE GOVERNMENT
 OF SOUTH AFRICA

QUESTION OF THE COMORIAN ISLAND OF MAYOTTE

THE SITUATION IN KAMPUCHEA

 THE SITUATION IN AFGHANISTAN AND ITS
 IMPLICATIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACE
 AND SECURITY

 ZONE OF PEACE AND CO-OPERATION OF THE
 SOUTH ATLANTIC

 THE SITUATION IN CENTRAL AMERICA: THREATS
 TO INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY AND
 PEACE INITIATIVES

QUESTION OF THE FALKLAND ISLANDS (MALVINAS)

QUESTION OF NAMIBIA

THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

QUESTION OF PALESTINE

 QUESTION OF PEACE, STABILITY AND
 CO-OPERATION IN SOUTH-EAST ASIA

 DECLARATION OF THE ASSEMBLY OF HEADS OF
 STATE AND GOVERNMENT OF THE ORGANIZATION
 OF AFRICAN UNITY ON THE AERIAL AND
 NAVAL MILITARY ATTACK AGAINST THE
 SOCIALIST PEOPLE'S LIBYAN ARAB
 JAMAHIRIYA BY THE PRESENT UNITED STATES
 ADMINISTRATION IN APRIL 1986

SECURITY COUNCIL

Forty-fourth year

LAUNCHING OF GLOBAL NEGOTIATIONS ON
INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION FOR
DEVELOPMENT

QUESTION OF CYPRUS

IMPLEMENTATION OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY
RESOLUTION 43/62 CONCERNING THE
SIGNATURE AND RATIFICATION OF
ADDITIONAL PROTOCOL I OF THE TREATY
FOR THE PROHIBITION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS
IN LATIN AMERICA (TREATY OF TLATELOLCO)

CESSATION OF ALL NUCLEAR-TEST EXPLOSIONS
AMENDMENT OF THE TREATY BANNING NUCLEAR
WEAPON TESTS IN THE ATMOSPHERE, IN OUTER
SPACE AND UNDER WATER

URGENT NEED FOR A COMPREHENSIVE NUCLEAR-
TEST-BAN TREATY

ESTABLISHMENT OF A NUCLEAR-WEAPON-FREE
ZONE IN THE REGION OF THE MIDDLE EAST

CONCLUSION OF EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL
ARRANGEMENTS ON THE STRENGTHENING OF
THE SECURITY OF NON-NUCLEAR-WEAPON
STATES AGAINST THE USE OR THREAT OF
USE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS

CONCLUSION OF EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL
ARRANGEMENTS TO ASSURE NON-NUCLEAR-
WEAPON STATES AGAINST THE USE OR THREAT
OF USE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS

PREVENTION OF AN ARMS RACE IN OUTER SPACE
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE
DENUCLEARIZATION OF AFRICA

PROHIBITION OF THE DEVELOPMENT AND
MANUFACTURE OF NEW TYPES OF WEAPONS
OF MASS DESTRUCTION AND NEW SYSTEMS
OF SUCH WEAPONS

REDUCTION OF MILITARY BUDGETS
CHEMICAL AND BACTERIOLOGICAL (BIOLOGICAL)
WEAPONS

GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT

REVIEW AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
CONCLUDING DOCUMENT OF THE TWELFTH
SPECIAL SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNOLOGICAL DEVELOPMENTS
AND THEIR IMPACT ON INTERNATIONAL
SECURITY

REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
RECOMMENDATIONS AND DECISIONS ADOPTED
BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT ITS TENTH
SPECIAL SESSION

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION OF THE
INDIAN OCEAN AS A ZONE OF PEACE

ISRAELI NUCLEAR ARMAMENT
QUESTION OF ANTARCTICA
STRENGTHENING OF SECURITY AND CO-OPERATION
IN THE MEDITERRANEAN REGION
REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
DECLARATION ON THE STRENGTHENING OF
INTERNATIONAL SECURITY
COMPREHENSIVE APPROACH TO STRENGTHENING
INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY IN
ACCORDANCE WITH THE CHARTER OF THE
UNITED NATIONS
REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE TO
INVESTIGATE ISRAELI PRACTICES AFFECTING
THE HUMAN RIGHTS OF THE POPULATION OF
THE OCCUPIED TERRITORIES
QUESTIONS RELATING TO INFORMATION
QUESTION OF THE MALAGASY ISLANDS OF
GLORIEUSES, JUAN DE NOVA, EUROPA AND
BASSAS DA INDIA
QUESTION OF THE COMPOSITION OF THE RELEVANT
ORGANS OF THE UNITED NATIONS
DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC
CO-OPERATION
PREPARATIONS FOR THE SPECIAL SESSION OF THE
GENERAL ASSEMBLY IN 1990
EXTERNAL DEBT CRISIS AND DEVELOPMENT
OPERATIONAL ACTIVITIES FOR DEVELOPMENT
SPECIAL ECONOMIC AND DISASTER RELIEF
ASSISTANCE
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROGRAMME OF ACTION
FOR THE SECOND DECADE TO COMBAT RACISM
AND RACIAL DISCRIMINATION
WORLD SOCIAL SITUATION
ALTERNATIVE APPROACHES AND WAYS AND MEANS
WITHIN THE UNITED NATIONS SYSTEM FOR
IMPROVING THE EFFECTIVE ENJOYMENT OF
HUMAN RIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS
INTERNATIONAL COVENANTS ON HUMAN RIGHTS
ELIMINATION OF ALL FORMS OF RACIAL
DISCRIMINATION
ELIMINATION OF ALL FORMS OF DISCRIMINATION
AGAINST WOMEN
FORWARD-LOOKING STRATEGIES FOR THE
ADVANCEMENT OF WOMEN TO THE YEAR 2000
IMPORTANCE OF THE UNIVERSAL REALIZATION OF
THE RIGHT OF PEOPLES TO SELF-DETERMINATION
AND OF THE SPEEDY GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE
TO COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES FOR THE
EFFECTIVE GUARANTEE AND OBSERVANCE OF
HUMAN RIGHTS

HUMAN RIGHTS AND SCIENTIFIC AND
TECHNOLOGICAL DEVELOPMENTS
EFFECTIVE IMPLEMENTATION OF INTERNATIONAL
INSTRUMENTS ON HUMAN RIGHTS, INCLUDING
REPORTING OBLIGATIONS UNDER INTERNATIONAL
INSTRUMENTS ON HUMAN RIGHTS
OFFICE OF THE UNITED NATIONS HIGH
COMMISSIONER FOR REFUGEES
INTERNATIONAL CAMPAIGN AGAINST TRAFFIC IN
DRUGS
PREPARATION OF AN INSTRUMENT ON HUMAN RIGHTS
BASED ON SOLIDARITY
INFORMATION FROM NON-SELF-GOVERNING
TERRITORIES TRANSMITTED UNDER ARTICLE 73 e
OF THE CHARTER OF THE UNITED NATIONS
ACTIVITIES OF FOREIGN ECONOMIC AND OTHER
INTERESTS WHICH ARE IMPEDING THE
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE
GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL
COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES IN NAMIBIA AND IN
ALL OTHER TERRITORIES UNDER COLONIAL
DOMINATION AND EFFORTS TO ELIMINATE
COLONIALISM, APARTHEID AND RACIAL
DISCRIMINATION IN SOUTHERN AFRICA
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE
GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL
COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES BY THE SPECIALIZED
AGENCIES AND THE INTERNATIONAL
INSTITUTIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE UNITED
NATIONS
UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL AND TRAINING
PROGRAMME FOR SOUTHERN AFRICA
OFFERS BY MEMBER STATES OF STUDY AND
TRAINING FACILITIES FOR INHABITANTS OF
NON-SELF-GOVERNING TERRITORIES
MEASURES TO PREVENT INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM
WHICH ENDANGERS OR TAKES INNOCENT HUMAN
LIVES OR JEOPARDIZES FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS
AND STUDY OF THE UNDERLYING CAUSES OF
THOSE FORMS OF TERRORISM AND ACTS OF
VIOLENCE WHICH LIE IN MISERY,
FRUSTRATION, GRIEVANCE AND DESPAIR AND
WHICH CAUSE SOME PEOPLE TO SACRIFICE
HUMAN LIVES, INCLUDING THEIR OWN, IN AN
ATTEMPT TO EFFECT RADICAL CHANGES:
(a) REPORT OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

(b) CONVENING, UNDER THE AUSPICES OF
THE UNITED NATIONS, OF AN
INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE TO DEFINE
TERRORISM AND TO DIFFERENTIATE IT
FROM THE STRUGGLE OF PEOPLES FOR
NATIONAL LIBERATION
PROGRESSIVE DEVELOPMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES
AND NORMS OF INTERNATIONAL LAW RELATING
TO THE NEW INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC ORDER
PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES BETWEEN
STATES
UNITED NATIONS DECADE OF INTERNATIONAL LAW

Letter dated 22 September 1989 from the Permanent Representative
of Yugoslavia to the United Nations addressed to the
Secretary-General

I have the honour to forward the enclosed final documents of the Ninth Conference of Heads of State or Government of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Belgrade, from 4 to 7 September 1989, with the request that they be circulated as an official document of the General Assembly under agenda items 18, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 39, 41, 42, 44, 47, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 70, 71, 72, 73, 77, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 86, 88, 89, 90, 96, 98, 100, 103, 104, 105, 107, 109, 110, 111, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 139, 140, 141 and 149, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Dragoslav PEJIC
Ambassador

/...

ANNEX

Final documents of the Ninth Conference of Heads of State or
Government of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries, held at
Belgrade, from 4 to 7 September 1989

CONTENTS

| | <u>Page</u> |
|--|-------------|
| Declaration | 9 |
| International security and disarmament | 20 |
| Lebanon | 26 |
| Afghanistan | 27 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 29 |
| Cyprus | 34 |
| Iran-Iraq | 35 |
| Western Sahara | 36 |
| Korea | 37 |
| Question of Palestine | 38 |
| The Arab-Israeli conflict | 41 |
| South-East Asia | 42 |
| Southern Africa | 43 |
| Chad | 57 |
| New Caledonia | 58 |
| Decolonization | 59 |
| International terrorism | 60 |
| Peace and international law | 62 |
| Antarctica | 63 |
| The problems of refugees | 64 |

CONTENTS (continued)

| | <u>Page</u> |
|--|-------------|
| A more equitable distribution of posts within the United Nations system | 65 |
| Peaceful uses of nuclear energy | 66 |
| Information and communications | 67 |
| Mayotte, Malagasy islands and Chagos archipelagos | 69 |
| Declaration of the OAU <u>Ad Hoc</u> Committee on Southern Africa on the question of South Africa | 70 |
| Special declaration on Namibia by the Ninth Summit Conference of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries | 76 |
| Situation in South Africa | 78 |
| Decision on AFRICA Fund | 79 |
| Communiqué of the meeting of the Committee of Nine Non-Aligned Countries on Palestine | 80 |
| World economy and international economic relations | 83 |
| Debt, development finance and monetary issues | 87 |
| International trade and commodities | 93 |
| Science and technology | 98 |
| Food and agriculture | 100 |
| Least developed countries | 102 |
| Economic co-operation among developing countries | 103 |
| Environment | 107 |
| Critical economic situation in Africa | 110 |
| Living conditions of Palestinian people | 112 |
| Living conditions of the Arab Syrian citizens in the occupied Arab Syrian Golan | 113 |
| Role of women in development | 114 |

/...

CONTENTS (continued)

| | <u>Page</u> |
|--|-------------|
| Industrialization | 115 |
| Natural disasters | 116 |
| Land-locked developing countries | 117 |
| Child survival and development | 118 |
| Drug abuse and illicit trafficking | 119 |
| Agenda of the Ninth Conference of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries | 121 |
| Statement by H.E. Dr. Janez Drnovšek, President of the Presidency of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia | 122 |
| Report of the meeting of the Ministers of Foreign Affairs of Non-Aligned Countries | 127 |
| Report and recommendations of the Ministerial Committee | 131 |
| Report of the Political Committee | 139 |
| Report of the Economic Committee | 142 |
| Report of the Rapporteur-General | 144 |
| Resolution of thanks to the Government and people of Yugoslavia | 153 |

MAYOTTE, MALAGASY ISLANDS AND CHAGOS ARCHIPELAGOS

Recalling the full support of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries to the sovereignty of the Islamic Federal Republic of the Comoros over the Island of Mayotte, to the sovereignty of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar over the Malagasy islands of Glorieuse, Juan de Nova, Europa and Bassas da India, and to Mauritian sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia,

Emphasizing their conviction that concrete action with a view to finding a solution to these problems would contribute to reinforcing peace and international security in the region,

The Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries:

1. - Reaffirmed that the Comorian island of Mayotte, which is still under French occupation, is an integral part of the sovereign territory of the Islamic Federal Republic of the Comoros:

- Took note of the dialogue between the French authorities and the Islamic Federal Republic of the Comoros on this issue;

- Expressed their active solidarity with the people of the Comoros in their legitimate efforts to recover the Comorian island of Mayotte and to preserve the independence, unity and territorial integrity of the Comoros;

- Called on the Government of France to respect the just claim of the Islamic Federal Republic of the Comoros to the Comorian island of Mayotte, in accordance with its undertaking given on the eve of the archipelago's independence, and they categorically rejected any new form of consultation which might be organized by France on the Comorian territory of Mayotte concerning the international juridical status of the island, as the self-determination referendum held on 22 December 1974 remains the only valid consultation applicable to the entire archipelago.

2. - With regard to the Malagasy islands of Glorieuse, Europa, Juan de Nova and Bassas da India - reaffirmed that it is imperative that the unity and territorial integrity of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar be safeguarded. To that end, they strongly urged all parties concerned to begin negotiations without delay in line with the pertinent resolutions and decisions of the United Nations, the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries and the Organization of African Unity, in particular United Nations General Assembly Resolution 34/91 of 12 September 1979 and of Resolution 701 of the Thirty-Fifth Ministerial Conference of the Organization of African Unity.

3. - Expressed their full support for Mauritian sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, which was detached from the territory of Mauritius by the former colonial power in 1965,

- Expressed their concern over the strengthening of the military base at Diego Garcia, which has endangered the sovereignty, territorial integrity and peaceful development of Mauritius and other States. They called once again for the return of Diego Garcia to Mauritius without delay.

/.../



General Assembly
Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

A/49/287
S/1994/894
29 July 1994
ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: ARABIC/ENGLISH/
FRENCH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Forty-ninth session

SECURITY COUNCIL
Forty-ninth year

Agenda items 18, 24, 25, 33, 34,
35, 36, 38, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44,
48, 50, 51, 52, 53, 56, 57, 58,
59, 60, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 69,
70, 72, 73, 79, 80, 90 (a) and
(c), 91 (c) and (i), 92 (a),
95, 96, 97, 98, 100, 101, 102,
103, 143, 145 and 147 of the
provisional agenda*

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE
GRANTING OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL
COUNTRIES AND PEOPLES

NECESSITY OF ENDING THE ECONOMIC
COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL EMBARGO
IMPOSED BY THE UNITED STATES OF
AMERICA AGAINST CUBA

THE SITUATION IN BURUNDI

QUESTION OF EQUITABLE REPRESENTATION
ON AND INCREASE IN THE MEMBERSHIP
OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

THE SITUATION OF DEMOCRACY AND
HUMAN RIGHTS IN HAITI

LAW OF THE SEA

QUESTION OF THE COMORIAN ISLAND
OF MAYOTTE

THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

THE SITUATION IN BOSNIA AND
HERZEGOVINA

QUESTION OF PALESTINE

THE SITUATION IN CENTRAL AMERICA:
PROCEDURES FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT
OF A FIRM AND LASTING PEACE AND
PROGRESS IN FASHIONING A REGION
OF PEACE, FREEDOM, DEMOCRACY
AND DEVELOPMENT

* A/49/150.

RESTRUCTURING AND REVITALIZATION OF
THE UNITED NATIONS IN THE ECONOMIC,
SOCIAL AND RELATED FIELDS
COMMEMORATION OF THE FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY
OF THE UNITED NATIONS IN 1995
LAUNCHING OF GLOBAL NEGOTIATIONS ON
INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC COOPERATION
FOR DEVELOPMENT
THE SITUATION IN AFGHANISTAN AND ITS
IMPLICATIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL
PEACE AND SECURITY
REVITALIZATION OF THE WORK OF THE
GENERAL ASSEMBLY
QUESTION OF CYPRUS
CONSEQUENCES OF THE IRAQI OCCUPATION
OF AND AGGRESSION AGAINST KUWAIT
THE ROLE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN
THE CONTEXT OF INTERNATIONAL SECURITY,
DISARMAMENT AND OTHER RELATED FIELDS
AMENDMENT OF THE TREATY BANNING NUCLEAR
WEAPON TESTS IN THE ATMOSPHERE, IN
OUTER SPACE AND UNDER WATER
COMPREHENSIVE TEST-BAN TREATY
ESTABLISHMENT OF A NUCLEAR-WEAPON-FREE
ZONE IN THE REGION OF THE MIDDLE EAST
ESTABLISHMENT OF A NUCLEAR-WEAPON-FREE
ZONE IN SOUTH ASIA
CONCLUSION OF EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL
ARRANGEMENTS TO ASSURE NON-NUCLEAR-
WEAPON STATES AGAINST THE USE OR
THREAT OF USE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS
GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT
REVIEW AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
CONCLUDING DOCUMENT OF THE TWELFTH
SPECIAL SESSION OF THE GENERAL
ASSEMBLY
REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
RECOMMENDATIONS AND DECISIONS
ADOPTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT
ITS TENTH SPECIAL SESSION
ISRAELI NUCLEAR ARMAMENT
STRENGTHENING OF SECURITY AND COOPERATION
IN THE MEDITERRANEAN REGION
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION OF THE
INDIAN OCEAN AS A ZONE OF PEACE
CONSOLIDATION OF THE REGIME ESTABLISHED
BY THE TREATY FOR THE PROHIBITION OF
NUCLEAR WEAPONS IN LATIN AMERICA AND
THE CARIBBEAN (TREATY OF TLAHELCO)
FINAL TEXT OF A TREATY ON AN AFRICAN
NUCLEAR-WEAPON-FREE ZONE

REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE TO
INVESTIGATE ISRAELI PRACTICES
AFFECTING THE HUMAN RIGHTS OF
THE PALESTINIAN PEOPLE AND OTHER
ARABS OF THE OCCUPIED TERRITORIES
COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW OF THE WHOLE
QUESTION OF PEACE-KEEPING
OPERATIONS IN ALL THEIR ASPECTS
MACROECONOMIC POLICY QUESTIONS:
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE COMMITMENTS
AND POLICIES AGREED UPON IN THE
DECLARATION ON INTERNATIONAL
ECONOMIC COOPERATION, IN PARTICULAR
THE REVITALIZATION OF ECONOMIC
GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE
DEVELOPING COUNTRIES
EXTERNAL DEBT CRISIS AND DEVELOPMENT
SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL
ECONOMIC COOPERATION:
REPORT OF THE INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE
ON POPULATION AND DEVELOPMENT
INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION FOR THE
ERADICATION OF POVERTY IN DEVELOPING
COUNTRIES
ENVIRONMENT AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT:
IMPLEMENTATION OF DECISIONS AND
RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE UNITED NATIONS
CONFERENCE ON ENVIRONMENT AND DEVELOPMENT
AGENDA FOR DEVELOPMENT
ELIMINATION OF RACISM AND RACIAL
DISCRIMINATION
RIGHT OF PEOPLES TO SELF-
DETERMINATION
SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, INCLUDING
QUESTIONS RELATING TO THE
WORLD SOCIAL SITUATION AND
TO YOUTH, AGEING, DISABLED
PERSONS AND THE FAMILY
ADVANCEMENT OF WOMEN
INTERNATIONAL DRUG CONTROL
REPORT OF THE UNITED NATIONS HIGH
COMMISSIONER FOR REFUGEES, QUESTIONS
RELATING TO REFUGEES, RETURNEES AND
DISPLACED PERSONS AND HUMANITARIAN
QUESTIONS
HUMAN RIGHTS QUESTIONS
REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON THE
CHARTER OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND ON
THE STRENGTHENING OF THE ROLE OF THE
ORGANIZATION
MEASURES TO ELIMINATE INTERNATIONAL
TERRORISM

/...

A/49/287
S/1994/894
English
Page 4

REQUEST FOR AN ADVISORY OPINION FROM
THE INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE

Letter dated 25 June 1994 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs
of Egypt addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the pleasure to enclose herewith the documents of the Eleventh Ministerial Conference of the countries of the Non-Aligned Movement, held at Cairo from 31 May to 3 June 1994.

I request that the present letter and the enclosed documents be circulated as a document of the General Assembly, under items 18, 24, 25, 33, 34, 35, 36, 38, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 48, 50, 51, 52, 53, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 69, 70, 72, 73, 79, 80, 90 (a) and (c), 91 (c) and (i), 92 (a), 95, 96, 97, 98, 100, 101, 102, 103, 143, 145 and 147 of the provisional agenda, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Amre MOUSSA
Minister for Foreign Affairs of Egypt

/...

ANNEX*

Documents adopted by the Eleventh Ministerial Conference
of the Movement of the Non-Aligned Countries, held at
Cairo from 31 May to 3 June 1994

CONTENTS

| | <u>Page</u> |
|--|-------------|
| I. FINAL DOCUMENT OF THE CONFERENCE | 6 |
| II. THE CAIRO DECLARATION | 72 |
| III. RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY THE CONFERENCE | 74 |
| 1. Resolution on Bosnia and Herzegovina | 74 |
| 2. Resolution on Rwanda | 76 |
| 3. Resolution on Lebanon | 77 |
| IV. Annexes | |
| 1. Inaugural speech of President Mohamed Hosni Mubarak | 78 |
| 2. Report of the Chairman of the Movement | 89 |
| 3. General report of the Conference | 111 |
| 4. Agenda of the Conference | 120 |
| 5. Report of the meeting of senior officials | 121 |
| 6. Vote of thanks | 124 |

* The present text is being issued as received, without formal editing.

I

FINAL DOCUMENT OF THE ELEVENTH MINISTERIAL CONFERENCE OF THE
MOVEMENT OF THE NON-ALIGNED COUNTRIES

CONTENTS

| | <u>Page</u> |
|---|-------------|
| I. INTRODUCTION | 7 |
| II. REVIEW OF THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION SINCE THE JAKARTA SUMMIT ... | 8 |
| III. THE ROLE OF THE MOVEMENT | 10 |
| IV. THE MOVEMENT AND THE RESTRUCTURING OF THE UNITED NATIONS | 12 |
| V. DISARMAMENT AND INTERNATIONAL SECURITY | 20 |
| VI. THE MOVEMENT AND INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC COOPERATION FOR DEVELOPMENT | 24 |
| VII. ENVIRONMENT AND DEVELOPMENT | 35 |
| VIII. LAW OF THE SEA | 37 |
| IX. HUMAN RIGHTS | 38 |
| X. SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT | 41 |
| XI. THE MOVEMENT: GENERAL POLITICAL ISSUES | 45 |
| XII. DATE AND VENUE OF THE ELEVENTH CONFERENCE OF HEADS OF STATE OR GOVERNMENT | 69 |
| XIII. CONCLUDING REMARKS BY THE CHAIRMAN OF THE CONFERENCE | 69 |
| XIV. CONCLUSION | 71 |

CHAGOS ARCHIPELAGO

172- The Ministers reiterated the support of the Non- Aligned Movement for the sovereignty of Mauritius over the Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, and called on the former colonial power to pursue the dialogue with the Government of Mauritius for the early return of the Archipelago. In that respect, they noted with satisfaction the initiation of certain confidence building measures by the two parties.



General Assembly
Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

A/53/667
S/1998/1071
13 November 1998
ENGLISH

ORIGINAL: ARABIC, ENGLISH,
FRENCH AND SPANISH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Fifty-third session

SECURITY COUNCIL
Fifty-third year

Agenda items 10, 11, 12, 14, 18, 20, 21,
23, 24, 26, 27, 29, 30, 31, 35, 37, 38,
39, 40, 42, 45, 46, 48, 50, 51, 52, 53,
54, 55, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64,
65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74,
75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 83, 84, 85, 86,
87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96,
97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104,
105, 106, 108, 109, 110, 115, 118, 143,
149, 153, 154, 155, 160 and 164

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON THE WORK OF THE
ORGANIZATION

REPORT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

REPORT OF THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL

REPORT OF THE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE GRANTING
OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND
PEOPLES

STRENGTHENING OF THE COORDINATION OF HUMANITARIAN
AND DISASTER RELIEF ASSISTANCE OF THE UNITED
NATIONS, INCLUDING SPECIAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE
COOPERATION BETWEEN THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE
ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES

COOPERATION BETWEEN THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE
CARIBBEAN COMMUNITY

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE UNITED NATIONS NEW AGENDA
FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF AFRICA IN THE 1990s,
INCLUDING MEASURES AND RECOMMENDATIONS AGREED
UPON AT ITS MID-TERM REVIEW

COOPERATION BETWEEN THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE
ORGANIZATION OF THE ISLAMIC CONFERENCE

COOPERATION BETWEEN THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE
LEAGUE OF ARAB STATES

NECESSITY OF ENDING THE ECONOMIC, COMMERCIAL AND
FINANCIAL EMBARGO IMPOSED BY THE UNITED STATES
OF AMERICA AGAINST CUBA

UNITED NATIONS REFORM: MEASURES AND PROPOSALS
CULTURE OF PEACE

98-35564 (E) 091298



/...

COOPERATION BETWEEN THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE ORGANIZATION OF AFRICAN UNITY
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE OUTCOME OF THE WORLD SUMMIT FOR SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT
OCEANS AND THE LAW OF THE SEA
QUESTION OF PALESTINE
THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST
ASSISTANCE IN MINE CLEARANCE
THE SITUATION IN AFGHANISTAN AND ITS IMPLICATIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY
FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF THE UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS
REPORT OF THE INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL FOR THE PROSECUTION OF PERSONS RESPONSIBLE FOR SERIOUS VIOLATIONS OF INTERNATIONAL HUMANITARIAN LAW COMMITTED IN THE TERRITORY OF THE FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SINCE 1991
REPORT OF THE INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL TRIBUNAL FOR THE PROSECUTION OF PERSONS RESPONSIBLE FOR GENOCIDE AND OTHER SERIOUS VIOLATIONS OF INTERNATIONAL HUMANITARIAN LAW COMMITTED IN THE TERRITORY OF RWANDA AND RWANDAN CITIZENS RESPONSIBLE FOR GENOCIDE AND OTHER SUCH VIOLATIONS COMMITTED IN THE TERRITORY OF NEIGHBOURING STATES BETWEEN 1 JANUARY AND 31 DECEMBER 1994
ELIMINATION OF COERCIVE ECONOMIC MEASURES AS A MEANS OF POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC COMPULSION
DECLARATION OF THE ASSEMBLY OF HEADS OF STATE AND GOVERNMENT OF THE ORGANIZATION OF AFRICAN UNITY ON THE AERIAL AND NAVAL MILITARY ATTACK AGAINST THE SOCIALIST PEOPLE'S LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA BY THE PRESENT UNITED STATES ADMINISTRATION IN APRIL 1986
ARMED ISRAELI AGGRESSION AGAINST THE IRAQI NUCLEAR INSTALLATIONS AND ITS GRAVE CONSEQUENCES FOR THE ESTABLISHED INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM CONCERNING THE PEACEFUL USES OF NUCLEAR ENERGY, THE NON-PROLIFERATION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS AND INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY
CONSEQUENCES OF THE IRAQI OCCUPATION OF AND AGGRESSION AGAINST KUWAIT
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE RESOLUTIONS OF THE UNITED NATIONS
QUESTION OF THE COMORIAN ISLAND OF MAYOTTE
STRENGTHENING OF THE UNITED NATIONS SYSTEM
QUESTION OF EQUITABLE REPRESENTATION ON AND INCREASE IN THE MEMBERSHIP OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL AND RELATED MATTERS
REVITALIZATION OF THE WORK OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

RESTRUCTURING AND REVITALIZATION OF THE UNITED
NATIONS IN THE ECONOMIC, SOCIAL AND RELATED
FIELDS
QUESTION OF CYPRUS
ROLE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN THE CONTEXT OF
INTERNATIONAL SECURITY, DISARMAMENT AND OTHER
RELATED FIELDS
MAINTENANCE OF INTERNATIONAL SECURITY - PREVENTION
OF THE VIOLENT DISINTEGRATION OF STATES
REDUCTION OF MILITARY BUDGETS
ROLE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN THE CONTEXT OF
INTERNATIONAL SECURITY AND DISARMAMENT
ESTABLISHMENT OF A NUCLEAR-WEAPON-FREE ZONE IN THE
REGION OF THE MIDDLE EAST
ESTABLISHMENT OF A NUCLEAR-WEAPON-FREE ZONE IN
SOUTH ASIA
CONCLUSION OF EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL ARRANGEMENTS
TO ASSURE NON-NUCLEAR-WEAPON STATES AGAINST THE
USE OR THREAT OF USE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS
PREVENTION OF AN ARMS RACE IN OUTER SPACE
GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT
REVIEW AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CONCLUDING
DOCUMENT OF THE TWELFTH SPECIAL SESSION OF THE
GENERAL ASSEMBLY
REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
RECOMMENDATIONS AND DECISIONS ADOPTED BY THE
GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT ITS TENTH SPECIAL SESSION
THE RISK OF NUCLEAR PROLIFERATION IN THE MIDDLE
EAST
CONVENTION ON PROHIBITIONS OR RESTRICTIONS ON THE
USE OF CERTAIN CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS WHICH MAY BE
DEEMED TO BE EXCESSIVELY INJURIOUS OR TO HAVE
INDISCRIMINATE EFFECTS
STRENGTHENING OF SECURITY AND COOPERATION IN THE
MEDITERRANEAN REGION
CONSOLIDATION OF THE REGIME ESTABLISHED BY THE
TREATY FOR THE PROHIBITION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS IN
LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN (TREATY OF
TLATELOLCO)
CONVENTION ON THE PROHIBITION OF THE DEVELOPMENT,
PRODUCTION AND STOCKPILING OF BACTERIOLOGICAL
(BIOLOGICAL) AND TOXIN WEAPONS AND ON THEIR
DESTRUCTION
COMPREHENSIVE NUCLEAR-TEST-BAN TREATY
RATIONALIZATION OF THE WORK AND REFORM OF THE
AGENDA OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE
UNITED NATIONS RELIEF AND WORKS AGENCY FOR
PALESTINE REFUGEES IN THE NEAR EAST
REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE
ISRAELI PRACTICES AFFECTING THE HUMAN RIGHTS OF
THE PALESTINIAN PEOPLE AND OTHER ARABS OF THE
OCCUPIED TERRITORIES

/...

COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW OF THE WHOLE QUESTION OF
PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS IN ALL THEIR ASPECTS
QUESTIONS RELATING TO INFORMATION
INFORMATION FROM NON-SELF-GOVERNING TERRITORIES
TRANSMITTED UNDER ARTICLE 73 e OF THE CHARTER OF
THE UNITED NATIONS
ECONOMIC AND OTHER ACTIVITIES WHICH AFFECT THE
INTERESTS OF THE PEOPLES OF THE NON-SELF-
GOVERNING TERRITORIES
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE GRANTING
OF INDEPENDENCE TO COLONIAL COUNTRIES AND
PEOPLES BY THE SPECIALIZED AGENCIES AND THE
INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE
UNITED NATIONS
OFFERS BY MEMBER STATES OF STUDY AND TRAINING
FACILITIES FOR INHABITANTS OF NON-SELF-GOVERNING
TERRITORIES
MACROECONOMIC POLICY QUESTIONS
SECTORAL POLICY QUESTIONS
SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC
COOPERATION
ENVIRONMENT AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT
OPERATIONAL ACTIVITIES FOR DEVELOPMENT
TRAINING AND RESEARCH
PERMANENT SOVEREIGNTY OF THE PALESTINIAN PEOPLE IN
THE OCCUPIED PALESTINIAN TERRITORY, INCLUDING
JERUSALEM, AND OF THE ARAB POPULATION IN THE
OCCUPIED SYRIAN GOLAN OVER THEIR NATURAL
RESOURCES
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE FIRST UNITED NATIONS DECADE
FOR THE ERADICATION OF POVERTY (1997-2006)
COMMEMORATIVE MEETING OF THE TWENTIETH ANNIVERSARY
OF THE ADOPTION OF THE BUENOS AIRES PLAN OF
ACTION FOR PROMOTING AND IMPLEMENTING TECHNICAL
COOPERATION AMONG DEVELOPING COUNTRIES
SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, INCLUDING QUESTIONS RELATING
TO THE WORLD SOCIAL SITUATION AND TO YOUTH,
AGEING, DISABLED PERSONS AND THE FAMILY
CRIME PREVENTION AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE
INTERNATIONAL DRUG CONTROL
ADVANCEMENT OF WOMEN
IMPLEMENTATION OF THE OUTCOME OF THE FOURTH WORLD
CONFERENCE ON WOMEN
REPORT OF THE UNITED NATIONS HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR
REFUGEES: QUESTIONS RELATING TO REFUGEES AND
DISPLACED PERSONS AND HUMANITARIAN QUESTIONS
PROMOTION AND PROTECTION OF THE RIGHTS OF CHILDREN
ELIMINATION OF RACISM AND RACIAL DISCRIMINATION
RIGHT OF PEOPLES TO SELF-DETERMINATION
HUMAN RIGHTS QUESTIONS
IMPROVING THE FINANCIAL SITUATION OF THE UNITED
NATIONS

SCALE OF ASSESSMENTS FOR THE APPORTIONMENT OF THE
EXPENSES OF THE UNITED NATIONS
ADMINISTRATIVE AND BUDGETARY ASPECTS OF THE
FINANCING OF THE UNITED NATIONS PEACEKEEPING
OPERATIONS
UNITED NATIONS DECADE OF INTERNATIONAL LAW
ESTABLISHMENT OF AN INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL COURT
REPORT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON THE CHARTER OF
THE UNITED NATIONS AND ON THE STRENGTHENING OF
THE ROLE OF THE ORGANIZATION
MEASURES TO ELIMINATE INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM
GLOBAL IMPLICATIONS OF THE YEAR 2000 DATE
CONVERSION PROBLEM OF COMPUTERS
CAUSES OF CONFLICT AND THE PROMOTION OF DURABLE
PEACE AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT IN AFRICA

Letter dated 7 October 1998 from the Permanent Representative
of South Africa to the United Nations addressed to the
Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit to you herewith the documents of the Twelfth Conference of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Durban, South Africa, from 29 August to 3 September 1998 (see annexes).*

I should be grateful if the present letter and its enclosures could be circulated as a document of the General Assembly, under agenda items 10, 11, 12, 14, 18, 20, 21, 23, 24, 26, 27, 29, 30, 31, 35, 37, 38, 39, 40, 42, 45, 46, 48, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 108, 109, 110, 115, 118, 143, 149, 153, 154, 155, 160 and 164, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Khiphusizi J. JELE
Ambassador
Permanent Representative
Chairman of the Coordinating Bureau
of the Non-Aligned Movement

* The annexes are being issued in the languages of submission only.

Annex I

**FINAL DOCUMENT OF THE TWELFTH CONFERENCE OF
HEADS OF STATE OR GOVERNMENT OF NON-ALIGNED
COUNTRIES, HELD AT DURBAN, SOUTH AFRICA,
FROM 29 AUGUST TO 3 SEPTEMBER 1998**

CONTENTS

FOREWORD

- 1. DURBAN DECLARATION FOR THE NEW MILLENNIUM**
- 2. DURBAN FINAL DOCUMENT**

INTRODUCTION

CHAPTER I: GLOBAL ISSUES

Review of the International Situation
The Role of the Non-Aligned Movement
Dialogue between Civilisations
North-South Dialogue
Agenda for Peace
Strengthening, Restructuring, Revitalisation
and Democratisation of the United Nations
United Nations Peace-keeping Operations
Financial Situation of the United Nations
Regional Organisations
The Right to Self-Determination and Decolonisation
Mercenaries
Disarmament and International Security
Indian Ocean
Terrorism
International Law
Law of the Sea
Peaceful Settlement of Disputes
Culture of Peace

CHAPTER II: ANALYSIS OF THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION

Palestine and the Middle East

- Palestine
- Syrian Golan
- Lebanon
- The Peace Process

Europe

- Cyprus
- Security and Co-operation in the Mediterranean

/...

Africa

- Libya
- Western Sahara
- Sierra Leone
- Somalia
- Liberia
- Angola
- Chagos Archipelago
- Comoros
- Guinea Bissau
- Eritrea-Ethiopia

Asia

- Iraq
- Turkey-Iraq
- The Situation between Iraq and Kuwait
- Korean Peninsula
- Afghanistan
- South-East Asia

Latin America

- Cuba
- Guyana and Venezuela Controversy
- Panama

CHAPTER III: ECONOMIC ISSUES

The New Context of International Economic Co-operation

Agenda for Development

International Trade and Commodities

Financial, Investment and Monetary Issues

External Debt

Industrialisation

Food and Agriculture

Environment and Development

Science and Technology

Information and Communication

South-South Co-operation

Critical Economic Situation in Africa

Least Developed Countries

Land-Locked Developing Countries

Small Island Developing States

CHAPTER IV: SOCIAL ISSUES

Social Development
Poverty Eradication
Health
Education and Culture
Labour
Population and Development
International Migration and Development
Human Settlements
Human Rights
Racism and Racial Discrimination
Advancement of Women
Women and Armed Conflict
Humanitarian Problems, Refugees, Repatriated
and Internally Displaced Persons
The Situation of Children
Youth
Elderly People
Transnational Crime
International Drug Control

Annexures

Reservations

Address of President Nelson Mandela

Speech of President Andrés Pastrana-Arango

Report of the Rapporteur-General

Agenda

FOREWORD

1. The Twelfth Summit of Heads of State or Government of the Non-Aligned Countries was held in Durban, South Africa from 2 – 3 September 1998.
2. The Summit was preceded by a Preparatory Meeting at Ambassadorial/Senior Officials Level and a Preparatory Meeting at Ministerial Level held from 29 August to 1 September 1998.
3. The following Members of the Non-Aligned Movement attended the Summit:

Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Cote d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Republic of the Congo, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Ecuador, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Palestine, Panama, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Rwanda, Saint Lucia, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe.

4. The Representatives of the following countries attended the Summit as Observers:

Armenia, Belarus, Brazil, China (People's Republic), Costa Rica, Croatia, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Mexico, Paraguay, Ukraine, Uruguay.

The following organisations and national liberation movements also attended as Observers:

Organisation of African Unity, League of Arab States, Organization of the Islamic Conference, Afro-Asian People's Solidarity Organization,

/...

New Independentist Movement of Puerto Rico, Front de Liberation Nationale Kanak Socialiste (FLNKS).

5. The following countries and organisations attended the Summit as Guests:

Australia, Austria, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Canada, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Holy See, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Russian Federation, Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom of Great Britain and the United States of America.

6. The following organisations also attended:

United Nations Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People, United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO), United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), United Nations Education, Science and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO), Special Committee on Decolonisation, World Intellectual Property Organisation (WIPO), Group of 77 Developing Countries, Group of Eight, European Union, International Committee of the Red Cross, World Federalist Movement, South Centre, Preparatory Commission for the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test Ban Treaty (CTBTO), International Organisation for Migration (IOM), The December 12th Movement International Secretariat, International Campaign to Ban Landmines, Lawyers Committee on Nuclear Policy: Abolition 2000, The Japan Asia, Africa and Latin America Solidarity Committee.

7. The Twelfth Summit was declared open by President Pastrana of the Republic of Colombia. His Excellency, Nelson Mandela, President of the Republic of South Africa delivered an inspiring inaugural address which was widely acknowledged as an important contribution to the successful outcome of the Conference. The President called for the remaking of the present world characterised by the unbearable violence of hunger, homelessness, disease and war. He stressed that our efforts in remaking the world would require a new and bold political leadership in both the developed and developing countries that would be able to grasp the significance of the enormous economic opportunities presented by the current global situation. The President also reaffirmed the important role that the Movement has to play in assisting Africa to realise the historic objectives of its Renaissance.
8. The Heads of State or Government welcomed the admission of Belarus as a Member of the Movement.

9. **The Chairman of the Ad Hoc Panel of Economic Experts, Dr Gamani Corea, presented the recommendations contained in the Report of the Ad Hoc Panel to the Heads of State or Government.**

INDIAN OCEAN

148. The Heads of State or Government reaffirmed the validity of the objectives of the Declaration of the Indian Ocean as a Zone of Peace. They reaffirmed the importance of international co-operation to ensure peace, security and stability in the Indian Ocean region. They noted that greater efforts and more time were required to facilitate a focused discussion on practical measures to ensure conditions of peace, security and stability in the region. They also noted that in the light of United Nations General Assembly resolution 52/44, the Chairperson of the Ad-Hoc Committee on the Indian Ocean will continue his informal consultations on the future work of the Committee.

CHAGOS ARCHIPELAGO

227. The Heads of State or Government reaffirmed that Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, is an integral part of the sovereign territory of the Republic of Mauritius. In this regard, they reiterated their call to the former colonial power to pursue constructive dialogue expeditiously with Mauritius for the early return of Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, to the sovereignty of the Republic of Mauritius.



**General Assembly
Security Council**

Distr.: General
16 June 2000

Original: English

**General Assembly
Fifty-fourth session**

Agenda items 3, 10, 11, 12, 13, 18, 20, 31, 33, 34, 36, 38, 43, 44, 46, 49, 50, 53, 56, 57, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 88, 89, 90, 92, 93, 94, 95, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 122, 125, 151, 158 and 160

Credentials of representatives to the fifty-fourth session of the General Assembly

Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization

Report of the Security Council

Report of the Economic and Social Council

Report of the International Court of Justice

Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples

Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance

Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of African Unity

Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba

Dialogue among civilizations

Bethlehem 2000

Question of equitable representation on and increase in the membership of the Security Council and related matters

The situation in the Middle East

Question of Palestine

**Security Council
Fifty-fifth year**



Causes of conflict and the promotion of durable peace and sustainable development in Africa

United Nations reform: measures and proposals

The situation in Afghanistan and its implications for international peace and security

Report of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991

Consequences of the Iraqi occupation of and aggression against Kuwait

Implementation of the resolutions of the United Nations

Question of Cyprus

Reduction of military budgets

Prohibition of the development and manufacture of new types of weapons of mass destruction and new systems of such weapons: report of the Conference on Disarmament

Question of Antarctica

Compliance with arms limitation and disarmament and non-proliferation agreements

Verification in all its aspects, including the role of the United Nations in the field of verification

Implementation of the Declaration of the Indian Ocean as a Zone of Peace

African Nuclear-Weapon-Free-Zone Treaty

Developments in the field of information and telecommunications in the context of international security

Role of science and technology in the context of international security and disarmament

Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East

Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons

Prevention of an arms race in outer space

General and complete disarmament

Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly

Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session

The risk of nuclear proliferation in the Middle East

Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects

Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region

Consolidation of the regime established by the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (Treaty of Tlatelolco)

Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction

Review of the implementation of the Declaration on the Strengthening of International Security

Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty

Effects of atomic radiation

United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East

Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories

Comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects

Information from Non-Self-Governing Territories transmitted under Article 73 *e* of the Charter of the United Nations

Economic and other activities which affect the interests of the peoples of the Non-Self-Governing Territories

Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations

Offers by Member States of study and training facilities for inhabitants of Non-Self-Governing Territories

Macroeconomic policy questions

Sectoral policy questions

Sustainable development and international economic cooperation

Environment and sustainable development

Operational activities for development

Training and research

Permanent sovereignty of the Palestinian people in the occupied Palestinian territory, including Jerusalem, and of the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan over their natural resources

Implementation of the first United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty (1997-2006)

Social development, including questions relating to the world social situation and to youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family

Crime prevention and criminal justice

International drug control

Advancement of women

Implementation of the outcome of the Fourth World Conference on Women

Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions

Promotion and protection of the rights of children

Programme of activities of the International Decade of the World's Indigenous People

Elimination of racism and racial discrimination

Right of peoples to self-determination

Human rights questions

Financial reports and audited financial statements, and reports of the Board of Auditors

Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations

Improving the financial situation of the United Nations

Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations

Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations

Establishment of the International Criminal Court

Measures to eliminate international terrorism

**Letter dated 6 June 2000 from the Permanent Representative
of South Africa to the United Nations addressed to the
Secretary-General**

I have the honour, in my capacity as Chairman of the Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Movement, to enclose herewith the final document of the Thirteenth Ministerial Conference of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Cartagena, Colombia, on 8 and 9 April 2000 (see annex).*

I should be grateful if the present letter and its annex could be circulated as a document of the General Assembly, under agenda items 3, 10, 11, 12, 13, 18, 20, 31, 33, 34, 36, 38, 43, 44, 46, 49, 50, 53, 56, 57, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 88, 89, 90, 92, 93, 94, 95, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 122, 125, 151, 158 and 160, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Dumisani S. Kumalo
Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary
Permanent Representative

* The annex is being circulated in the languages of submission only.

Chagos Archipelago

133. We reaffirm that Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, is an integral part of the sovereign territory of the Republic of Mauritius. In this regard, we call again on the former colonial power to pursue constructive dialogue expeditiously with Mauritius for the early return of Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, to the sovereignty of the Republic of Mauritius.



General Assembly Security Council

Distr.: General
18 March 2003

Original: English

General Assembly Fifty-seventh session

Agenda items 10, 11, 12, 13 19, 21, 22, 24, 26, 27, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 111, 114, 117, 126, 158 and 160

Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization

Report of the Security Council

Report of the Economic and Social Council

Report of the International Court of Justice

Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples

Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance

Cooperation between the United Nations and regional and other organizations

Culture of peace

Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba

The role of diamonds in fuelling conflict

2001-2010: Decade to Roll Back Malaria in Developing Countries, particularly in Africa

The role of the United Nations in promoting a new global human order

Elimination of unilateral extraterritorial coercive economic measures as a means of political and economic compulsion

Security Council Fifty-eighth year

03-31398 (E) 040603

* 0331398 *

Information and communication technologies for development

Causes of conflict and the promotion of durable peace and sustainable development in Africa

Question of Palestine

The situation in the Middle East

The situation in Afghanistan and its implications for international peace and security

The situation in Central America: procedures for the establishment of a firm and lasting peace and progress in fashioning a region of peace, freedom, democracy and development

Question of equitable representation on and increase in the membership of the Security Council and related matters

Final review and appraisal of the implementation of the United Nations New Agenda for the Development of Africa in the 1990s

Follow-up to the outcome of the twenty-sixth special session: implementation of the Declaration of Commitment on HIV/AIDS

Follow-up to the outcome of the special session on children

Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit

Report of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991

Consequences of the Iraqi occupation of and aggression against Kuwait

Implementation of the resolutions of the United Nations

Launching of global negotiations on international economic cooperation for development

Strengthening of the United Nations system

Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly

Question of Cyprus

Armed aggression against the Democratic Republic of the Congo

Peace, security and reunification on the Korean peninsula

Reduction of military budgets

Prohibition of the development and manufacture of new types of weapons of mass destruction and new systems of such weapons: report of the Conference on Disarmament

Developments in the field of information and telecommunications in the context of international security

Role of science and technology in the context of international security and disarmament

Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East

Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons

Prevention of an arms race in outer space

General and complete disarmament

Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly

Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session

The risk of nuclear proliferation in the Middle East

Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects

Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region

Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction

Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty

International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space

United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East

Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories

**Comprehensive review of the whole question of
peacekeeping operations in all their aspects**

Questions relating to information

**Information from Non-Self-Governing Territories
transmitted under Article 73 *e* of the Charter of the
United Nations**

**Economic and other activities which affect the interests
of the peoples of the Non-Self-Governing Territories**

**Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of
Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the
specialized agencies and the international institutions
associated with the United Nations**

Macroeconomic policy questions

Sectoral policy questions

**Sustainable development and international economic
cooperation**

Environment and sustainable development

Operational activities for development

**Implementation of the first United Nations Decade for
the Eradication of Poverty (1997-2006)**

**Permanent sovereignty of the Palestinian people in the
Occupied Palestinian Territory, including Jerusalem,
and of the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan
over their natural resources**

**Integrated and coordinated implementation of and
follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations
conferences and summits in the economic and social
fields**

**High-level international intergovernmental
consideration of financing for development**

Globalization and interdependence

**Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations
Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and of
the twenty-fifth special session of the General Assembly**

**Third United Nations Conference on the Least
Developed Countries**

**Implementation of the outcome of the World Summit for
Social Development and of the twenty-fourth special
session of the General Assembly**

Social development, including questions relating to the world social situation and to youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family

Follow-up to the International Year of Older Persons: Second World Assembly on Ageing

Crime prevention and criminal justice

International drug control

Advancement of women

Implementation of the outcome of the Fourth World Conference on Women and of the twenty-third special session of the General Assembly, entitled "Women 2000: gender equality, development and peace for the twenty-first century"

Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions

Promotion and protection of the rights of children

Programme of activities of the International Decade of the World's Indigenous People

Elimination of racism and racial discrimination

Right of peoples to self-determination

Human rights questions

Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations

Improving the financial situation of the United Nations

Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations

Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations

Establishment of the International Criminal Court

Measures to eliminate international terrorism

Letter dated 4 March 2003 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Malaysia to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour, in my capacity as Chairman of the Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Movement, to enclose herewith the following documents that were adopted at the Thirteenth Conference of Heads of State or Government of the Non-Aligned Countries, held in Kuala Lumpur from 20 to 25 February 2003:

- (a) Final Document (annex I);
- (b) Kuala Lumpur Declaration on Continuing the Revitalization of the Non-Aligned movement (annex II);
- (c) Statement on Palestine (annex III).

I have further the honour to request that the present letter and its annex be circulated as a document of the General Assembly, under agenda items 10 to 13, 19, 21, 22, 24, 26, 27, 29 to 33, 35 to 38, 40 to 45, 49 to 58, 61 to 73, 75 to 82, 84 to 89, 91 to 109, 111, 114, 117, 126, 158 and 160, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Zainuddin **Yahya**
Chargé d'affaires a.i.

Chagos Archipelago

184. The Heads of State or Government reaffirmed that Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, is an integral part of the sovereign territory of the Republic of Mauritius. In this regard, they again called on the former colonial power to pursue constructive dialogue expeditiously with Mauritius for the early return of Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, to the sovereignty of the Republic of Mauritius.



General Assembly Security Council

Distr.: General
7 September 2006

Original: English

General Assembly

Sixtieth session

Agenda items 9, 10, 12, 14, 15, 17, 26, 29, 30, 31, 32, 36, 38, 41, 42, 43, 44, 52, 54, 55, 57, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 73, 74, 81, 82, 83, 84, 87, 90, 91, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 123, 124, 126 and 136

Report of the Security Council

Support by the United Nations system of the efforts of Governments to promote and consolidate new or restored democracies

Prevention of armed conflict

The situation in the Middle East

Question of Palestine

The situation in Afghanistan and its implications for international peace and security

Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples

International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space

United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East

Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories

Comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects

Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations

Security Council

Sixty-first year



Permanent sovereignty of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and of the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan over their natural resources

Report of the Economic and Social Council

Global Agenda for Dialogue among Civilizations

Culture of peace

Follow-up to the outcome of the special session on children

Sustainable development

Globalization and interdependence

Groups of countries in special situations

Operational activities for development

Advancement of women

New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support

Promotion and protection of the rights of children

Indigenous issues

Elimination of racism and racial discrimination

Right of peoples to self-determination

Human rights questions

Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance

Report of the International Court of Justice

Report of the International Criminal Court

Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization

Scope of legal protection under the Convention on the Safety of United Nations and Associated Personnel

Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency

Prohibition of the development and manufacture of new types of weapons of mass destruction and new systems of such weapons: report of the Conference on Disarmament

African Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone Treaty

Consolidation of the regime established by the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (Treaty of Tlatelolco)

Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East

Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons

Prevention of an arms race in outer space

General and complete disarmament

Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly

Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session

The risk of nuclear proliferation in the Middle East

Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects

Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty

Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction

Review of the implementation of the Declaration on the Strengthening of International Security

Crime prevention and criminal justice

International drug control

Implementation of the resolutions of the United Nations

Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly

Question of equitable representation on and increase in the membership of the Security Council and related matters

United Nations reform: measures and proposals

Strengthening of the United Nations system

Programme budget for the biennium 2004-2005

Programme budget for the biennium 2006-2007

Improving the financial situation of the United Nations

Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations

Letter dated 1 August 2006 from the Permanent Representative of Malaysia to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour, in Malaysia's capacity as Chair of the Non-Aligned Movement, to transmit herewith the text of the Final Document (annex I), the Declaration on Palestine (annex II), the statement on the Islamic Republic of Iran's nuclear issue (annex III), the statement on the earthquake in Indonesia (annex IV) and the Putrajaya Declaration (annex V), adopted by the Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Movement at its Ministerial Meeting, held in Putrajaya, Malaysia, from 27 to 30 May 2006.

I should be grateful if you would arrange to have the text of the present letter and its annexes circulated as a document of the General Assembly, under agenda items 9, 10, 12, 14, 15, 17, 26, 29, 30, 31, 32, 36, 38, 41, 42, 43, 44, 52, 54, 55, 57, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 73, 74, 81, 82, 83, 84, 87, 90, 91, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 123, 124, 126 and 136, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) **Hamidon Ali**
Ambassador

Permanent Representative of Malaysia to the United Nations

Annex I



**MINISTERIAL MEETING OF THE COORDINATING BUREAU
OF THE NON-ALIGNED MOVEMENT
PUTRAJAYA, MALAYSIA, 27-30 MAY 2006**

FINAL DOCUMENT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | Page |
|--|------|
| INTRODUCTION | 8 |
| CHAPTER I: GLOBAL ISSUES | 9 |
| • Review of the International Situation | 9 |
| • Non-Aligned Movement: Role and Methods of Work | 10 |
| • International Law | 12 |
| • Promotion and Preservation of Multilateralism | 14 |
| • Peaceful Settlement of Disputes, and Non-Use or Threat of Use of Force | 15 |
| • Culture of Peace, and Dialogue among Civilisations, Religions and Cultures | 17 |
| • Defamation of Religions | 18 |
| • Right to Self-Determination and Decolonisation | 18 |
| • United Nations: Follow-up to the 2005 World Summit Outcome, the Millennium Declaration and the Outcome of Major United Nations Summits and Conferences | 19 |
| • United Nations: Institutional Reform | 21 |
| A. Reform of the United Nations | 21 |
| B. Relationship among the Principal Organs of the United Nations | 23 |
| C. Revitalisation of the Work of the General Assembly | 24 |
| D. Question of Equitable Representation and Increase in the Membership of the Security Council, and Other Matters Related to the Security Council | 25 |
| E. Strengthening of the Economic and Social Council | 28 |
| F. Operationalisation of the Human Rights Council | 28 |
| G. Post-conflict Peacebuilding Activities and the Operationalisation of the Peacebuilding Commission | 29 |
| H. Review of Mandates of United Nations Programmes and Activities | 30 |
| I. Appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations | 30 |
| J. United Nations Secretariat and Management Reform | 30 |
| • United Nations: Financial Situation and Arrangement | 31 |
| • United Nations: Peacekeeping Operations | 32 |
| • Disarmament and International Security | 34 |
| • Terrorism | 41 |
| • Democracy | 44 |
| • North-South Dialogue and Cooperation | 45 |
| • Role of Regional Organisations | 46 |

| | |
|--|----|
| CHAPTER II: REGIONAL AND SUB-REGIONAL POLITICAL ISSUES | 47 |
| Middle East | 47 |
| • Peace Process..... | 47 |
| • Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem | 47 |
| • Occupied Syrian Golan..... | 49 |
| • Remaining Occupied Lands in Southern Lebanon | 49 |
| Africa | 50 |
| • Angola | 50 |
| • Chagos Archipelago | 50 |
| • Libyan Arab Jamahiriya..... | 50 |
| • Somalia..... | 50 |
| • The Sudan | 51 |
| • Western Sahara..... | 51 |
| Asia | 52 |
| • Afghanistan | 52 |
| • Iraq and Kuwait | 53 |
| • Iraq | 53 |
| • Korean Peninsula | 54 |
| • Southeast Asia | 54 |
| • Syrian Arab Republic | 54 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 55 |
| • Belize and Guatemala | 55 |
| • Cuba | 55 |
| • Venezuela..... | 55 |
| CHAPTER III: DEVELOPMENT, SOCIAL AND HUMAN RIGHTS ISSUES | 56 |
| • Introduction..... | 56 |
| • Least Developed Countries, Landlocked Developing Countries and Small Island Developing States | 57 |
| • Trade..... | 57 |
| • South-South Cooperation | 58 |
| • International Migration and Development..... | 59 |
| • Water | 59 |
| • The Dead Sea..... | 60 |
| • The Caribbean Sea | 60 |
| • Energy..... | 60 |
| • Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms | 61 |
| • Racism and Racial Discrimination, Slavery and Trafficking in Persons | 64 |
| • International Humanitarian Law..... | 65 |
| • Humanitarian Assistance | 66 |
| • Information and Communication Technology..... | 66 |
| • Advancement of Women | 67 |
| • Indigenous People | 67 |
| • Illiteracy | 68 |
| • Transnational Organised Crime..... | 68 |

| | | |
|------------|--|----|
| • | Drug trafficking | 69 |
| • | Corruption | 69 |
| Annex I: | List of Member Countries of the Non-Aligned Movement (as of 30 May 2006) .. | 70 |
| Annex II: | The Founding Principles of the Non-Aligned Movement | 71 |
| Annex III: | List of Ministerial Conferences and Meetings of the Non-Aligned Movement held during the Chairmanship of Malaysia | 72 |

Chagos Archipelago

135. The Ministers *reaffirmed* that Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, is an integral part of the sovereign territory of the Republic of Mauritius. In this regard, they *called on once again* the former colonial power to pursue constructive dialogue expeditiously with Mauritius with a view to enable Mauritius to exercise its sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago.



General Assembly Security Council

Distr.: General
29 September 2006

Original: English

General Assembly Sixty-first session

Agenda items 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 18, 20, 23, 24, 25, 26, 30, 31, 32, 33, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 74, 79, 80, 81, 82, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 102, 104, 110, 111, 112, 113, 116 and 132

Report of the Security Council

Prevention of armed conflict

The situation in Central America: progress in fashioning a region of peace, freedom, democracy and development

The situation in the Middle East

Question of Palestine

The situation in Afghanistan

Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba

Armed aggression against the Democratic Republic of the Congo

Armed Israeli aggression against the Iraqi nuclear installations and its grave consequences for the established international system concerning the peaceful uses of nuclear energy, the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons and international peace and security

Consequences of the Iraqi occupation of and aggression against Kuwait

Declaration of the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity on the aerial and naval military attack against the Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya by the present United States Administration in April 1986

Report of the Peacebuilding Commission

Security Council Sixty-first year



International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space

United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East

Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories

Comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects

Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples

Permanent sovereignty of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and of the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan over their natural resources

Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions

Report of the Economic and Social Council

Return or restitution of cultural property to the countries of origin

Culture of peace

The role of the United Nations in promoting a new global human order

Follow-up to the outcome of the twenty-sixth special session: implementation of the Declaration of Commitment on HIV/AIDS

Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields

2001-2010: Decade to Roll Back Malaria in Developing Countries, Particularly in Africa

Information and communication technologies for development

Macroeconomic policy questions

Follow-up to and implementation of the outcome of the International Conference on Financing for Development

Sustainable development

Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and strengthening of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat)

Globalization and interdependence

Groups of countries in special situations

Eradication of poverty and other development issues

Operational activities for development: operational activities for development of the United Nations system

Social development

Advancement of women

New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support

Promotion and protection of the rights of children

Indigenous issues

Elimination of racism and racial discrimination

Right of peoples to self-determination

Promotion and protection of human rights

Report of the Human Rights Council

Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance

Report of the International Court of Justice

Oceans and the law of the sea

Report of the International Criminal Court

Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization

The rule of law at the national and international levels

Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency

Reduction of military budgets

Verification in all its aspects, including the role of the United Nations in the field of verification

Developments in the field of information and telecommunications in the context of international security

Role of science and technology in the context of international security and disarmament

Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East

Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons

Prevention of an arms race in outer space

General and complete disarmament

Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly

Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session

The risk of nuclear proliferation in the Middle East

Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects

Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region

Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty

Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction

Crime prevention and criminal justice

International drug control

Measures to eliminate international terrorism

Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization

Appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations

Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly

Question of equitable representation on and increase in the membership of the Security Council and related matters

Strengthening of the United Nations system

Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit

Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations

Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations

Letter dated 19 September 2006 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour, in my capacity as Chairman of the Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Movement, to enclose herewith the following documents that were adopted at the Fourteenth Conference of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Movement, held in Havana from 11 to 16 September 2006:

- (a) Final document (annex I);
- (b) Declaration on the Purposes and Principles and the Role of the Non-Aligned Movement in the Present International Juncture (annex II);
- (c) Declaration on Palestine (annex III);
- (d) Statement on the Islamic Republic of Iran's nuclear issue (annex IV).

I have the further honour to request that the present letter and its annexes be circulated as a document of the General Assembly, under agenda items 9, 11-14, 16, 18, 20, 23-26, 30-33, 39, 40-48, 50-58, 60-71, 74, 79-82, 84-100, 102, 104, 110-113, 116 and 132, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Rodrigo **Malmierca Díaz**
Ambassador
Permanent Representative

**Annexes to the letter dated 19 September 2006 from the
Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations
addressed to the Secretary-General**

[Original: English and Spanish]

**Fourteenth Summit Conference of Heads of State or Government
of the Non-Aligned Movement, Havana, 11-16 September 2006**

Annex I

Final document

Contents

| | <i>Page</i> |
|---|-------------|
| INTRODUCTION | 9 |
| CHAPTER I: GLOBAL ISSUES | 9 |
| Review of the International Situation | 9 |
| Non-Aligned Movement: Role and Methods of Work | 11 |
| International Law | 14 |
| Promotion and Preservation of Multilateralism | 17 |
| Peaceful Settlement of Disputes, and Non-Use or Threat of Use of Force | 18 |
| Culture of Peace and Dialogue among Civilisations, Religions and Cultures | 20 |
| Defamation of Religions | 22 |
| Right to Self-Determination and Decolonisation | 22 |
| United Nations: Follow-up to the 2005 World Summit Outcome, the Millennium Declaration and the Outcome of Major United Nations Summits and Conferences | 24 |
| United Nations: Institutional Reform | 25 |
| A. Reform of the United Nations | 25 |
| B. Relationship among the Principal Organs of the United Nations | 29 |
| C. Revitalisation of the Work of the General Assembly | 30 |
| D. Appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations | 32 |
| E. Question of Equitable Representation and Increase in the Membership of the Security Council, and other Matters Related to the Security Council | 33 |
| F. Strengthening of the Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) | 36 |
| G. Operationalisation of the Human Rights Council | 36 |
| H. Post-Conflict Peacebuilding Activities and the Operationalisation of the Peacebuilding Commission | 38 |
| I. Review of Mandates of United Nations Programmes and Activities | 39 |

| | |
|---|----|
| J. United Nations Secretariat and Management Reform | 40 |
| United Nations: Financial Situation and Arrangement | 40 |
| United Nations: Peacekeeping Operations | 42 |
| Disarmament and International Security | 44 |
| Terrorism | 54 |
| Democracy | 58 |
| North-South Dialogue and Cooperation | 59 |
| Role of Regional Organisations | 60 |
| CHAPTER II: | 61 |
| REGIONAL AND SUB-REGIONAL POLITICAL ISSUES | 61 |
| Middle East | 61 |
| Peace Process | 61 |
| Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem | 61 |
| Occupied Syrian Golan | 65 |
| Remaining Occupied Lands in Southern Lebanon and the Recent Israeli Aggression against Lebanon | 65 |
| Africa | 67 |
| Angola | 67 |
| Chagos Archipelago | 67 |
| Libyan Arab Jamahiriya | 67 |
| Somalia | 68 |
| The Sudan | 68 |
| The Great Lakes Region | 69 |
| Western Sahara | 69 |
| Asia | 69 |
| Afghanistan | 69 |
| Iraq and Kuwait | 70 |
| Iraq | 70 |
| Korean Peninsula | 72 |
| Southeast Asia | 72 |
| Syrian Arab Republic | 73 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 73 |
| Belize and Guatemala | 73 |
| Cuba | 73 |

| | |
|---|----|
| Panama | 74 |
| Venezuela | 74 |
| Guyana and Venezuela | 74 |
| Honduras | 75 |
| Bolivia | 75 |
| CHAPTER III: | 75 |
| DEVELOPMENT, SOCIAL AND HUMAN RIGHTS ISSUES | 75 |
| Introduction | 75 |
| Least Developed Countries, Landlocked Developing Countries, and Small Island Developing States | 77 |
| Middle Income Developing Countries | 77 |
| Trade | 77 |
| South-South Cooperation | 78 |
| International Migration and Development | 80 |
| Water | 81 |
| The Dead Sea | 82 |
| The Caribbean Sea | 82 |
| Energy | 82 |
| Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms | 83 |
| Racism and Racial Discrimination, Slavery and Trafficking in Persons | 88 |
| International Humanitarian Law | 89 |
| Humanitarian Assistance | 90 |
| Information and Communication Technology | 91 |
| Advancement of Women | 92 |
| Indigenous People | 93 |
| Illiteracy | 93 |
| Health, HIV/AIDS, Malaria, Tuberculosis and other communicable diseases | 94 |
| Transnational Organised Crime | 94 |
| Drug Trafficking | 96 |
| Corruption | 96 |
| Appendix I: Member Countries of the Non-Aligned Movement | 97 |
| Appendix II: The Founding Principles of the Non-Aligned Movement | 98 |

Chagos Archipelago

155. The Heads of State or Government *reaffirmed* that Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, is an integral part of the sovereign territory of the Republic of Mauritius. In this regard, they *called on once again* the former colonial power to pursue constructive dialogue expeditiously with Mauritius with a view to enable Mauritius to exercise its sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago.



General Assembly

Distr.: General
11 August 2008

Original: English

Sixty-second session

Agenda items 9, 10, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 21, 23, 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 38, 41, 42, 43, 44, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 62, 63, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 73, 76, 77, 85, 86, 87, 88, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 116, 121, 122, 123, 126 and 140

Report of the Security Council

Report of the Peacebuilding Commission

Prevention of armed conflict

The situation in Central America: progress in fashioning a region of peace, freedom, democracy and development

The situation in the Middle East

Question of Palestine

The situation in Afghanistan

Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba

Armed aggression against the Democratic Republic of the Congo

Armed Israeli aggression against the Iraqi nuclear installations and its grave consequences for the established international system concerning the peaceful uses of nuclear energy, the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons and international peace and security

Consequences of the Iraqi occupation of and aggression against Kuwait

Declaration of the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity on the aerial and naval military attack against the Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya by the present United States Administration in April 1986

International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space

United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East

Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories

08-46012 (E) 101008



**Comprehensive review of the whole question of
peacekeeping operations in all their aspects**

**Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of
Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the
specialized agencies and the international institutions
associated with the United Nations**

**Permanent sovereignty of the Palestinian people in the
Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem,
and of the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan
over their natural resources**

**Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for
Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and
displaced persons and humanitarian questions**

Report of the Economic and Social Council

**Implementation of the Declaration of Commitment on
HIV/AIDS and the Political Declaration on HIV/AIDS**

**2001-2010: Decade to Roll Back Malaria in Developing
Countries, Particularly in Africa**

**Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up
to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and
summits in the economic, social and related fields**

Culture of peace

**The role of the United Nations in promoting a new global
human order**

Information and communication technologies for development

Macroeconomic policy questions

**Follow-up to and implementation of the outcome of the
International Conference on Financing for Development**

Sustainable development

**Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations
Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and
strengthening of the United Nations Human Settlements
Programme (UN-Habitat)**

Globalization and interdependence

Groups of countries in special situations

Eradication of poverty and other development issues

Operational activities for development

Social development

Advancement of women

New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support

Promotion and protection of the rights of children

Indigenous issues

Elimination of racism and racial discrimination

Right of peoples to self-determination

Promotion and protection of human rights

Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance

Report of the International Court of Justice

Report of the International Criminal Court

Oceans and the law of the sea

Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization

The rule of law at the national and international levels

Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency

Reduction of military budgets

Developments in the field of information and telecommunications in the context of international security

Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East

Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons

Prevention of an arms race in outer space

Verification in all its aspects, including the role of the United Nations in the field of verification

Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly

Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session

The risk of nuclear proliferation in the Middle East

Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects

Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region

Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty

**Convention on the Prohibition of the Development,
Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological)
and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction**

Crime prevention and criminal justice

International drug control

Measures to eliminate international terrorism

**Report of the Secretary-General on the work of
the Organization**

Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit

Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly

**Question of equitable representation on and increase in the
membership of the Security Council and related matters**

Strengthening of the United Nations system

**Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial
functioning of the United Nations**

**Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the
United Nations peacekeeping operations**

**Letter dated 8 August 2008 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the
Permanent Mission of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to
Secretary-General**

In my capacity as Acting Chair of the Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Movement, I have the honour to enclose herewith the outcome documents of the fifteen Ministerial Conference of the Non-Aligned Movement, held in Tehran, Islamic Republic of Iran, from 27 to 30 July 2008, namely, the Final Document, the Statement on the Islamic Republic of Iran's nuclear issue, the Statement on Zimbabwe and the Declaration on Palestine (see annexes I to IV).

I request that you kindly circulate the above-mentioned documents as a document of the General Assembly, under agenda items 9, 10, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 21, 23, 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 38, 41, 42, 43, 44, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 62, 63, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 73, 76, 77, 85, 86, 87, 88, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 116, 121, 122, 123, 126 and 140.

(Signed) Ileana Núñez Mordocho
Ambassador

Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Cuba
to the United Nations
Acting Chair of the Coordinating Bureau of
the Non-Aligned Movement

**Annex I to the letter dated 8 August 2008 from the Chargé
d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Cuba to the
United Nations addressed to Secretary-General**

FINAL DOCUMENT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | |
|--|-----------|
| INTRODUCTION | 8 |
| CHAPTER I: GLOBAL ISSUES | 8 |
| Review of the International Situation | 8 |
| Non-Aligned Movement: Role and Methods of Work | 10 |
| International Law | 13 |
| Promotion and Preservation of Multilateralism | 15 |
| Peaceful Settlement of Disputes, and Non-Use or Threat of Use of Force | 17 |
| Culture of Peace and Dialogue among Civilisations, Religions and Cultures | 18 |
| Defamation of Religions | 21 |
| Right to Self-Determination and Decolonisation | 22 |
| United Nations: Follow-up to the 2005 World Summit Outcome, the Millennium Declaration and the Outcomes of the Major United Nations Summits and Conferences . | 23 |
| United Nations: Institutional Reform | 26 |
| <i>A. Reform of the United Nations</i> | <i>26</i> |
| <i>B. Relationship among the Principal Organs of the United Nations</i> | <i>29</i> |
| <i>C. Revitalisation of the Work of the General Assembly</i> | <i>30</i> |
| <i>D. Selection and appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations</i> | <i>32</i> |
| <i>E. Question of Equitable Representation on and Increase in the Membership of the Security Council, and other Matters Related to the Security Council</i> | <i>32</i> |
| <i>F. Strengthening of the Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC)</i> | <i>35</i> |
| <i>G. The Human Rights Council</i> | <i>36</i> |
| <i>H. Post-Conflict Peacebuilding Activities and the Operationalisation of the Peacebuilding Commission (PBC)</i> | <i>38</i> |
| <i>I. Review of Mandates of United Nations Programmes and Activities</i> | <i>39</i> |
| <i>J. United Nations Secretariat and Management Reform</i> | <i>40</i> |
| <i>K. United Nations System-wide Coherence</i> | <i>41</i> |
| United Nations: Financial Situation and Arrangement | 42 |
| United Nations: Peacekeeping Operations | 43 |
| Disarmament and International Security | 46 |
| Terrorism | 56 |
| Democracy | 60 |
| North-South Dialogue and Cooperation | 61 |
| Role of Regional Organisations | 61 |
| CHAPTER II: REGIONAL AND SUB-REGIONAL POLITICAL ISSUES | 63 |
| Middle East | 63 |
| <i>Peace Process</i> | <i>63</i> |
| <i>Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem</i> | <i>64</i> |
| <i>Occupied Syrian Golan</i> | <i>66</i> |
| <i>Lebanon, the Remaining Occupied Lebanese Lands, and the Consequences of the Israeli Aggression against Lebanon</i> | <i>67</i> |
| Africa | 69 |
| <i>Angola</i> | <i>69</i> |
| <i>Chagos Archipelago</i> | <i>69</i> |

| | |
|---|------------|
| <i>Libyan Arab Jamahiriya</i> | 69 |
| <i>Somalia</i> | 70 |
| <i>The Sudan</i> | 70 |
| <i>The Great Lakes Region</i> | 71 |
| <i>Western Sahara</i> | 71 |
| Asia | 72 |
| <i>Afghanistan</i> | 72 |
| <i>Iraq</i> | 73 |
| <i>Iraq and Kuwait</i> | 75 |
| <i>Korean Peninsula</i> | 75 |
| <i>Southeast Asia</i> | 75 |
| <i>Syrian Arab Republic</i> | 76 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 76 |
| <i>South American Union of Nations UNASUR</i> | 76 |
| <i>Zone of peace: Gulf of Fonseca</i> | 76 |
| <i>Belize and Guatemala</i> | 76 |
| <i>Cuba</i> | 76 |
| <i>Panama</i> | 77 |
| <i>Venezuela</i> | 77 |
| <i>Guyana and Venezuela</i> | 77 |
| <i>Honduras</i> | 78 |
| <i>Bolivia</i> | 78 |
| CHAPTER III: DEVELOPMENT, SOCIAL AND HUMAN RIGHTS ISSUES | 79 |
| Introduction | 79 |
| Africa | 81 |
| Least Developed Countries, Landlocked Developing Countries, and Small Island Developing States | 81 |
| Food Security | 82 |
| Middle Income Developing Countries | 83 |
| Trade | 83 |
| South-South Cooperation | 85 |
| International Migration and Development | 87 |
| Water | 88 |
| The Dead Sea | 89 |
| The Caribbean Sea | 89 |
| Lake Chad and the River Niger | 89 |
| Energy | 89 |
| Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms | 90 |
| Racism, Racial Discrimination and Slavery | 95 |
| International Humanitarian Law | 97 |
| Humanitarian Assistance | 97 |
| Information and Communication Technology | 98 |
| Advancement of Women | 100 |
| Indigenous Peoples | 101 |
| Illiteracy | 102 |
| Health, HIV/AIDS, Malaria, Tuberculosis and other communicable diseases | 102 |
| Transnational Organised Crime | 103 |
| Trafficking in Persons | 104 |
| Drug Trafficking | 105 |
| Corruption | 106 |

Appendix I: Member Countries of the Non-Aligned Movement (As of 30 July 2008) 107
Appendix II: The Founding Principles of the Non-Aligned Movement 108
**Appendix III: The Principles enshrined in the Declaration on the Purposes and Principles
and the Role of the Non-Aligned Movement in the Present International Juncture
adopted in the 14th NAM Summit in Havana. 109**

Africa**Chagos Archipelago**

196. The Ministers *reaffirmed* that Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, is an integral part of the sovereign territory of the Republic of Mauritius. In this regard, they *called on* once again the former colonial power to pursue constructive dialogue expeditiously with Mauritius with a view to enable Mauritius to exercise its sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago.



General Assembly

Distr.: General
20 May 2009

Original: English

Sixty-third session

Agenda items 9, 10, 12, 15, 16, 17, 19, 20, 22, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 69, 70, 78, 79, 80, 81, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 99, 100, 107, 110, 111, 112, 117 and 132

Report of the Security Council

Report of the Peacebuilding Commission

Prevention of armed conflict

The situation in the Middle East

Question of Palestine

The situation in Afghanistan

Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba

The situation in Central America: progress in fashioning a region of peace, freedom, democracy and development

Armed aggression against the Democratic Republic of the Congo

Armed Israeli aggression against the Iraqi nuclear installations and its grave consequences for the established international system concerning the peaceful uses of nuclear energy, the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons and international peace and security

Consequences of the Iraqi occupation of and aggression against Kuwait

International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space

United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East

Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories

Comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects



Questions relating to information

Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations

Permanent sovereignty of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and of the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan over their natural resources

Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions

Report of the Economic and Social Council

Implementation of the Declaration of Commitment on HIV/AIDS and the Political Declaration on HIV/AIDS

Sport for peace and development

2001-2010: Decade to Roll Back Malaria in Developing Countries, Particularly in Africa

Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields

Culture of Peace

Information and communication technologies for development

Macroeconomic policy questions

Follow-up to and implementation of the outcome of the 2002 International Conference on Financing for Development and the preparation of the 2008 Review Conference

Sustainable development

Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and strengthening of the United Nations Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat)

Groups of countries in special situations

Eradication of poverty and other development issues

Operational activities for development

Social development

Advancement of women

New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support

Report of the Human Rights Council

Promotion and protection of the rights of children

Indigenous issues

Elimination of racism and racial discrimination

Right of peoples to self-determination

Promotion and protection of human rights

Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance

Report of the International Court of Justice

Report of the International Criminal Court

Oceans and the law of the sea

Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization

The rule of law at the national and international levels

Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency

Reduction of military budgets

Developments in the field of information and telecommunications in the context of international security

Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East

Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons

Prevention of an arms race in outer space

General and complete disarmament

Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly

Review and implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session

The risk of nuclear proliferation in the Middle East

Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects

Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region

Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty

Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction

Measures to eliminate international terrorism

Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization

Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit

Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly

Question of equitable representation on and increase in the membership of the Security Council and related matters

Strengthening of the United Nations system

Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations

Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations

Letter dated 8 May 2009 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

In my capacity as Chair of the Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Movement, I have the honour to enclose herewith the outcome documents of the Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Movement at its Ministerial Meeting, held in Havana from 27 to 30 April 2009, namely, the Final Document (annex I), the Statement on Zimbabwe (annex II), the Declaration of Solidarity with Mexico (annex III), the Special Declaration on the world economic and financial crisis (annex IV) and the Declaration on Palestine (annex V).

I kindly request that the present letter and its annexes be circulated as a document of the General Assembly, under agenda items 9, 10, 12, 15, 16, 17, 19, 20, 22, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 69, 70, 78, 79, 80, 81, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 99, 100, 107, 110, 111, 112, 117 and 132.

(Signed) **Abelardo Moreno**
Ambassador
Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations
Chair of the Coordinating Bureau of
the Non-Aligned Movement

Annex I



**MINISTERIAL MEETING OF THE NON-ALIGNED MOVEMENT
COORDINATING BUREAU
Havana, Cuba
27-30 April 2009**

FINAL DOCUMENT

30 April 2009

FINAL DOCUMENT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | |
|--|-----------|
| Letter dated 8 May 2009 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General..... | 4 |
| Annex I | 5 |
| CHAPTER I: GLOBAL ISSUES | 10 |
| Review of the International Situation..... | 10 |
| Non-Aligned Movement: Role and Methods of Work..... | 11 |
| International Law | 14 |
| Promotion and Preservation of Multilateralism | 17 |
| Peaceful Settlement of Disputes, and Non-Use or Threat of Use of Force | 19 |
| Culture of Peace, Dialogue among Civilisations, Religions and Cultures, and Cultural Diversity | 20 |
| Defamation of Religions | 22 |
| Right to Self-Determination and Decolonisation..... | 23 |
| United Nations: Follow-up to the 2005 World Summit Outcome, the Millennium Declaration and the Outcomes of the Major United Nations Summits and Conferences..... | 24 |
| United Nations: Institutional Reform..... | 27 |
| A. Reform of the United Nations..... | 27 |
| B. Relationship among the Principal Organs of the United Nations | 31 |
| C. Revitalisation of the Work of the General Assembly..... | 32 |
| D. Selection and appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations | 34 |
| E. Question of Equitable Representation on and Increase in the Membership of the Security Council, and other Matters Related to the Security Council..... | 34 |
| F. Strengthening of the Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) | 37 |
| G. The Human Rights Council..... | 37 |
| H. Post-Conflict Peacebuilding Activities and the Operationalisation of the Peacebuilding Commission (PBC) | 39 |
| I. United Nations Secretariat and Management Reform..... | 41 |
| J. United Nations System-wide Coherence | 42 |
| United Nations: Financial Situation and Arrangement..... | 43 |
| United Nations: Peacekeeping Operations | 44 |
| Disarmament and International Security | 48 |
| Terrorism | 59 |
| Democracy | 63 |
| North-South Dialogue and Cooperation | 64 |
| Role of Regional Organisations..... | 65 |
| CHAPTER II:..... | 66 |
| REGIONAL AND SUB-REGIONAL POLITICAL ISSUES..... | 66 |
| Middle East | 66 |
| Peace Process..... | 66 |
| Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem..... | 67 |
| Occupied Syrian Golan..... | 70 |
| Lebanon, the Remaining Occupied Lebanese Lands, and the Consequences of the Israeli Aggression against Lebanon..... | 71 |
| Africa | 72 |
| Chagos Archipelago..... | 72 |
| Libyan Arab Jamahiriya | 73 |
| Somalia | 73 |
| The Sudan..... | 74 |

| | |
|---|------------|
| <i>The Great Lakes Region</i> | 75 |
| <i>Zimbabwe</i> | 75 |
| <i>Western Sahara</i> | 75 |
| <i>Comorian Island of Mayotte</i> | 76 |
| <i>Djibouti / Eritrea</i> | 76 |
| Asia | 76 |
| <i>Afghanistan</i> | 76 |
| <i>Iraq</i> | 78 |
| <i>Iraq and Kuwait</i> | 79 |
| <i>Southeast Asia</i> | 80 |
| <i>Syrian Arab Republic</i> | 81 |
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 81 |
| <i>South American Union of Nations UNASUR</i> | 81 |
| <i>Latin American and Caribbean Summit on Integration and Development</i> | 81 |
| <i>ALBA – TCP – PETROCARIBE</i> | 82 |
| <i>Second Summit of Arab and South American countries</i> | 82 |
| <i>Second Africa-South America Summit</i> | 82 |
| <i>Zone of Peace: Gulf of Fonseca</i> | 82 |
| <i>Belize and Guatemala</i> | 82 |
| <i>Cuba</i> | 83 |
| <i>Panama</i> | 83 |
| <i>Venezuela</i> | 83 |
| <i>Guyana and Venezuela</i> | 84 |
| <i>Honduras</i> | 84 |
| <i>Bolivia</i> | 84 |
| <i>Ecuador</i> | 84 |
| CHAPTER III: | 85 |
| DEVELOPMENT, SOCIAL AND HUMAN RIGHTS ISSUES | 85 |
| Introduction | 85 |
| Current global crises, in particular the world financial and economic crisis | 87 |
| Least Developed Countries, Landlocked Developing Countries, and Small Island Developing States | 89 |
| Food Security | 90 |
| Middle Income Developing Countries | 92 |
| Trade | 92 |
| South-South Cooperation | 94 |
| International Migration and Development | 96 |
| Water | 98 |
| Biological Diversity | 99 |
| The Dead Sea | 99 |
| The Caribbean Sea | 99 |
| Lake Chad and the River Niger | 100 |
| Energy | 100 |
| Climate Change | 101 |
| Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms | 102 |
| Racism, Racial Discrimination and Slavery | 107 |
| International Humanitarian Law | 109 |
| Humanitarian Assistance | 110 |
| Information and Communication Technology | 111 |
| Advancement of Women | 113 |
| Indigenous Peoples | 115 |

| | |
|--|------------|
| Illiteracy | 116 |
| Health, HIV/AIDS, Malaria, Tuberculosis and other communicable diseases | 116 |
| Transnational Organised Crime | 117 |
| Trafficking in Persons | 119 |
| Drug Trafficking | 120 |
| Corruption | 120 |
| Annex I: Member Countries of the Non-Aligned Movement (As of 30 April 2009) | 122 |
| Annex II: The Founding Principles of the Non-Aligned Movement | 123 |
| Annex III: The Principles enshrined in the Declaration on the Purposes and Principles and the Role of the Non-Aligned Movement in the Present International Juncture adopted in the 14th NAM Summit in Havana | 124 |
| Annex II | 126 |
| Annex III | 127 |
| Annex IV | 128 |
| Annex V | 129 |

Africa

Chagos Archipelago

212. The Ministers *reaffirmed* that Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, is an integral part of the sovereign territory of the Republic of Mauritius. They noted that the former colonial power, the United Kingdom, and Mauritius held a first round of talks on the Chagos Archipelago issue in January 2009, and welcomed the initiative to pursue the dialogue through other rounds of talks. They called on the United Kingdom to expedite the process with a view to enable Mauritius to exercise its sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago.



General Assembly Security Council

Distr.: General
14 September 2009

Original: English

General Assembly Sixty-third session

Agenda items 9, 10, 12, 15, 16, 17, 19, 20, 22, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51 (b), 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 69, 70, 78, 79, 80, 81, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 99, 100, 107, 110, 111, 112, 117 and 132

Report of the Security Council

Report of the Peacebuilding Commission

Prevention of armed conflict

The situation in the Middle East

Question of Palestine

The situation in Afghanistan

Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba

The situation in Central America: progress in fashioning a region of peace, freedom, democracy and development

Armed aggression against the Democratic Republic of the Congo

Armed Israeli aggression against the Iraqi nuclear installations and its grave consequences for the established international system concerning the peaceful uses of nuclear energy, the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons and international peace and security

Consequences of the Iraqi occupation of and aggression against Kuwait

International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space

United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East

Security Council

Sixty-fourth year



Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories

Comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects

Questions relating to information

Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations

Permanent sovereignty of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and of the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan over their natural resources

Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions

Report of the Economic and Social Council

Implementation of the Declaration of Commitment on HIV/AIDS and the Political Declaration on HIV/AIDS

Sport for peace and development

2001-2010: Decade to Roll Back Malaria in Developing Countries, Particularly in Africa

Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields

Culture of peace

Information and communication technologies for development

Macroeconomic policy questions

Follow-up to and implementation of the outcome of the 2002 International Conference on Financing for Development and the preparation of the 2008 Review Conference

Sustainable development

Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and strengthening of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat)

Globalization and interdependence: international migration and development

Groups of countries in special situations

Eradication of poverty and other development issues

Operational activities for development

Social development

Advancement of women

New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support

Report of the Human Rights Council

Promotion and protection of the rights of children

Indigenous issues

Elimination of racism and racial discrimination

Right of peoples to self-determination

Promotion and protection of human rights

Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance

Report of the International Court of Justice

Report of the International Criminal Court

Oceans and the law of the sea

Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization

The rule of law at the national and international levels

Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency

Reduction of military budgets

Developments in the field of information and telecommunications in the context of international security

Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East

Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons

Prevention of an arms race in outer space

General and complete disarmament

Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly

Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session

The risk of nuclear proliferation in the Middle East

Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects

Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region

Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty

Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction

Measures to eliminate international terrorism

Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization

Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit

Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly

Question of equitable representation on and increase in the membership of the Security Council and related matters

Strengthening of the United Nations system

Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations

Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations

Letter dated 24 July 2009 from the Permanent Representative of Egypt to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the pleasure, in my capacity as Chair of the Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Movement, to enclose herewith the Final Document issued by the Fifteenth Summit Conference of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries, held in Sharm el-Sheikh, Egypt, from 11 to 16 July 2009 (see annex).

I request that you kindly circulate the above-mentioned document as a document of the General Assembly, under agenda items 9, 10, 12, 15, 16, 17, 19, 20, 22, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51 (b), 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 69, 70, 78, 79, 80, 81, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 99, 100, 107, 110, 111, 112, 117 and 132, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Maged **Abdelaziz**
Ambassador
Permanent Representative

Annex to the letter dated 24 July 2009 from the Permanent Representative of Egypt to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Final Document of the Fifteenth Summit Conference of Heads of State and Government of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries

Sharm el-Sheikh, 11-16 July 2009

Contents

| <i>Chapter</i> | <i>Page</i> |
|---|-------------|
| INTRODUCTION | 9 |
| I. GLOBAL ISSUES | 9 |
| Review of the International Situation | 9 |
| Non-Aligned Movement: Role and Methods of Work | 11 |
| International Law | 15 |
| Promotion and Preservation of Multilateralism | 18 |
| Peaceful Settlement of Disputes, and Non-Use or Threat of Use of Force | 19 |
| Culture of Peace, Dialogue among Civilisations, Religions and Cultures, and Cultural Diversity | 21 |
| Defamation of Religions | 24 |
| Right to Self-Determination and Decolonisation | 25 |
| United Nations: Follow-up to the 2005 World Summit Outcome, the Millennium Declaration and the Outcomes of the Major United Nations Summits and Conferences | 26 |
| United Nations: Institutional Reform | 29 |
| A. Reform of the United Nations | 29 |
| B. Relationship among the Principal Organs of the United Nations | 33 |
| C. Revitalisation of the Work of the General Assembly | 35 |
| D. Selection and appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations | 37 |
| E. Question of Equitable Representation on and Increase in the Membership of the Security Council, and other Matters Related to the Security Council | 37 |
| F. Strengthening of the Economic and Social Council | 40 |
| G. The Human Rights Council | 41 |
| H. Post-Conflict Peacebuilding Activities and the Operationalisation of the Peacebuilding Commission | 43 |
| I. United Nations Secretariat and Management Reform | 45 |

| | | |
|-----|---|----|
| J. | United Nations System-wide Coherence..... | 46 |
| | United Nations: Financial Situation and Arrangement..... | 47 |
| | United Nations: Peacekeeping Operations..... | 48 |
| | Disarmament and International Security..... | 53 |
| | Terrorism..... | 64 |
| | Democracy..... | 69 |
| | North-South Dialogue and Cooperation..... | 70 |
| | Role of Regional Organisations..... | 71 |
| II. | REGIONAL AND SUB-REGIONAL POLITICAL ISSUES..... | 72 |
| | Middle East..... | 72 |
| | Peace Process..... | 72 |
| | Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem..... | 73 |
| | Occupied Syrian Golan..... | 76 |
| | Lebanon, the Remaining Occupied Lebanese Lands, and the Consequences of the Israeli Aggression against Lebanon..... | 77 |
| | Africa..... | 79 |
| | Chagos Archipelago..... | 79 |
| | Lesotho..... | 79 |
| | Libyan Arab Jamahiriya..... | 79 |
| | Somalia..... | 80 |
| | The Sudan..... | 81 |
| | The Great Lakes Region..... | 82 |
| | Zimbabwe..... | 82 |
| | Western Sahara..... | 82 |
| | Comorian Island of Mayotte..... | 83 |
| | Djibouti/Eritrea..... | 83 |
| | Eritrea and Ethiopia..... | 83 |
| | Asia..... | 84 |
| | Afghanistan..... | 84 |
| | Iraq..... | 86 |
| | Iraq and Kuwait..... | 87 |
| | Southeast Asia..... | 88 |
| | Syrian Arab Republic..... | 89 |

| | |
|--|-----|
| Latin America and the Caribbean | 89 |
| South American Union of Nations UNASUR | 89 |
| Latin American and Caribbean Summit on Integration and Development | 89 |
| ALBA — TCP — PETROCARIBE | 89 |
| Second Summit of Arab and South American countries | 90 |
| Second Africa-South America Summit | 90 |
| Zone of Peace: Gulf of Fonseca | 90 |
| Belize and Guatemala | 90 |
| Cuba | 90 |
| Panama | 91 |
| Venezuela | 91 |
| Guyana and Venezuela | 92 |
| Honduras | 92 |
| Bolivia | 92 |
| Ecuador | 92 |
| III. DEVELOPMENT, SOCIAL AND HUMAN RIGHTS ISSUES | 93 |
| Introduction | 93 |
| Current global crises, in particular the world financial and economic crisis | 95 |
| Africa | 97 |
| Least Developed Countries, Landlocked Developing Countries, and Small Island Developing States | 98 |
| Food Security | 99 |
| Middle Income Developing Countries | 101 |
| Low Income Developing Countries | 102 |
| Trade | 102 |
| South-South Cooperation | 104 |
| International Migration and Development | 106 |
| Water | 109 |
| Biological Diversity | 109 |
| The Dead Sea | 110 |
| The Caribbean Sea | 110 |
| Lake Chad and the River Niger | 110 |
| Energy | 111 |
| Climate Change | 112 |

| | |
|---|-----|
| Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms | 113 |
| Racism, Racial Discrimination and Slavery | 120 |
| International Humanitarian Law | 121 |
| Humanitarian Assistance | 123 |
| Information and Communication Technology | 124 |
| Advancement of Women | 126 |
| Indigenous Peoples | 129 |
| Illiteracy | 130 |
| Health, HIV/AIDS, Malaria, Tuberculosis and other communicable diseases | 130 |
| Transnational Organised Crime | 132 |
| Trafficking in Persons | 133 |
| Drug Trafficking | 134 |
| Corruption | 135 |
| Annexes | |
| I. Member Countries of the Non-Aligned Movement (As of 16 July 2009) | 137 |
| II. The Founding Principles of the Non-Aligned Movement | 138 |
| III. The Principles enshrined in the Declaration on the Purposes and Principles and the Role of the Non-Aligned Movement in the Present International Juncture adopted in the 14th NAM Summit in Havana | 139 |

Chagos Archipelago

213 The Heads of State and Government *reaffirmed* that Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, is an integral part of the sovereign territory of the Republic of Mauritius. They noted that the former colonial power, the United Kingdom, and Mauritius held a first round of talks on the Chagos Archipelago issue in January 2009, and welcomed the initiative to pursue the dialogue through other rounds of talks. They called on the United Kingdom to expedite the process with a view to enable Mauritius to exercise its sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago.



General Assembly Security Council

Distr.: General
7 July 2011

Original: English

General Assembly Sixty-fifth session

Agenda items 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 36, 37, 38, 40, 41, 42, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 73, 74, 76, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 128, 131, 133, 134, 135, 136, 143 and 162

Report of the Economic and Social Council

Implementation of the Declaration of Commitment on HIV/AIDS and the Political Declaration on HIV/AIDS

Sport for peace and development

2001-2010: Decade to Roll Back Malaria in Developing Countries, Particularly in Africa

Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields

Global Agenda for Dialogue among Civilizations

Culture of peace

Information and communications technologies for development

Macroeconomic policy questions

Follow-up to and implementation of the outcome of the 2002 International Conference on Financing for Development and the 2008 Review Conference

Sustainable development

Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and strengthening of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat)

Globalization and interdependence

Security Council Sixty-sixth year



Groups of countries in special situations

Eradication of poverty and other development issues

Operational activities for development: operational activities for development of the United Nations system

Agriculture development and food security

Social development

Advancement of women

Report of the Security Council

Report of the Peacebuilding Commission

Elimination of unilateral extraterritorial coercive economic measures as a means of political and economic compulsion

Prevention of armed conflict

The situation in the Middle East

Question of Palestine

The situation in Afghanistan

Question of the Comorian island of Mayotte

Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba

The situation in Central America: progress in fashioning a region of peace, freedom, democracy and development

Armed Israeli aggression against the Iraqi nuclear installations and its grave consequences for the established international system concerning the peaceful uses of nuclear energy, the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons and international peace and security

Consequences of the Iraqi occupation of and aggression against Kuwait

Effects of atomic radiation

International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space

United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East

Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories

Comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects

Questions relating to information

Permanent sovereignty of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and of the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan over their natural resources

Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions

New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support

Report of the Human Rights Council

Promotion and protection of the rights of children

Indigenous issues

Elimination of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance

Right of peoples to self-determination

Promotion and protection of human rights

Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance

Report of the International Court of Justice

Report of the International Criminal Court

Oceans and the law of the sea

Criminal accountability of United Nations officials and experts on mission

Status of the Protocols Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and relating to the protection of victims of armed conflicts

Consideration of effective measures to enhance the protection, security and safety of diplomatic and consular missions and representatives

Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization

The rule of law at the national and international levels

The scope and application of the principle of universal jurisdiction

Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency

Reduction of military budgets

African Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone Treaty

Consolidation of the regime established by the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (Treaty of Tlatelolco)

Maintenance of international security — good-neighbourliness, stability and development in South-Eastern Europe

Developments in the field of information and telecommunications in the context of international security

Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East

Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons

Prevention of an arms race in outer space

Role of science and technology in the context of international security and disarmament

General and complete disarmament

Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly

Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session

The risk of nuclear proliferation in the Middle East

Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects

Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region

Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty

Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction

Crime prevention and criminal justice

International drug control

Measures to eliminate international terrorism

Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization

Report of the Secretary-General on the Peacebuilding Fund

Admission of new Members to the United Nations
Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit
Follow-up to the commemoration of the two-hundredth anniversary of the abolition of the transatlantic slave trade
Implementation of the resolutions of the United Nations
Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly
Question of equitable representation on and increase in the membership of the Security Council and related matters
Strengthening of the United Nations system
Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations
Improving the financial situation of the United Nations
Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations
Human resources management
Joint Inspection Unit
United Nations common system
Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations
Follow-up to the high-level meeting held on 24 September 2010: revitalizing the work of the Conference on Disarmament and taking forward multilateral disarmament negotiations

Letter dated 29 June 2011 from the Permanent Representative of Egypt to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit to you, in my capacity as Chair of the Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Movement, the outcome documents of the sixteenth Ministerial Conference of the Non-Aligned Movement, held in Bali, from 23 to 27 May 2011, as follows:

Final Document (annex I)

Bali Commemorative Declaration on the fiftieth anniversary of the establishment of the Non-Aligned Movement (annex II)

Declaration on Palestinian political prisoners (annex III)

Declaration on Palestine (annex IV)

Statement on the total elimination of nuclear weapons (annex V).

I kindly request that the present letter and its annexes be issued and circulated as a document of the sixty-fifth session of the General Assembly under agenda items 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33,

36, 37, 38, 40, 41, 42, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 73, 74, 76, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 128, 131, 133, 134, 135, 136, 143 and 162, as well as official documents of the Security Council.

(Signed) Maged A. **Abdelaziz**
Ambassador and Permanent Representative

Annex I



**XVI Ministerial Conference and
Commemorative Meeting
of the Non-Aligned Movement**
Bali – Indonesia
23 – 27 May 2011

Final Document

**FINAL DOCUMENT
TABLE OF CONTENTS**

| | |
|---|----------|
| General Assembly | 1 |
| Sixty-fifth session | 1 |
| Report of the Economic and Social Council..... | 1 |
| Implementation of the Declaration of Commitment on HIV/AIDS and the Political Declaration on HIV/AIDS | 1 |
| Sport for peace and development | 1 |
| 2001-2010: Decade to Roll Back Malaria in Developing Countries, Particularly in Africa. 1 | 1 |
| Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields | 1 |
| Global Agenda for Dialogue among Civilizations | 1 |
| Culture of peace | 1 |
| Information and communications technologies for development | 1 |
| Macroeconomic policy questions..... | 1 |
| Follow-up to and implementation of the outcome of the 2002 International Conference on Financing for Development and the 2008 Review Conference | 1 |
| Sustainable development..... | 1 |
| Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and strengthening of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat) | 1 |
| Globalization and interdependence | 1 |
| Groups of countries in special situations..... | 2 |
| Eradication of poverty and other development issues | 2 |
| Operational activities for development: operational activities for development of the United Nations system..... | 2 |
| Agriculture development and food security | 2 |
| Social development | 2 |
| Advancement of women | 2 |
| Report of the Security Council..... | 2 |
| Report of the Peacebuilding Commission | 2 |
| Elimination of unilateral extraterritorial coercive economic measures as a means of political and economic compulsion..... | 2 |
| Prevention of armed conflict | 2 |
| The situation in the Middle East | 2 |
| Question of Palestine | 2 |
| The situation in Afghanistan | 2 |
| Question of the Comorian island of Mayotte | 2 |
| Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba | 2 |
| The situation in Central America: progress in fashioning a region of peace, freedom, democracy and development..... | 2 |
| Armed Israeli aggression against the Iraqi nuclear installations and its grave consequences for the established international system concerning the peaceful uses of nuclear energy, the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons and international peace and security | 2 |
| Consequences of the Iraqi occupation of and aggression against Kuwait | 2 |
| Effects of atomic radiation | 2 |
| International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space | 2 |
| United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East..... | 2 |
| Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories..... | 2 |

| | |
|--|----------|
| Comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects | 2 |
| Questions relating to information | 3 |
| Security Council | 1 |
| Sixty-sixth year | 1 |
| Permanent sovereignty of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and of the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan over their natural resources | 3 |
| Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions | 3 |
| New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support | 3 |
| Report of the Human Rights Council | 3 |
| Promotion and protection of the rights of children | 3 |
| Indigenous issues | 3 |
| Elimination of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance | 3 |
| Right of peoples to self-determination | 3 |
| Promotion and protection of human rights | 3 |
| Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance | 3 |
| Report of the International Court of Justice | 3 |
| Report of the International Criminal Court | 3 |
| Oceans and the law of the sea | 3 |
| Criminal accountability of United Nations officials and experts on mission | 3 |
| Status of the Protocols Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and relating to the protection of victims of armed conflicts | 3 |
| Consideration of effective measures to enhance the protection, security and safety of diplomatic and consular missions and representatives | 3 |
| Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization | 3 |
| The rule of law at the national and international levels | 3 |
| The scope and application of the principle of universal jurisdiction | 3 |
| Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency | 3 |
| Reduction of military budgets | 3 |
| African Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone Treaty | 4 |
| Consolidation of the regime established by the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (Treaty of Tlatelolco) | 4 |
| Maintenance of international security — good-neighbourliness, stability and development in South-Eastern Europe | 4 |
| Developments in the field of information and telecommunications in the context of international security | 4 |
| Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East | 4 |
| Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons | 4 |
| Prevention of an arms race in outer space | 4 |
| Role of science and technology in the context of international security and disarmament 4 | |
| General and complete disarmament | 4 |
| Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly | 4 |
| Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session | 4 |

| | |
|---|-----------|
| The risk of nuclear proliferation in the Middle East | 4 |
| Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects | 4 |
| Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region | 4 |
| Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty | 4 |
| Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction | 4 |
| Crime prevention and criminal justice | 4 |
| International drug control | 4 |
| Measures to eliminate international terrorism | 4 |
| Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization | 4 |
| Report of the Secretary-General on the Peacebuilding Fund | 4 |
| Admission of new Members to the United Nations | 5 |
| Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit | 5 |
| Follow-up to the commemoration of the two-hundredth anniversary of the abolition of the transatlantic slave trade | 5 |
| Implementation of the resolutions of the United Nations | 5 |
| Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly | 5 |
| Question of equitable representation on and increase in the membership of the Security Council and related matters | 5 |
| Strengthening of the United Nations system | 5 |
| Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations | 5 |
| Improving the financial situation of the United Nations | 5 |
| Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations | 5 |
| Human resources management | 5 |
| Joint Inspection Unit | 5 |
| United Nations common system | 5 |
| Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations | 5 |
| Follow-up to the high-level meeting held on 24 September 2010: revitalizing the work of the Conference on Disarmament and taking forward multilateral disarmament negotiations | 5 |
| Letter dated 29 June 2011 from the Permanent Representative of Egypt to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General | 5 |
| Annex I | 7 |
| CHAPTER I: GLOBAL ISSUES | 12 |
| <i>Review of the International Situation</i> | 12 |
| <i>Non-Aligned Movement: Role and Methods of Work</i> | 14 |

Chagos Archipelago

260. The Ministers reaffirmed that the Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, which was unlawfully excised by the former colonial power from the territory of Mauritius in violation of UN Resolutions 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960 and 2066 (XX) of 16 December 1965, forms an integral part of the territory of the Republic of Mauritius.

261. The Ministers further noted with grave concern that despite the strong opposition expressed by the Republic of Mauritius, the United Kingdom purported to establish a 'Marine Protected Area' around the Chagos Archipelago, further impeding the exercise of the sovereignty and territorial integrity of the Republic of Mauritius over the Chagos Archipelago in accordance with UN General Assembly resolution 2066(XX) as well as the right of return of Mauritian citizens who were forcibly removed from the Archipelago by the United Kingdom.

262. Cognizant that the Government of the Republic of Mauritius is committed to taking all appropriate measures to protect the legitimate rights of the Republic of Mauritius under international law with regard to its sovereignty and territorial integrity over the Chagos Archipelago, the Ministers resolved to fully support such measures including any action that may be taken in this regard at the United Nations General Assembly.



General Assembly Security Council

Distr.: General
16 October 2012

Original: English

General Assembly Sixty-seventh session

Agenda items 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 73, 75, 76, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 107, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 121, 124, 128, 130, 131, 132, 135, 139, 141, 143, 145, 146, 160, 165

Report of the Economic and Social Council

Return or restitution of cultural property to the countries of origin

Implementation of the Declaration of Commitment on HIV/AIDS and the Political Declaration on HIV/AIDS

Sport for peace and development

2001-2010: Decade to Roll Back Malaria in Developing Countries, Particularly in Africa

Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields

Culture of peace

The role of the United Nations in promoting a new global human order

Information and communication technologies for development

Macroeconomic policy questions

Follow-up to and implementation of the outcome of the 2002 International Conference on Financing for Development and the 2008 Review Conference

Sustainable development

Security Council Sixty-seventh year



Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and strengthening of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat)

Globalization and interdependence

Groups of countries in special situations

Eradication of poverty and other development issues

Operational activities for development

Agriculture development and food security

Social development

Advancement of women

People's empowerment and a peace-centric development model

Report of the Security Council

Report of the Peacebuilding Commission

Prevention of armed conflict

The situation in the Middle East

Question of Palestine

The situation in Afghanistan

The situation in the occupied territories of Azerbaijan

Question of the Comorian island of Mayotte

Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba

The situation in Central America: progress in fashioning a region of peace, freedom, democracy and development

Question of the Falkland Islands (Malvinas)

The situation of democracy and human rights in Haiti

Armed Israeli aggression against the Iraqi nuclear installations and its grave consequences for the established international system concerning the peaceful uses of nuclear energy, the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons and international peace and security

Consequences of the Iraqi occupation of and aggression against Kuwait

University for Peace

Effects of atomic radiation

International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space

United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East

Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories

Comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects

Questions relating to information

Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples

Permanent sovereignty of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and of the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan over their natural resources

Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions

New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support

Report of the Human Rights Council

Promotion and protection of the rights of children

Rights of indigenous peoples

Elimination of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance

Right of peoples to self-determination

Promotion and protection of human rights

Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance

Report of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991

Oceans and the law of the sea

Criminal accountability of United Nations officials and experts on mission

Status of the Protocols Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and relating to the protection of victims of armed conflicts

Consideration of effective measures to enhance the protection, security and safety of diplomatic and consular missions and representatives

Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization

The rule of law at the national and international levels

The scope and application of the principle of universal jurisdiction

Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency

Reduction of military budgets

African Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone Treaty

Maintenance of international security — good-neighbourliness, stability and development in South-Eastern Europe

Developments in the field of information and telecommunications in the context of international security

Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East

Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons

Prevention of an arms race in outer space

Role of science and technology in the context of international security and disarmament

General and complete disarmament

Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly

Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session

The risk of nuclear proliferation in the Middle East

Convention on the Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects

Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region

Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty

Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction

Revitalizing the work of the Conference on Disarmament and taking forward multilateral disarmament negotiations

Crime prevention and criminal justice

International drug control

Measures to eliminate international terrorism

Report of the Secretary-General on the Fund

Elections to fill vacancies in principal organs

Elections to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other elections

Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments

Admission of new Members to the United Nations

Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit

Follow-up to the commemoration of the two-hundredth anniversary of the abolition of the transatlantic slave trade

Implementation of the resolutions of the United Nations

Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly

Question of equitable representation on and increase in the membership of the Security Council and related matters

Strengthening of the United Nations system

United Nations reform: measures and proposals

Cooperation between the United Nations and regional and other organizations

International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994

Financial reports and audited financial statements, and reports of the Board of Auditors

Programme budget for the biennium 2012-2013

Programme planning

Improving the financial situation of the United Nations

Human resources management

Administrative and budgetary coordination of the United Nations with the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency

Administration of justice at the United Nations

Financing of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991

Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of United Nations peacekeeping operations

Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations

Financing of the United Nations Mission in the Sudan

Report of the Committee on Relations with the Host Country

Letter dated 8 October 2012 from the Permanent Representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit to you, in my capacity as Chair of the Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Movement, the outcome documents of the Sixteenth Conference of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries, held in Tehran from 26 to 31 August 2012, as follows:

- (a) Final Document (annex I)
- (b) Solidarity Declaration on Palestine (annex II)

- (c) Declaration on Palestine Political Prisoners (annex III)
- (d) Tehran Declaration (annex IV).

It would be appreciated if the present letter and its annexes could be circulated as a document of the sixty-seventh session of the General Assembly, under agenda items 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 73, 75, 76, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 107, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 121, 124, 128, 130, 131, 132, 135, 139, 141, 143, 145, 146, 160 and 165, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Mohammad **Khazae**
Ambassador
Permanent Representative
Islamic Republic of Iran

**Annexes to the letter dated 8 October 2012 from the
Permanent Representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran
to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General**

**Sixteenth Conference of Heads of State or Government of
Non-Aligned Countries, Tehran, 26-31 August 2012**

Annex I

Final Document

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | <i>Page</i> |
|--|-------------|
| INTRODUCTION | 12 |
| CHAPTER I: GLOBAL ISSUES | 13 |
| <i>Review of the International Situation</i> | 13 |
| <i>Non-Aligned Movement: Role and Methods of Work</i> | 15 |
| <i>International Law</i> | 20 |
| <i>Promotion and Preservation of Multilateralism</i> | 24 |
| <i>Peaceful Settlement of Disputes, and Non-Use or Threat of Use of Force</i> | 28 |
| <i>Culture of Peace, Dialogue among Civilizations, Religions and Cultures, and Cultural Diversity</i> | 29 |
| <i>Defamation of Religions</i> | 33 |
| <i>Right to Self-Determination and Decolonization</i> | 34 |
| <i>United Nations: Follow-up to the 2005 World Summit Outcome, the Millennium Declaration and the Outcomes of the Major United Nations Summits and Conferences</i> | 37 |
| <i>United Nations: Institutional Reform</i> | 40 |
| A. <i>Reform of the United Nations</i> | 40 |
| B. <i>Relationship among the Principal Organs of the United Nations</i> | 45 |
| C. <i>Revitalization of the Work of the General Assembly</i> | 46 |
| D. <i>Selection and Appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations</i> | 49 |
| E. <i>Question of Equitable Representation on and Increase in the Membership of the Security Council, and other Matters Related to the Security Council</i> | 49 |
| F. <i>Strengthening of the Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC)</i> | 53 |
| G. <i>The Human Rights Council</i> | 54 |
| H. <i>Post-Conflict Peacebuilding Activities and the Peacebuilding Commission (PBC)</i> .. | 57 |
| I. <i>United Nations Secretariat and Management Reform</i> | 60 |

| | |
|---|-----|
| <i>J. United Nations System-wide Coherence</i> | 61 |
| <i>United Nations: Financial Situation and Arrangement</i> | 63 |
| <i>United Nations: Peacekeeping Operations</i> | 65 |
| <i>Disarmament and International Security</i> | 71 |
| <i>Terrorism</i> | 86 |
| <i>Democracy</i> | 91 |
| <i>North-South Dialogue and Cooperation</i> | 93 |
| <i>Role of Regional Organizations</i> | 94 |
| CHAPTER II: REGIONAL AND SUB-REGIONAL POLITICAL ISSUES | 96 |
| <i>Middle East</i> | 96 |
| <i>Peace Process</i> | 96 |
| <i>Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem</i> | 97 |
| <i>Occupied Syrian Golan</i> | 103 |
| <i>Lebanon, the Remaining Occupied Lebanese Lands, and the Consequences of the Israeli Aggression against Lebanon</i> | 104 |
| Africa | 106 |
| <i>Chagos Archipelago</i> | 106 |
| <i>Libya</i> | 107 |
| <i>Somalia</i> | 107 |
| <i>The Sudan</i> | 109 |
| <i>The Great Lakes Region</i> | 110 |
| <i>Zimbabwe</i> | 111 |
| <i>Mali</i> | 111 |
| <i>Western Sahara</i> | 112 |
| <i>Comorian Island of Mayotte</i> | 112 |
| <i>Djibouti/Eritrea</i> | 113 |
| <i>Gulf of Guinea</i> | 113 |
| Asia | 113 |
| <i>Afghanistan</i> | 113 |
| <i>Iraq and Kuwait</i> | 116 |
| <i>Yemen</i> | 117 |
| <i>Southeast Asia</i> | 117 |
| <i>Syrian Arab Republic</i> | 119 |

| | |
|---|-----|
| <i>Latin America and the Caribbean</i> | 119 |
| <i>Community of Latin American and Caribbean States</i> | 120 |
| <i>Union of South American Nations (UNASUR)</i> | 120 |
| <i>First Summit of the Community of Latin American and Caribbean States</i> | 120 |
| <i>ALBA — TCP — PETROCARIBE</i> | 120 |
| <i>Summits of Arab and South American countries</i> | 121 |
| <i>Summits of Africa-South American Countries</i> | 121 |
| <i>Central America: a Mine-Free Zone</i> | 121 |
| <i>Zone of Peace: Gulf of Fonseca</i> | 121 |
| <i>Belize and Guatemala</i> | 121 |
| <i>Cuba</i> | 121 |
| <i>Panama</i> | 122 |
| <i>Venezuela</i> | 122 |
| <i>Guyana and Venezuela</i> | 123 |
| <i>Bolivia</i> | 123 |
| <i>Ecuador</i> | 124 |
| <i>Paraguay</i> | 124 |
| <i>Europe</i> | 124 |
| CHAPTER III: DEVELOPMENT, SOCIAL AND HUMAN RIGHTS ISSUES | 125 |
| <i>Introduction</i> | 125 |
| <i>Current global crises, in particular the world financial and economic crisis</i> | 128 |
| <i>Unemployment</i> | 131 |
| <i>Africa</i> | 131 |
| <i>Least Developed Countries, Landlocked Developing Countries, and Small Island Developing States</i> | 133 |
| <i>Middle Income Developing Countries</i> | 135 |
| <i>Low Income Developing Countries</i> | 136 |
| <i>Trade</i> | 136 |
| <i>South-South Cooperation</i> | 138 |
| <i>Food Security</i> | 142 |
| <i>International Migration and Development</i> | 145 |
| <i>Water</i> | 149 |
| <i>Desertification</i> | 149 |
| <i>Biological Diversity</i> | 150 |

| | |
|---|-----|
| <i>The Dead Sea</i> | 152 |
| <i>The Caribbean Sea</i> | 152 |
| <i>Illegal Fishing and Dumping of Toxic and Hazardous Waste</i> | 152 |
| <i>Lake Chad and the River Niger</i> | 152 |
| <i>Energy</i> | 153 |
| <i>Climate Change</i> | 154 |
| <i>Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms</i> | 156 |
| <i>Racism, Racial Discrimination and Slavery</i> | 164 |
| <i>International Humanitarian Law</i> | 166 |
| <i>Humanitarian Assistance</i> | 167 |
| <i>Information and Communication Technology</i> | 169 |
| <i>Advancement of Women</i> | 172 |
| <i>Indigenous Peoples</i> | 174 |
| <i>Illiteracy</i> | 175 |
| <i>Health, HIV/AIDS, Malaria, Tuberculosis and other communicable diseases</i> | 176 |
| <i>Transnational Organized Crime</i> | 179 |
| <i>Trafficking in Persons</i> | 180 |
| <i>Drug Trafficking</i> | 182 |
| <i>Corruption</i> | 183 |
| <i>Appendix I: Member Countries of the Non-Aligned Movement (120)</i> | 185 |
| <i>Appendix II: The Founding Principles of the Non-Aligned Movement</i> | 186 |
| <i>Appendix III: The Principles enshrined in the Declaration on the Purposes and Principles and the Role of the Non-Aligned Movement in the Present International Juncture adopted in the 14th NAM Summit in Havana</i> | 187 |

Chagos Archipelago

289. The Heads of State or Government *reaffirmed* that the Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, which was unlawfully excised by the former colonial power from the territory of Mauritius in violation of international law and UN Resolutions 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960 and 2066 (XX) of 16 December 1965, forms an integral part of the territory of the Republic of Mauritius.

290. The Heads of State or Government further *noted* with grave concern that despite the strong opposition expressed by the Republic of Mauritius, the United Kingdom purported to establish a marine protected area around the Chagos Archipelago, further infringing upon the territorial integrity of the Republic of Mauritius and impeding the exercise of its sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago as well as the exercise of the right of return of Mauritian citizens who were forcibly removed from the Archipelago by the United Kingdom.

291. Cognizant that the Government of the Republic of Mauritius is committed to taking all appropriate measures to affirm the territorial integrity of the Republic of Mauritius and its sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago under international law, the Heads of State or Government *resolved* to fully support such measures including any action that may be taken in this regard at the United Nations General Assembly.



General Assembly Security Council

Distr.: General
19 August 2014

Original: English

General Assembly Sixty-eighth session

Agenda items 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 73, 75, 76, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 107, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 121, 124, 128, 130, 131, 132, 135, 139, 141, 143, 145, 146, 160 and 165

Report of the Economic and Social Council

Implementation of the Declaration of Commitment on HIV/AIDS and the Political Declaration on HIV/AIDS

Sport for peace and development: building a peaceful and better world through sport and the Olympic ideal

Global road safety crisis

2001-2010: Decade to Roll Back Malaria in Developing Countries, Particularly in Africa

Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields

Culture of peace

Information and communication technologies for development

Macroeconomic policy questions

Follow-up to and implementation of the outcome of the 2002 International Conference on Financing for Development and the 2008 Review Conference

Sustainable development

Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and strengthening of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat)

Security Council Sixty-ninth year



Globalization and interdependence

Groups of countries in special situations

Eradication of poverty and other development issues

Operational activities for development

Agriculture development, food security and nutrition

Towards global partnerships

Social development

Advancement of women

Report of the Security Council

Report of the Peacebuilding Commission

Support by the United Nations system of the efforts of Governments to promote and consolidate new or restored democracies

The role of diamonds in fuelling conflict

The situation in the Middle East

Question of Palestine

The situation in Afghanistan

The situation in the occupied territories of Azerbaijan

Question of the Comorian island of Mayotte

Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba

The situation in Central America: progress in fashioning a region of peace, freedom, democracy and development

Question of Cyprus

The situation of democracy and human rights in Haiti

Armed Israeli aggression against the Iraqi nuclear installations and its grave consequences for the established international system concerning the peaceful uses of nuclear energy, the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons and international peace and security

Consequences of the Iraqi occupation of and aggression against Kuwait

Assistance in mine action

Effects of atomic radiation

International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space

**United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine
Refugees in the Near East**

**Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli
Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian
People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories**

**Comprehensive review of the whole question of
peacekeeping operations in all their aspects**

Comprehensive review of special political missions

Questions relating to information

**Permanent sovereignty of the Palestinian people
in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including
East Jerusalem, and of the Arab population in the
occupied Syrian Golan over their natural resources**

**Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for
Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and
displaced persons and humanitarian questions**

**New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in
implementation and international support**

Report of the Human Rights Council

Promotion and protection of the rights of children

Rights of indigenous peoples

**Elimination of racism and racial discrimination,
xenophobia and related intolerance**

Right of peoples to self-determination

Promotion and protection of human rights

**Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and
disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including
special economic assistance**

**Report of the International Criminal Tribunal for the
Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and
Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian
Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan
Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such
Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring
States between 1 January and 31 December 1994**

Report of the International Criminal Court

Oceans and the law of the sea

**United Nations Programme of Assistance in the Teaching,
Study, Dissemination and Wider Appreciation of
International Law**

Report of the International Law Commission on the work of its sixty-third and sixty-fifth sessions

Diplomatic protection

Consideration of prevention of transboundary harm from hazardous activities and allocation of loss in the case of such harm

Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization

The rule of law at the national and international levels

The scope and application of the principle of universal jurisdiction

The law of transboundary aquifers

Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency

Reduction of military budgets

Implementation of the Declaration of the Indian Ocean as a Zone of Peace

African Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone Treaty

Consolidation of the regime established by the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (Treaty of Tlatelolco)

Review of the implementation of the Declaration on the Strengthening of International Security

Developments in the field of information and telecommunications in the context of international security

Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East

Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons

Prevention of an arms race in outer space

Role of science and technology in the context of international security and disarmament

General and complete disarmament

Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly

Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session

The risk of nuclear proliferation in the Middle East

Convention on the Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects

Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region

Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty

Revitalizing the work of the Conference on Disarmament and taking forward multilateral disarmament negotiations

International drug control

Measures to eliminate international terrorism

Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization

Report of the Secretary-General on the Peacebuilding Fund

Notification by the Secretary-General under Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Charter of the United Nations

Elections to fill vacancies in principal organs

Elections to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other elections

Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments

Admission of new Members to the United Nations

Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit

The United Nations Global Counter-Terrorism Strategy

Implementation of the resolutions of the United Nations

Strengthening of the United Nations system

International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994

International Residual Mechanism for Criminal Tribunals

Financial reports and audited financial statements, and reports of the Board of Auditors

Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations

Programme planning

Human resources management

United Nations common system

Administration of justice at the United Nations

**Financing of the International Tribunal for the
Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations
of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the
Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991**

**Financing of the International Residual Mechanism
for Criminal Tribunals**

Financing of the United Nations Mission in South Sudan

**Financing of the activities arising from Security Council
resolution 1863 (2009)**

**Letter dated 1 August 2014 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of
the Permanent Mission of the Islamic Republic of Iran to the
United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General**

I have the honour to transmit to you, in my capacity as Chair of the Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Movement, the outcome documents of the seventeenth Ministerial Conference of the Non-Aligned Movement, held in Algiers, on 28 and 29 May 2014, as follows:

Algiers Final Document (annex I)

Algiers Declaration on "Enhanced solidarity for peace and prosperity" (annex II)

Declaration of the Non-Aligned Movement Committee on the Palestine Ministerial Meeting (annex III)

Declaration on nuclear disarmament (annex IV)

Declaration on information and communications technologies (annex V)

Decision on modalities related to the institutional memory of the Non-Aligned Movement (annex VI)

I should be grateful if the present letter and its annexes could be circulated as a document of the sixty-eighth session of the General Assembly, under agenda items 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 73, 75, 76, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 107, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 121, 124, 128, 130, 131, 132, 135, 139, 141, 143, 145, 146, 160, 165, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Gholamhossein **Dehghani**
Ambassador
Chargé d'affaires a.i.

Annex I



XVII MINISTERIAL CONFERENCE OF THE NON-ALIGNED MOVEMENT

**Algiers, Algeria
26-29 May 2014**

FINAL DOCUMENT

Contents

| | <i>Page</i> |
|--|-------------|
| INTRODUCTION | 12 |
| CHAPTER I | |
| GLOBAL ISSUES | 13 |
| <i>Review of the International Situation</i> | 13 |
| <i>Non-Aligned Movement: Role and Methods of Work</i> | 15 |
| <i>International Law</i> | 19 |
| <i>Promotion and Preservation of Multilateralism</i> | 23 |
| <i>Peaceful Settlement of Disputes, and Non-Use or Threat of Use of Force</i> | 27 |
| <i>Culture of Peace, Dialogue among Civilizations, Religions and Cultures, and Cultural Diversity</i> | 29 |
| <i>Defamation of Religions</i> | 34 |
| <i>Right to Self-Determination and Decolonization</i> | 35 |
| <i>United Nations: Follow-up to the 2005 World Summit Outcome, the Millennium Declaration and the Outcomes of the Major United Nations Summits and Conferences</i> ... | 37 |
| <i>United Nations: Institutional Reform</i> | 42 |
| A. Reform of the United Nations | 42 |
| B. Relationship among the Principal Organs of the United Nations | 47 |
| C. Revitalization of the Work of the General Assembly | 49 |
| D. Selection and Appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations | 51 |
| E. Question of Equitable Representation on and Increase in the Membership of the Security Council, and other Matters Related to the Security Council | 52 |
| F. Strengthening of the Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) | 56 |
| G. The Human Rights Council | 56 |
| H. Post-Conflict Peacebuilding Activities and the Peacebuilding Commission (PBC) .. | 60 |
| I. United Nations Secretariat and Management Reform | 63 |
| J. United Nations System-wide Coherence | 65 |
| <i>United Nations: Financial Situation and Arrangement</i> | 67 |
| <i>United Nations: Peacekeeping Operations</i> | 69 |
| <i>Disarmament and International Security</i> | 75 |
| <i>Terrorism</i> | 93 |
| <i>Democracy</i> | 99 |
| <i>North-South Dialogue and Cooperation</i> | 101 |
| <i>Role of Regional Organizations</i> | 102 |

| | |
|---|------------|
| CHAPTER II | |
| REGIONAL AND SUB-REGIONAL POLITICAL ISSUES | 104 |
| <i>Middle East</i> | 104 |
| Peace Process | 104 |
| Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem | 105 |
| Occupied Syrian Golan | 112 |
| Lebanon, the Remaining Occupied Lebanese Lands, and the Consequences of the Israeli Aggression against Lebanon | 113 |
| <i>Africa</i> | 115 |
| Chagos Archipelago | 115 |
| Libya | 116 |
| Tunisia | 116 |
| Somalia | 116 |
| The Sudan | 119 |
| Central African Republic | 120 |
| The Great Lakes Region | 120 |
| Zimbabwe | 121 |
| Mali | 121 |
| Western Sahara | 122 |
| Comorian Island of Mayotte | 123 |
| Djibouti/Eritrea | 123 |
| Gulf of Guinea | 123 |
| <i>Asia</i> | 124 |
| Afghanistan | 124 |
| Iraq and Kuwait | 127 |
| Yemen | 127 |
| Southeast Asia | 127 |
| Syrian Arab Republic | 130 |
| <i>Latin America and the Caribbean</i> | 131 |
| Community of Latin American and Caribbean States | 131 |
| Union of South American Nations (UNASUR) | 132 |
| ALBA — TCP — PETROCARIBE | 132 |
| Summits of Arab and South American countries | 132 |
| Summits of Africa-South American Countries | 132 |

| | |
|---|------------|
| Central America: a Mine-Free Zone | 133 |
| Zone of Peace: Gulf of Fonseca | 133 |
| Belize and Guatemala | 133 |
| Cuba | 133 |
| Panama | 134 |
| Venezuela | 134 |
| Guyana and Venezuela | 135 |
| Bolivia | 135 |
| Ecuador | 136 |
| Paraguay | 136 |
| <i>Europe</i> | 136 |
| CHAPTER III | |
| DEVELOPMENT, SOCIAL AND HUMAN RIGHTS ISSUES | 138 |
| <i>Introduction</i> | 138 |
| <i>Current global crises, in particular the world financial and economic crisis</i> | 142 |
| <i>Unemployment</i> | 145 |
| <i>Africa</i> | 145 |
| <i>Least Developed Countries, Landlocked Developing Countries, and Small Island Developing States</i> | 147 |
| <i>Middle Income Countries</i> | 150 |
| <i>Low Income Developing Countries</i> | 151 |
| <i>Trade</i> | 151 |
| <i>South-South Cooperation</i> | 154 |
| <i>Food Security</i> | 159 |
| <i>International Migration and Development</i> | 163 |
| <i>Water</i> | 167 |
| <i>Desertification</i> | 168 |
| <i>Biological Diversity</i> | 169 |
| <i>The Dead Sea</i> | 171 |
| <i>The Caribbean Sea</i> | 171 |
| <i>Illegal Fishing and Dumping of Toxic and Hazardous Waste</i> | 172 |
| <i>Lake Chad and the River Niger</i> | 172 |
| <i>Energy</i> | 172 |
| <i>Climate Change</i> | 174 |

| | |
|--|-----|
| <i>Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms</i> | 177 |
| <i>Racism, Racial Discrimination and Slavery</i> | 186 |
| <i>International Humanitarian Law</i> | 188 |
| <i>Humanitarian Assistance</i> | 190 |
| <i>Information and Communication Technology</i> | 192 |
| <i>Advancement of Women</i> | 195 |
| <i>Indigenous Peoples</i> | 198 |
| <i>Illiteracy</i> | 200 |
| <i>Health, HIV/AIDS, Malaria, Tuberculosis and other communicable diseases as well as NCDs</i> | 200 |
| <i>Transnational Organized Crime</i> | 203 |
| <i>Trafficking in Persons</i> | 206 |
| <i>Drug Trafficking</i> | 208 |
| <i>Corruption</i> | 209 |
| The Post-2015 Development Agenda | 210 |
| Annex I | |
| Member Countries of the Non-Aligned Movement (120) | 211 |
| Annex II | |
| The Founding Principles of the Non-Aligned Movement | 213 |
| Annex III | |
| The Principles enshrined in the Declaration on the Purposes and Principles and the Role of the Non-Aligned Movement in the Present International Juncture adopted in the 4th NAM Summit in Havana | 214 |

Chagos Archipelago

307. The Ministers *reaffirmed* that the Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, which was unlawfully excised by the former colonial power from the territory of Mauritius in violation of international law and UN Resolutions 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960 and 2066 (XX) of 16 December 1965, forms an integral part of the territory of the Republic of Mauritius.

308. The Ministers further *noted* with grave concern that despite the strong opposition expressed by the Republic of Mauritius, the United Kingdom purported to establish a marine protected area around the Chagos Archipelago, further infringing the territorial integrity of the Republic of Mauritius and impeding the exercise of its sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago as well as the exercise of the right of return of Mauritian citizens who were forcibly removed from the Archipelago by the United Kingdom.

309. Cognizant that the Government of the Republic of Mauritius is committed to taking all appropriate measures to affirm the territorial integrity of the Republic of Mauritius and its sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago under international law, the Ministers *resolved* to fully support such measures including any action that may be taken in this regard at the United Nations General Assembly.



United Nations Conference on Trade and Development

Distr.: General
23 April 2012

Original: English

Thirteenth session

Doha, Qatar
21–26 April 2012

Ministerial Declaration of the Group of 77 and China on the occasion of UNCTAD XIII

The road to Doha: A world of constancy; a world of change

1. We, the Ministers of the member States of the Group of 77 and China, met in Doha, Qatar, on the occasion of the thirteenth United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD). We express our appreciation and gratitude to the State of Qatar and its people for the excellent organization and hosting the Ministerial Meeting and the warm hospitality that has been bestowed on us in the city of Doha since our arrival.
2. We also express our appreciation to the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development for the secretariat's continued support extended to the Group, which has enhanced our effectiveness, especially the Geneva Chapter. There is an organic and symbiotic link between UNCTAD and the Group of 77 and China, and we look forward to the continuing strengthening of this bond. We reaffirm our commitment to strengthen our ability as a Group to collectively promote our interests.
3. We also reaffirm the central role of UNCTAD as the focal point within the United Nations for the integrated treatment of trade and development and interrelated issues in the areas of finance, technology, investment and sustainable development. UNCTAD is pre-eminently placed to respond to the current and emerging *global* challenges facing developing countries. We call for the strengthening of UNCTAD's three pillars; research and analysis, consensus-building, and technical cooperation, as well as the intergovernmental machinery. We underscore the need of further enhancing the role of the United Nations in international economic and financial governance, and its centrality on the global development agenda.

From Doha to the future: Towards more effective approaches to development

20. We reaffirm the need to find a peaceful solution to the sovereignty issues facing developing countries, including among others the disputes over Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, which was unlawfully excised from the territory of Mauritius in violation of international law and United Nations General Assembly resolution 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960 and 2066 (XX) of 16 December 1965. Failure to resolve these decolonization and sovereignty issues would seriously damage and undermine the development and economic capacities and prospects of developing countries.



General Assembly

Distr.: General
19 October 2012

Original: English

Sixty-seventh session

Agenda items 9, 11, 14, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 36, 37, 41, 45, 57, 61, 63, 68, 70, 75, 113, 116, 118, 119, 129, 131, 132, 134, 135 and 145

Report of the Economic and Social Council

Implementation of the Declaration of Commitment on HIV/AIDS and the Political Declarations on HIV/AIDS

Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields

Macroeconomic policy questions

Follow-up to and implementation of the outcome of the 2002 International Conference on Financing for Development and the 2008 Review Conference

Sustainable development

Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and strengthening of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat)

Globalization and interdependence

Groups of countries in special situations

Eradication of poverty and other development issues

Operational activities for development

Agriculture development and food security

Social development

Advancement of women

The situation in the Middle East

Question of Palestine

Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba

Question of the Falkland Islands (Malvinas)

12-55867 (E) 071112



Please recycle 



Economic and other activities which affect the interests of the peoples of the Non-Self-Governing Territories

Permanent sovereignty of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and of the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan over their natural resources

New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support

Right of peoples to self-determination

Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance

Oceans and the law of the sea

Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit

Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly

Strengthening of the United Nations system

United Nations reform: measures and proposals

Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations

Programme planning

Improving the financial situation of the United Nations

Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations

Human resources management

Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of United Nations peacekeeping operations

Letter dated 10 October 2012 from the Permanent Representative of Algeria to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit herewith the Ministerial Declaration adopted at the thirty-sixth annual meeting of the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the Group of 77, held at United Nations Headquarters in New York on 28 September 2012 (see annex).

On behalf of the Group of 77 and China, I would appreciate if the present letter and its annex could be circulated as a document of the sixty-seventh of the General Assembly under agenda items 9, 11, 14, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 36, 37, 41, 45, 57, 61, 63, 68, 70, 75, 113, 116, 118, 119, 129, 131, 132, 134, 135 and 145.

(Signed) Mourad **Benmehidi**
Ambassador and Permanent Representative of Algeria
to the United Nations
Chairman of the Group of 77

Annex to the letter dated 10 October 2012 from the Permanent Representative of Algeria to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Ministerial Declaration adopted at the thirty-sixth annual meeting of the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the Group of 77

New York, 28 September 2012

The Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the Member States of the Group of 77 and China met at United Nations Headquarters in New York on 28 September 2012 on the occasion of their thirty-sixth annual meeting. The Ministers reviewed the world economic situation and the development challenges faced by developing countries and adopted the following Declaration:

114. The Ministers reaffirm the need to find a peaceful solution to the sovereignty issues facing developing countries, including among others the dispute over Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, which was unlawfully excised from the

territory of Mauritius in violation of international law and United Nations General Assembly resolutions 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960 and 2066 (XX) of 16 December 1965. Failure to resolve these decolonization and sovereignty issues would seriously damage and undermine the development and economic capacities and prospects of developing countries.



General Assembly

Distr.: General
15 November 2013

Original: English

Sixty-eighth session

Agenda items 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28, 35, 36, 40, 44, 57, 61, 63, 66, 68, 70, 76, 118, 124, 125, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 141, 142 and 143

Report of the Economic and Social Council

Implementation of the Declaration of Commitment on HIV/AIDS and the Political Declarations on HIV/AIDS

2001-2010: Decade to Roll Back Malaria in Developing Countries, Particularly in Africa

Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields

Culture of peace

Information and communications technologies for development

Macroeconomic policy questions

Follow-up to and implementation of the outcome of the 2002 International Conference on Financing for Development and the 2008 Review Conference

Sustainable development

Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and strengthening of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat)

Globalization and interdependence

Groups of countries in special situations

Eradication of poverty and other development issues

Operational activities for development

Agriculture development, food security and nutrition

Social development

Advancement of women

The situation in the Middle East

13-56651 (E) 031213



Please recycle 



Question of Palestine

Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba

Question of the Falkland Islands (Malvinas)

Economic and other activities which affect the interests of the peoples of the Non-Self-Governing Territories

Permanent sovereignty of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and of the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan over their natural resources

New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support

Rights of indigenous peoples

Right of peoples to self-determination

Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance

Oceans and the law of the sea

Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit

Strengthening of the United Nations system

United Nations reform: measures and proposals

Financial reports and audited financial statements, and reports of the Board of Auditors

Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations

Programme budget for the biennium 2012-2013

Proposed programme budget for the biennium 2014-2015

Programme planning

Improving the financial situation of the United Nations

Pattern of conferences

Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations

Human resources management

United Nations common system

Report on the activities of the Office of Internal Oversight Services

Administration of justice at the United Nations

Letter dated 25 October 2013 from the Permanent Representative of Fiji to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit herewith the Ministerial Declaration adopted at the thirty-seventh annual meeting of Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the States Members of the Group of 77, held at United Nations Headquarters in New York on 26 September 2013 (see annex).

On behalf of the Group of 77 and China, I would appreciate if the present letter and its annex could be circulated as a document of the sixty-eighth session of the General Assembly under agenda items 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28, 35, 36, 40, 44, 57, 61, 63, 66, 68, 70, 76, 118, 124, 125, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 141, 142 and 143.

(Signed) Peter **Thomson**
Ambassador and Permanent Representative
of Fiji to the United Nations
Chair of the Group of 77

Annex to the letter dated 25 October 2013 from the Permanent Representative of Fiji to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Ministerial Declaration adopted at the thirty-seventh annual meeting of the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the States Members of the Group of 77

New York, 26 September 2013

The Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the Member States of the Group of 77 and China met at United Nations Headquarters in New York on 26 September 2013 on the occasion of their thirty-seventh annual meeting. The Ministers reviewed the world economic situation and the development challenges faced by developing countries and adopted the following Declaration:

141. The Ministers reaffirmed the need to find a peaceful solution to the sovereignty issues facing developing countries, including, among others, the dispute over the Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, which was unlawfully excised from the territory of Mauritius in violation of international law and General Assembly resolutions 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960 and 2066 (XX) of 16 December 1965. Failure to resolve these decolonization and sovereignty issues would seriously damage and undermine the development and economic capacities and prospects of developing countries.



General Assembly

Distr.: General
7 October 2014

Original: English

Sixty-ninth session

Agenda items 9, 13, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 30, 35, 36, 40, 44, 60, 62, 67, 68, 77, 115, 120, 121, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136 and 137

Report of the Economic and Social Council

Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields

Macroeconomic policy questions

Follow-up to and implementation of the outcome of the 2002 International Conference on Financing for Development and the 2008 Review Conference

Sustainable development

Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and strengthening of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat)

Globalization and interdependence

Groups of countries in special situations

Eradication of poverty and other development issues

Operational activities for development

Agriculture development, food security and nutrition

Advancement of women

Elimination of unilateral extraterritorial coercive economic measures as a means of political and economic compulsion

The situation in the Middle East

Question of Palestine

Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba

Question of the Falkland Islands (Malvinas)

* Reissued for technical reasons on 18 November 2014.

14-62191* (E) 191114



Please recycle 



Permanent sovereignty of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and of the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan over their natural resources

New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support

Right of peoples to self-determination

Promotion and protection of human rights

United Nations Programme of Assistance in the Teaching, Study, Dissemination and Wider Appreciation of International Law

Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit

Strengthening of the United Nations system

United Nations reform: measures and proposals

Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations

Programme budget for the biennium 2014-2015

Programme planning

Improving the financial situation of the United Nations

Pattern of conferences

Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations

Human resources management

Letter dated 30 September 2014 from the Permanent Representative of the Plurinational State of Bolivia to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit herewith the Ministerial Declaration adopted at the thirty-eighth annual meeting of Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the States members of the Group of 77, held at United Nations Headquarters in New York on 26 September 2014 (see annex).

On behalf of the Group of 77 and China, I would appreciate if the present letter and its annex could be circulated as a document of the General Assembly, under agenda items 9, 13, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 30, 35, 36, 40, 44, 60, 62, 67, 68, 77, 115, 120, 121, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136 and 137.

(Signed) Sacha Sergio **Llorenty Solíz**
Ambassador and Permanent Representative of the
Plurinational State of Bolivia to the United Nations
Chair of the Group of 77

**Annex to the letter dated 30 September 2014 from the
Permanent Representative of the Plurinational State of Bolivia
to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General**

**Ministerial Declaration adopted at the thirty-eighth annual
meeting of the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the States members
of the Group of 77**

New York, 26 September 2014

1. The Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the Group of 77 and China met in New York on 26 September 2014 for the thirty-eighth annual meeting of Ministers, under the chairmanship of the Plurinational State of Bolivia.

45. The Ministers reaffirmed the need to find a peaceful solution to the sovereignty issues facing developing countries, including the dispute over the Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, which was unlawfully excised by the United Kingdom from the territory of Mauritius prior to independence, in violation of international law and General Assembly resolutions 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960 and 2066 (XX) of 16 December 1965. Failure to resolve these decolonization and sovereignty issues would seriously damage and undermine the development and economic capacities and prospects of developing countries. In this regard, they noted with great concern that despite strong opposition from Mauritius, the United

Kingdom had purported to establish a “marine protected area” around the Chagos Archipelago, which contravened international law and further impeded the exercise by Mauritius of its sovereign rights over the archipelago and the right of return of Mauritius citizens who had been forcibly removed from the archipelago by the United Kingdom.



General Assembly

Distr.: General
8 October 2015

Original: English

Seventieth session

Agenda items 9, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 37, 38, 42, 46, 66, 69, 70, 71, 73, 79, 82, 108, 116, 122, 123, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 138 and 148

Report of the Economic and Social Council

Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields

Information and communications technologies for development

Macroeconomic policy questions

Follow-up to and implementation of the outcomes of the International Conferences on Financing for Development

Sustainable development

Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and strengthening of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat)

Globalization and interdependence

Groups of countries in special situations

Eradication of poverty and other development issues

Operational activities for development

Agriculture development, food security and nutrition

Social development

Advancement of women

The situation in the Middle East

Question of Palestine

Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba

Question of the Falkland Islands (Malvinas)

15-17457 (E) 231015



Please recycle



New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support

Rights of indigenous peoples

Elimination of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance

Right of peoples to self-determination

Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance

Oceans and the law of the sea

United Nations Programme of Assistance in the Teaching, Study, Dissemination and Wider Appreciation of International Law

Measures to eliminate international terrorism

Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit

Strengthening of the United Nations system

United Nations reform: measures and proposals

Financial reports and audited financial statements, and reports of the Board of Auditors

Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations

Programme budget for the biennium 2014-2015

Proposed programme budget for the biennium 2016-2017

Programme planning

Improving the financial situation of the United Nations

Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations

Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations

Letter dated 6 October 2015 from the Permanent Representative of South Africa to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit herewith the Ministerial Declaration adopted at the thirty-ninth annual meeting of Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the States members of the Group of 77, held at United Nations Headquarters in New York on 24 September 2015 (see annex).

On behalf of the Group of 77 and China, I would appreciate if the present letter and its annex could be circulated as a document of the General Assembly,

under agenda items 9, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 37, 38, 42, 46, 66, 69, 70, 71, 73, 79, 82, 108, 116, 122, 123, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 138 and 148.

(Signed) Kingsley J. N. **Mamabolo**
Ambassador and Permanent Representative
of South Africa to the United Nations
Chair of the Group of 77

Annex to the letter dated 6 October 2015 from the Permanent Representative of South Africa to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Ministerial Declaration adopted at the thirty-ninth annual meeting of Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the States members of the Group of 77

New York, 24 September 2015

The Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the States members of the Group of 77 and China met at United Nations Headquarters in New York on 24 September 2015 on the occasion of their thirty-ninth annual meeting. The Ministers reviewed the world economic situation, the recent developments in the world and the particular challenges faced by developing countries. They adopted the following Declaration:

103. The Ministers reaffirmed the need to find a peaceful solution to the sovereignty issues facing developing countries, including the dispute over the Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, which was unlawfully excised by the United Kingdom from the territory of Mauritius, prior to independence, in violation of international law and General Assembly resolutions 1514 (XV) of 14 December 1960 and 2066 (XX) of 16 December 1965. Failure to resolve these decolonization and sovereignty issues would seriously damage and undermine the development and economic capacities and prospects of developing countries. In this regard, the Ministers note with great concern that, despite strong opposition from Mauritius, the United Kingdom purported to establish a “marine protected area” around the Chagos Archipelago, which contravenes international law and further impedes the exercise by Mauritius of its sovereign rights over the archipelago and the right of return of Mauritius citizens who were forcibly removed from the archipelago by the United Kingdom.



United Nations Conference on Trade and Development

Distr.: General
19 July 2016

Original: English

Fourteenth session

Nairobi

17–22 July 2016

Ministerial Declaration of the Group of 77 and China to UNCTAD XIV

From decisions to actions

We, the Ministers of the Member States of the Group of 77 and China, meeting in Nairobi on the occasion of the fourteenth session of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD XIV),

Express our appreciation and gratitude to the Government and people of Kenya for hosting the ministerial meeting, and for the warm hospitality and the excellent organization from which we have benefited since our arrival,

Reaffirm our support for the outcomes of previous UNCTAD ministerial conferences, in particular, the Doha Mandate of 2012 and the Accra Accord of 2008,

Also reaffirm previous declarations of the Group of 77 and China; in particular, the declaration emanating from our ministerial meeting held in Doha on the margins of UNCTAD XIII in 2012, and the Ministerial Declaration of the thirty-ninth Annual Meeting of Ministers for Foreign Affairs held in New York in 2015, as well as the declaration “For a new world order for living well” adopted by the Summit of Heads of State and Government on the occasion of the fiftieth anniversary of the Group of 77 in Santa Cruz, Bolivia, in 2014,

Welcome all decisions made at the international level in 2015 that underscore the crucial role of the United Nations in sustainable development and in enhancing international economic and financial governance, in particular, the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, the Addis Ababa Action Agenda, the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction, the Paris Agreement¹ under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change, as well as the decisions reached at the Tenth Ministerial Conference of the World Trade Organization (WTO),

¹ The Republic of Nicaragua is not a party to the Paris Agreement.

GE.16-12455(E)



* 1 6 1 2 4 5 5 *

Please recycle The universal recycling symbol, consisting of three chasing arrows forming a triangle.



Reaffirm the importance of the implementation of the Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries for the Decade 2011–2020 (Istanbul Programme of Action), the Vienna Programme of Action for Landlocked Developing Countries for the Decade 2014–2024 (Vienna Programme of Action) and the Small Island Developing States Accelerated Modalities of Action (SAMOA) Pathway, as well as Agenda 2063 of the African Union and the New Partnership for Africa’s Development,

Underscore the importance of public–private partnerships for infrastructure development and ask UNCTAD to take note in its work of the outcome documents of the other United Nations bodies in this regard,

We must now focus on moving from decisions to actions

In this regard:

46. We reaffirm the need to find a peaceful solution to the decolonization and sovereignty issues affecting developing countries, recognizing that failure to resolve these issues will seriously damage and undermine the development and economic capacities and prospects of these countries. In this context, recalling the concerns expressed by the Summit of Heads of State and Government and the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the Group of 77 and China in their previous declarations regarding the dispute over the Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, which was unlawfully excised by the United Kingdom from the territory of Mauritius prior to independence, and the “marine protected area” that was declared by the United Kingdom around the Chagos Archipelago, we take note of the ruling of the Arbitral Tribunal in the case brought by Mauritius against the United Kingdom under the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea that the “marine protected area” was unlawfully established under international law.



General Assembly

Distr.: General
5 October 2016

Original: English

Seventy-first session

Agenda items 9, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 34, 35, 39, 43, 49, 53, 58, 59, 60, 62, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 73, 77, 87, 117, 121, 123, 124, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 144, 145, 146, 148 and 149

Report of the Economic and Social Council

Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields

Information and communications technologies for development

Macroeconomic policy questions

Follow-up to and implementation of the outcomes of the International Conferences on Financing for Development

Sustainable development

Implementation of the outcomes of the United Nations Conferences on Human Settlements and on Housing and Sustainable Urban Development and strengthening of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat)

Globalization and interdependence

Groups of countries in special situations

Eradication of poverty and other development issues

Operational activities for development

Agriculture development, food security and nutrition

Social development

Advancement of women

The situation in the Middle East

Question of Palestine

Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba

Question of the Falkland Islands (Malvinas)

16-17245 (E) 271016



Please recycle



**United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees
in the Near East**

Questions relating to information

**Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of
Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples**

**Permanent sovereignty of the Palestinian people in the
Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and
of the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan over their
natural resources**

**Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees,
questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons
and humanitarian questions**

**New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in
implementation and international support**

Rights of indigenous peoples

**Elimination of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and
related intolerance**

Right of peoples to self-determination

Promotion and protection of human rights

**Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster
relief assistance of the United Nations, including special
economic assistance**

Oceans and the law of the sea

**United Nations Programme of Assistance in the Teaching,
Study, Dissemination and Wider Appreciation of
International Law**

**Request for an advisory opinion of the International Court of
Justice on the legal consequences of the separation of the
Chagos Archipelago from Mauritius in 1965**

Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit

Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly

Strengthening of the United Nations system

United Nations reform: measures and proposals

**Global awareness of the tragedies of irregular migrants in the
Mediterranean basin, with specific emphasis on Syrian
asylum seekers**

**Financial reports and audited financial statements, and reports
of the Board of Auditors**

**Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial
functioning of the United Nations**

Programme budget for the biennium 2016-2017**Programme planning****Improving the financial situation of the United Nations****Pattern of conferences****Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations****Human resources management****Joint Inspection Unit****United Nations common system****United Nations pension system****Report on the activities of the Office of Internal Oversight Services****Administration of justice at the United Nations****Financing of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994****Financing of the International Residual Mechanism for Criminal Tribunals****Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations****Letter dated 29 September 2016 from the Permanent Representative of Thailand to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General**

I have the honour to transmit herewith the Ministerial Declaration adopted at the fortieth annual meeting of Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the States members of the Group of 77, held at Headquarters in New York on 23 September 2016 (see annex).

On behalf of the Group of 77 and China, I would appreciate it if the present letter and its annex could be circulated as a document of the General Assembly, under agenda items 9, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 34, 35, 39, 43, 49, 53, 58, 59, 60, 62, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 73, 77, 87, 117, 121, 123, 124, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 144, 145, 146, 148 and 149.

(Signed) Virachai Plasai
Ambassador

Permanent Representative of Thailand to the United Nations
Chair of the Group of 77

Annex to the letter dated 29 September 2016 from the Permanent Representative of Thailand to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Ministerial Declaration adopted at the fortieth annual meeting of Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the States members of the Group of 77

New York, 23 September 2016

The Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the States members of the Group of 77 and China met at Headquarters in New York on 23 September 2016 on the occasion of their fortieth annual meeting. The Ministers reviewed the world economic situation, the recent developments in the world and the particular challenges faced by developing countries in the economic, social and environmental areas and adopted the following Declaration:

149. The Ministers reaffirmed the need to find a peaceful solution to the sovereignty issues facing developing countries, including the dispute over the Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia, that had been unlawfully excised by the United Kingdom from the territory of Mauritius prior to independence, in violation of international law and General Assembly resolutions 1514 (XV) and 2066 (XX). Failure to resolve those decolonization and sovereignty issues would seriously damage and undermine the development and economic capacities and prospects of developing countries. Ministers noted with great concern that, notwithstanding the strong opposition of Mauritius, the United Kingdom purported to establish a “marine protected area” around the Chagos Archipelago, which would contravene international law and further impede the exercise by Mauritius of its sovereign rights over the archipelago and the right of return of Mauritius citizens who had been forcibly removed from the archipelago by the United Kingdom. In that regard, they noted the ruling of the arbitral tribunal in the case brought by Mauritius against the United Kingdom under the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea that the “marine protected area” had been unlawfully established under international law. The Ministers resolved to support Mauritius in its endeavour to affirm its territorial integrity and sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago.

150. The Ministers also took note of the concern expressed by Maldives regarding the legal and technical issues arising from the illegal decision of the United Kingdom in 2010 to declare a “marine protected area” in the Chagos Archipelago that overlapped with the exclusive economic zone of Maldives, as declared in its Constitution, without prejudice to the future resolution of maritime delimitations.



General Assembly Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

A/43/893 ✓
S/20297
28 November 1988
ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: ENGLISH/RUSSIAN

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Forty-third session

Agenda items 23, 30, 36, 37, 40, 53, 59,
63, 64, 68, 72 and 73

THE SITUATION IN KAMPUCHEA

THE SITUATION IN AFGHANISTAN AND ITS
IMPLICATIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACE
AND SECURITY

POLICIES OF APARTHEID OF THE GOVERNMENT
OF SOUTH AFRICA

QUESTION OF PALESTINE

THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

URGENT NEED FOR A COMPREHENSIVE NUCLEAR-
TEST-BAN TREATY

PREVENTION OF AN ARMS RACE IN OUTER SPACE
CHEMICAL AND BACTERIOLOGICAL (BIOLOGICAL)
WEAPONS

GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION OF THE
INDIAN OCEAN AS A ZONE OF PEACE

REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
DECLARATION ON THE STRENGTHENING OF
INTERNATIONAL SECURITY

COMPREHENSIVE SYSTEM OF INTERNATIONAL
PEACE AND SECURITY

SECURITY COUNCIL

Forty-third year

Letter dated 25 November 1988 from the Permanent Representatives
of India and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to the
United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

We have the honour to forward the text of the Indo-Soviet summit statement signed on 20 November 1988, at New Delhi, by His Excellency Rajiv Gandhi, Prime Minister of India and His Excellency Mikhail Gorbachev, General Secretary of the

A/43/893
S/20297
English
Page 2

Communist Party of the Soviet Union and Chairman of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

We request that the text of the present letter and the attached statement be circulated as an official document of the General Assembly, under agenda items 23, 30, 36, 37, 40, 53, 59, 63, 64, 68, 72 and 73, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) C. R. GHAREKHAN
Permanent Representative of
India to the United Nations

(Signed) Aleksandr M. BELONOGOV
Permanent Representative of the Union
of Soviet Socialist Republics to the
United Nations

ANNEX

Indo-Soviet summit statement signed at New Delhi on 20 November 1988 by
the Prime Minister of India and the General Secretary of the Communist
Party of the Soviet Union, Chairman of the Presidium of the Supreme
Soviet of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics

A/43/893
S/20297
English
Page 4

India and the Soviet Union reaffirm their determination to pursue their
endeavour to attain the objectives embodied in the 1971 United Nations Declaration

/...

of the Indian Ocean as a Zone of Peace. They call for the dismantling of all foreign military bases and for preventing the creation of new ones, and condemn attempts to build up foreign military presence in the Indian Ocean. They urge the early convening of an international conference on the Indian Ocean, not later than 1990, in accordance with the latest General Assembly resolution.

The two States reiterate their support for the just demand of Mauritius relating to the restoration of its sovereignty over the Chagos Archipelago, including Diego Garcia.

A/43/893
S/20297
English
Page 7

R. GANDHI
Prime Minister of
the Republic of India

M. GORBACHEV
General Secretary of the Central
Committee of the CPSU, Chairman
of the Presidium of the Supreme
Soviet of the USSR
